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(*Source: Annual Administrative Reports 2017-2018)
GENERAL INFORMATION, NAGALAND

NAGALAND PROFILE

Total area - 16,579 Sq. Km.
State capital - Kohima (1,444.12 m above sea level)
Population - 19,78,502 persons (Census 2011)
Density of population - 119 per Sq. Km.
Sex ratio - 931 F : 1000 M
Literacy rate - 79.55%
a) Male - 82.75% 
b) Female - 76.11%
Biggest village - Kohima village
Official language - English
Average rainfall - 2500 mm
Highest peak - Saramati peak, Kiphire district (3840 m)
Main rivers - Dhansiri, Doyang, Dikhu, Tizu, Lanye
Railway Head & Airport - Dimapur
Commercial centre - Dimapur

Districts with HQs:

12 Districts:
1) Kohima 5) Wokha 9) Peren
2) Mokokchung 6) Zunheboto 10) Longleng
3) Tuensang 7) Phek 11) Kiphire
4) Mon 8) Dimapur 12) Noklak

Seasons:
a) Heavy rain - May to August
b) Occasional - September to October
c) Dry season - November to April
State boundaries:
East - Myanmar & Arunachal Pradesh
West - Assam
North - Assam & Arunachal Pradesh
South - Manipur.

Recognised Tribes of Nagaland:

List of Scheduled Tribes:
1) Garo 4) Mikir
2) Kachari 5) Naga
3) Kuki

Recognised Naga Tribes:
1) Angami 6) Konyak 11) Sangtam
2) Ao 7) Lotha 12) Sumi
3) Chakhesang 8) Phom 13) Yimchungre
4) Chang 9) Pochury 14) Zeliang
5) Khiamniungan 10) Rengma
**DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION, SEX RATIO, DENSITY, LITERACY RATE: 2011 (Source: Census 2011)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/District</th>
<th>Total Population 1000 males</th>
<th>Sex Ratio (Females per males)</th>
<th>Density (Per Sq. Km.)</th>
<th>Literacy Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>* Nagaland</td>
<td>1,978,502</td>
<td>931</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>79.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1) Mon</td>
<td>250,260</td>
<td>899</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>56.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Mokokchung</td>
<td>194,622</td>
<td>925</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>91.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Zunheboto</td>
<td>140,757</td>
<td>976</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>85.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Wokha</td>
<td>166,343</td>
<td>968</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>87.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Dimapur</td>
<td>378,811</td>
<td>919</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>84.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Phek</td>
<td>163,418</td>
<td>951</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>78.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7) Tuensang</td>
<td>196,596</td>
<td>929</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>73.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Longleng</td>
<td>50,484</td>
<td>905</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>72.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9) Kiphire</td>
<td>74,004</td>
<td>956</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>69.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10) Kohima</td>
<td>267,988</td>
<td>928</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>85.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11) Peren</td>
<td>95,219</td>
<td>915</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>77.95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ALTITUDES OF IMPORTANT TOWNS/PEAKS (in metres above sea level)**

1) Mount Saramati    3,840.00  14) Tuensang    1,371.60  
2) Mount Japfü       3,015.60  15) Sangsangyu  1,371.60  
3) Pfütsero           2,133.00  16) Mokokchung  1,325.08  
4) Tokiye             2,042.26  17) Wokha       1,313.69  
5) Zunheboto          1,874.22  18) Longleng    1,066.30  
6) Shamatore          1,691.64  19) Wakching    1,031.14  
7) Longkhim           1,676.40  20) Changtongya 954.4  
8) Kikruma            1,642.87  21) Mangkolemba 914.40  

8
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tribe</th>
<th>Festival</th>
<th>Month</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Angami</td>
<td>Sekrenyi</td>
<td>February 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Ao</td>
<td>Moatsu</td>
<td>May 1st Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Chakhesang</td>
<td>Sökrönye</td>
<td>January 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tsükhenyë</td>
<td>April 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Chang</td>
<td>Naknyulem</td>
<td>July 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Khiamniungan</td>
<td>Tsoküm</td>
<td>October 1st Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Kuki</td>
<td>Mimkut</td>
<td>January 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7) Konyak</td>
<td>Aoleang Monyu</td>
<td>April 1-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Kachari</td>
<td>Bishu</td>
<td>January 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9) Lotha</td>
<td>Tokhu Emong</td>
<td>November 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10) Phom</td>
<td>Monyu</td>
<td>April 1st Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11) Pochury</td>
<td>Yemshe</td>
<td>October 1st Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12) Rengma</td>
<td>Ngada</td>
<td>November Last Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13) Sumi</td>
<td>Tuluni</td>
<td>July 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14) Sangtam</td>
<td>Mongmong</td>
<td>September 1st Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15) Yimchunger</td>
<td>Medümneo</td>
<td>August 4-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16) Zeliang</td>
<td>Meileingi</td>
<td>March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Langsimngi</td>
<td>October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chegagadi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### GOVERNORS OF NAGALAND

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gen. S. M. Srinagesh (Retd.)</td>
<td>13.01.1961</td>
<td>06.08.1962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Interim period)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1) Mr. Vishnu Sahay</td>
<td>01.12.1963</td>
<td>16.04.1968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Mr. B. K. Nehru</td>
<td>17.04.1968</td>
<td>18.09.1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Justice P. K. Goswami</td>
<td>08.12.1970</td>
<td>04.01.1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Acting)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Mr. B. K. Nehru</td>
<td>05.01.1971</td>
<td>18.09.1973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Mr. L. P. Singh</td>
<td>19.09.1973</td>
<td>09.08.1981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Mr. S. M. H. Burney</td>
<td>10.08.1981</td>
<td>12.06.1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Dr. Gopal Singh</td>
<td>20.07.1989</td>
<td>03.05.1990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9) Mr. Chintamani Panigrahi</td>
<td>04.05.1990</td>
<td>08.05.1990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Acting)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10) Dr. M. M. Thomas</td>
<td>09.05.1990</td>
<td>12.04.1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11) Mr. Lok Nath Mishra</td>
<td>13.04.1992</td>
<td>01.10.1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13) Mr. O. N. Shrivastava</td>
<td>05.08.1994</td>
<td>11.11.1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14) Mr. Om Prakash Sharma</td>
<td>12.11.1996</td>
<td>27.01.2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15) Mr. Shyamal Datta</td>
<td>28.01.2002</td>
<td>02.02.2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16) Mr. Sankaranarayanan</td>
<td>03.02.2007</td>
<td>27.07.2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18) Mr. Nikhil Kumar</td>
<td>15.10.2009</td>
<td>20.03.2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19) Dr. Ashwani Kumar</td>
<td>21.03.2013</td>
<td>01.07.2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20) Mr. K. K. Paul</td>
<td>02.07.2014</td>
<td>18.07.2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21) Mr. P. B. Acharya</td>
<td>19.07.2014</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CHIEF MINISTERS OF NAGALAND

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief Executive Councillor (Interim body)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. P. Shilu Ao</td>
<td>18.02.1961</td>
<td>24.02.1964</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chief Ministers:
1) Mr. P. Shilu Ao  25.02.1964 - 14.08.1966
2) Mr. T. N. Angami  14.08.1966 - 22.02.1969
4) Mr. Vizol  26.02.1974 - 10.03.1975
5) Mr. J. B. Jasokie  10.03.1975 - 20.03.1975
6) Mr. Vizol  20.03.1975 - 18.04.1980
7) Mr. S. C. Jamir  18.04.1980 - 04.06.1980
8) Mr. J. B. Jasokie  04.06.1980 - 16.11.1982
10) Mr. Hokishe Sema  28.10.1986 - 22.11.1987
11) Mr. Hokishe Sema  22.11.1987 - 06.08.1988
12) Mr. S. C. Jamir  06.08.1988 - 15.05.1990
13) Mr. K. L. Chishi  15.05.1990 - 16.06.1990
14) Mr. Vamuzo  16.06.1990 - 02.04.1992
15) Mr. S. C. Jamir  02.04.1992 - 05.03.1998
16) Mr. S. C. Jamir  05.03.1998 - 05.03.2003
17) Mr. Neiphiu Rio  05.03.2003 - 03.01.2008
18) Mr. Neiphiu Rio  03.01.2008 - 04.03.2013
19) Mr. Neiphiu Rio  04.03.2013 - 23.05.2014
20) Mr. T. R. Zeliang  23.05.2014 - 19.02.2017
21) Dr. Shürhozelie Liezietsu  19.02.2017 - 18.07.2017
22) Mr. T. R. Zeliang  18.07.2017 - 07.03.2018
23) Mr. Neiphiu Rio  07.03.2018 -

CHIEF SECRETARIES OF NAGALAND

1) Mr. U. N. Sharma  01.12.1964 - 20.01.1967
4) Mr. H. Zopiangla  28.02.1973 - 29.04.1978
5) Mr. N. L. Jamir  29.04.1978 - 12.10.1980
6) Mr. Z. Obed  12.10.1980 - 12.12.1982
7) Mr. I Longkumer  12.12.1982 - 20.07.1987
8) Mr. T. C. K. Lotha
9) Mr. Dr. K.S.Puri
10) Mr. L. Colney
11) Mr. S. S. Ahluwalia
12) Mr. Abong Imlong
13) Mr. T. C. K. Lotha
14) Mr. L. Colney
15) Mr. A. M. Gokhale
16) Mr. R. S. Pandey
17) Mr. P. Talitemjen
18) Mr. Lalhuma
19) Mr. Lalthara
20) Mr. Alemtemshi Jamir
21) Ms. Banuo Z. Jamir
22) Mr. Toshi Aier
23) Mr. C. J. Ponraj
24) Mr. Pankaj Kumar
25) Mr. Temjen Toy

02.01.1990 - 23.08.1990
24.08.1990 - 19.09.1990
01.03.1997 - 30.06.1997
01.07.1997 - 05.06.2000
06.06.2000 - 06.07.2004
01.03.2006 - 30.04.2009
01.05.2009 - 31.12.2012
01.01.2013 - 31.01.2014
01.02.2014 - 30.09.2014
01.01.2015 - 28.02.2015
01.03.2015 - 17.03.2018
18.03.2018

GENERAL ELECTION/PRESIDENT’S RULE

1<sup>st</sup> General election - January 10-16, 1964
2<sup>nd</sup> General election - 06.02.1969
3<sup>rd</sup> General election - February 12-16, 1974
President’s Rule - 22.03.1975 upto 24.11.1977
4<sup>th</sup> General election - 18.11.1977
5<sup>th</sup> General election - 10.11.1982
6<sup>th</sup> General election - 18.11.1987
President’s Rule - 07.08.1988 upto 24.01.1989
7<sup>th</sup> General election - 21.01.1989
President’s Rule - 02.04.1992 upto 22.02.1993
8<sup>th</sup> General election - February 15-22, 1993
9<sup>th</sup> General election - 23.02.1998
10th General election - 26.02.2003
President's Rule - 03.01.2008 upto 12.03.2008
11th General election - 05.03.2008
12th General election - 23.02.2013
13th General election - 27.02.2018

ADMINISTRATIVE HEADQUARTERS IN NAGALAND
(Source: Commissioner's Office, Nagaland, Kohima)

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, KOHIMA:
1. Commissioner, Nagaland, Kohima
2. Joint Commissioner, Commissioner's Office Nagaland, Kohima
3. Deputy Commissioner HQ, Commissioner’s Office Nagaland, Kohima
4. Additional Deputy Commissioner – I & II HQ Commissioner’s Office, Kohima
5. Sub-Divisional Officer (C) HQ, Commissioner’s Office, Kohima

I. KOHIMA DISTRICT:
1. Deputy Commissioner, Kohima
2. A.D.C. Office, Tseminyu
3. A.D.C. Office, Chiephobozou
4. S.D.O. (C) Office, Jakhama
5. S.D.O. (C) Office, Sechü (Zubza)
6. E.A.C. HQ, Kezocha
7. E.A.C. HQ, Chongizun
8. E.A.C. HQ, Botsa
I. **MOKOKCHUNG DISTRICT:**
1. Deputy Commissioner, Mokokchung
2. A.D.C. Office, Tuli
3. A.D.C. Office, Mangkolemba
4. S.D.O. (C) Office, Changtongya
5. S.D.O. B/Magistrate, Tsurangkong
6. E.A.C. HQ, Merangmen
7. E.A.C. HQ, Alongkima
8. E.A.C. HQ, Longchem
9. E.A.C. HQ, Ongpangkong
10. E.A.C. HQ, Kubulong
11. E.A.C. HQ, Chuchuyimlang

III. **TUENSANG DISTRICT:**
12. Deputy Commissioner, Tuensang
13. A.D.C. Office, Noklak
14. A.D.C. Office, Shamator
15. A.D.C. Office, Longkhim
16. S.D.O. (C) Office, Noksen
17. S.D.O. (C) Office, Thonoknyu
18. S.D.O. (C) Office, Chessore
19. E.A.C. HQ, Panso
20. E.A.C. HQ, Chare
21. E.A.C. HQ, Tsurangto
22. E.A.C. HQ, Nokhu
23. E.A.C. HQ, Chingmei
24. E.A.C. HQ, Ngoungchung
25. E.A.C. HQ, Mangko
26. E.A.C. HQ, Satokur
27. E.A.C. HQ, Sangsangnyu
### IV. MON DISTRICT:

1. Deputy Commissioner, Mon
2. A.D.C. Office, Tobu
3. A.D.C. Office, Tizit
4. A.D.C. Office, Aboi
5. A.D.C. Office, Naginimora
6. S.D.O. (C) Office, Phomching
7. S.D.O. (C) Office, Wakching
8. S.D.O. (C) Office, Monyakhu
9. S.D.O. (C) Office, Chen
10. S.D.O. (C) Office, Angjangyang
11. S.D.O. (C) Office, Mopung
12. E.A.C. HQ, Hunta
13. E.A.C. HQ, Longshem
14. E.A.C. HQ, Shangyu
15. E.A.C. HQ, Longching

### V. PHEK DISTRICT:

1. Deputy Commissioner, Phek
2. A.D.C. Office, Pfütsero
3. A.D.C. Office, Meluri
4. A.D.C. Office, Chazouba
5. S.D.O. (C) Office, Chizami
6. E.A.C. HQ, Sakraba
7. E.A.C. HQ, Sekruzu
8. E.A.C. HQ, Phukongri
9. E.A.C. HQ, Khezhakeno
10. E.A.C. HQ, Chetheba
11. E.A.C. HQ, Khuza
12. E.A.C. HQ, Zuketsa
13. E.A.C. HQ, Phor
14. E.A.C. HQ, Razieba
15. E.A.C. HQ, Lephory

VI. WOKHA DISTRICT:
28. Deputy Commissioner, Wokha
29. A.D.C. Office, Bhandari
30. A.D.C. Office, DHEP
31. A.D.C. Office, Sanis
32. S.D.O. (C) Office, Ralan
33. E.A.C. HQ, Sungro
34. E.A.C. HQ, Baghyt
35. E.A.C. HQ, Aitepyong
36. E.A.C. HQ, Lotsu
37. E.A.C. HQ, Chukitong
38. E.A.C. HQ, Changpang
39. E.A.C. HQ, Wozhuro
40. E.A.C. HQ, Englan

VII. ZUNHEBOTO DISTRICT:
41. Deputy Commissioner, Zunheboto
42. A.D.C. Office, Pughoboto
43. A.D.C. Office, Aghunato
44. A.D.C. Office, Satakha
45. A.D.C. Office, Atoizu
46. A.D.C Office, Akuluto
47. S.D.O. (C) Office, Suruhuto
48. E.A.C. HQ, Asuto
49. E.A.C. HQ, Satoi
50. E.A.C. HQ, V.K
51. E.A.C. HQ, Ghatashi
52. E.A.C. HQ, Saptiqa
53. E.A.C. HQ, Akuhaito  
54. E.A.C. HQ, Hoshepu

VIII. **DIMAPUR DISTRICT:**
55. Deputy Commissioner, Dimapur  
56. A.D.C. Office, Nuland  
57. A.D.C. Office, Medziphema  
58. S.D.O.(C) Office, Dhansiripar  
59. S.D.O.(C) Office, Kuhuboto  
60. E.A.C. HQ, Nihokhu  
61. E.A.C. HQ, Seithekema  
62. E.A.C. HQ, Aquaqhnaqua

IX. **LONGLENG DISTRICT:**
63. Deputy Commissioner, Longleng  
64. A.D.C. Office, Tamlu  
65. E.A.C. HQ, Yongyah  
66. E.A.C. HQ, Sakshi  
67. E.A.C. HQ, Namsang  
68. E.A.C. HQ, Yachem

X. **KIPHIRE DISTRICT:**
69. Deputy Commissioner, Kiphire  
70. A.D.C. Office, Seyochung  
71. A.D.C. Office, Pungro  
72. E.A.C. HQ, Sitimi  
73. E.A.C. HQ, Longmatra  
74. E.A.C. HQ, Kiusam  
75. E.A.C. HQ, Amahator  
76. E.D.C. HQ, Kongsai
XI. PEREN DISTRICT:
77. Deputy Commissioner, Peren
78. A.D.C. Office, Tening
79. A.D.C. Office, Jalukie
80. S.D.O. (C), Athibung
81. E.A.C. HQ, Nsong
82. E.A.C. HQ, Ngwalwa
83. E.A.C. HQ, Khelma

Total no. of Deputy Commissioners (DC)- 11
Total no. of Additional Deputy Commissioners (ADC)- 29
Total no. of Sub-Departmental Officers (Civil) SDO (C)- 18
Total no. of Extra Assistant Commissioners (EAC) - 63

(Excluding Commissioner Office, Kohima, Nagaland)

IMPORTANT ROUTES WITH DISTANCE (In Kilometres)
DISTANCE FROM KOHIMA:
1. Kohima - Dimapur 74
2. Kohima - Mao 32
3. Kohima - Imphal 142
4. Kohima - Wokha 80
5. Kohima - Mokokchung via Wokha 152
6. Kohima - Zunheboto via Chazouba 150
7. Kohima - Amguri via Mariani 226
8. Kohima - Mokokchung via Jorhat & Tuli 345
9. Kohima - Tuli via Jorhat 270
10. Kohima - Jorhat 207
11. Kohima - Amguri via Jorhat 244
12. Kohima - Zunheboto via Yehimi 235
13. Kohima - Pfütsero 70
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<th>No.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>19</td>
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<td>Tuensang via Zunheboto</td>
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<td>Tuensang via Mokokchung</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Kiphire</td>
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<td>Jalukie</td>
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<td>Peren</td>
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<td>Shillong</td>
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<td>Kidima</td>
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**DISTANCE FROM MOKOKCHUNG:**

1. Mokokchung - Jorhat via Mariani 103
2. Mokokchung - Tuensang via Longsa 108
3. Mokokchung - Noksen via Longmisa 17
4. Mokokchung - Zunheboto 70
5. Mokokchung - Tuensang 115
6. Mokokchung - Changtongya 45
7. Mokokchung - Tuli 80
8. Mokokchung - Amguri 102
9. Mokokchung - Mon 210
10. Mokokchung - Wokha 80
11. Mokokchung - V. K. Maromi 32
12. Mokokchung - Mopungchuket 19
13. Mokokchung - Longjang 25
14. Mokokchung - Changki 39
15. Mokokchung - Longleng 80
16. Mokokchung - Mangkolemba 66
17. Mokokchung - Mariani 85

**DISTANCE FROM TUENSANG:**

1. Tuensang - Kohima via Mariani 390
2. Tuensang - Longsa 108
3. Tuensang - Kiphire 122
4. Tuensang - Chentang Saddle 28
5. Tuensang - Noksen via Longkhem 74
6. Tuensang - Longleng via Sakshi 75
7. Tuensang - Tobu 40
8. Tuensang - Changlangshu via Tobu 72
9. Tuensang - Chessore 42
10. Tuensang - Sowhoto 55
11. Tuensang - Tuli via Mokokchung 320
12. Tuensang - Noklak 56
13. Tuensang - Yakur/Sangphur 44
14. Tuensang - Sangsangnu 35
15. Tuensang - Shamatore 56
16. Tuensang - Chimonger 45
17. Tuensang - Ngoungchung 30
18. Tuensang - Chingmei 37
19. Tuensang - Tsadanger 51
20. Tuensang - Alisapor 62
21. Tuensang - Chare 65

**DISTANCE FROM DIMAPUR:**

1. Dimapur - Mokokchung 208
2. Dimapur - Heningkunglwa 37
3. Dimapur - Guwahati 292
4. Dimapur - Jorhat 133
5. Dimapur - Mon 280
6. Dimapur - Kohima via Khonoma 94
7. Dimapur - Imphal 216
8. Dimapur - Medziphema 30
9. Dimapur - Wokha 154
10. Dimapur - Jorhat via Mariani 174
11. Dimapur - Zunheboto 224
12. Dimapur - Peren 84
13. Dimapur - Phek 19
14. Dimapur - Lumding 100
15. Dimapur - Aghunato 266
16. Dimapur - Tuli 188
17. Dimapur - Athibung 90
18. Dimapur - Punglwa 50
19. Dimapur - Changtongya 232
20. Dimapur - Phek 219
21. Dimapur - Chuchuyimlang 248
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<td>- Longleng</td>
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<td>24.</td>
<td>- Tenning</td>
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<td>- Longchem</td>
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<td>- Kiphire</td>
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<td>- Tuensang</td>
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<td>- Pfütsero</td>
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<td>- Yanchumkimong</td>
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<td>- Alongkima</td>
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<td>- Naginimora</td>
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<td>38.</td>
<td>- Poilwa via Peren</td>
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<td>39.</td>
<td>- Tokughha village</td>
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**OTHER IMPORTANT ROUTES:**

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<td>Mon</td>
<td>- Champang</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>- Naginimora via Sonari &amp; Simulguri</td>
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<td>3.</td>
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<td>- Chen</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>- Wangching via Wakching</td>
<td>38</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mon</td>
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<td>- Sonari</td>
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<td>Mon</td>
<td>- Aboi</td>
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<td>- Tizit</td>
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<td>10.</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>- Longwa</td>
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</table>
11. Mon - Tobu 130
12. Mon - Monyakshu 126
13. Mon - S. Chingyu 47
14. Aboi - Sonari 101
15. Tobu - Changlangshu 32
16. Wokha - Lotsu 68
17. Wokha - Lakhuti 52
18. Wokha - Chukitong 14
19. Wokha - Yikhum 16
20. Wokha - Merapani 75
21. Wokha - Humtso & Elumyo 18
22. Wokha - Mekokla 72
23. Wokha - Englan 15
24. Wokha - Wozhuro 38
25. Wokha - N. Longidang 30
26. Wokha - Sungro/Pangti 88
27. Wokha - Elumyo 18
28. Kiphire - Sitimi 34
29. Kiphire - Akhegwo 54
30. Kiphire - Seyochung via Sitimi 80
31. Kiphire - Pungro 45
32. Kiphire - Khonjori 55
33. Meluri - Wazheho 73
34. Meluri - Dimapur 240
35. Meluri - Phokhungr 126
36. Meluri - Kiphire 74
37. Meluri - Phor 98
38. Meluri - Laluri 123
39. Meluri - Phokhungr 126
40. Zunheboto - Aghunato 5
41. Zunheboto - Akuluto 42
42. Zunheboto - Satakha 28
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<td>Amguri</td>
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**Basic Information:**

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<td>19,78,502</td>
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<td>Rural population</td>
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<td>Urban population</td>
<td>5,70,966</td>
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<td>Total farming household</td>
<td>2,50,360</td>
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<td>Total geographical area</td>
<td>16,579 Sq. Km.</td>
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<td>Total cultivable area</td>
<td>7,21,924 Ha</td>
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<td>Cross cropped area</td>
<td>4,47,060 Ha</td>
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<td>Double cropped area</td>
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<td>Net cropped area</td>
<td>3,39,200 Ha</td>
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<td>Cross irrigated area</td>
<td>1,25,010 Ha</td>
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<td>Net irrigated area</td>
<td>1,16,380 Ha</td>
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<td>Food grain production</td>
<td>735800 Mt (Anticipated)</td>
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<td>Oilseeds production</td>
<td>71490 Mt (Anticipated)</td>
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<td>Commercial production</td>
<td>478720 Mt (Anticipated)</td>
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<td>Food grain productivity</td>
<td>2182 Kg/ Ha</td>
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**Area, production and yield of crops:**

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<th>Target 2017-18</th>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Pulses</td>
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<td><strong>Food grains</strong></td>
<td>329.94</td>
<td>705.74</td>
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<td>68.08</td>
<td>70.39</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Commercial Crops</td>
<td>39.89</td>
<td>472.30</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>437.91</td>
<td>1248.43</td>
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25
- **Agriculture Census Scheme**: Conducted quinquennially (after every 5 years) on recommendation of the National Commission on Agriculture, the 10th series of Agriculture Census 2015-16 as reference year carried out during 2017.

- **Women Agriculture**: Implemented in 6 districts viz. Kohima, Dimapur, Kiphire, Longleng, Peren and Wokha.

- Activities carried out are farming activities, village based training poultry management, floriculture, preservation of fruits and vegetables, etc.

- **Agriculture Engineering**: 81 Agriculture link roads under Rural Infrastructure Development Fund tranche financed by NABARD provides motorable road connectivity to the agriculture produce areas with the major districts roads or the villages for further linkages with agriculture marketing outlets.

- **Modernization of Pest Management (SMPP)**: To minimize the use of hazardous chemical pesticides and to manage the insects pest and disease attack thereby increasing the crop production.

- Human Resource Development through Farmers Field School season long training programme, orientation training programme and refresher course.

- The construction of the State Pesticides Testing Laboratory at Medziphema is completed.

- **Sub-Mission of Seeds and Planting Material (SMSP)**: A sub-mission under National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology to supply certified seeds to farmers, to provide support for creation of infrastructure conducive for development of the seed sector, create dedicated seed bank to meet unforeseen circumstances of natural calamities, etc.

- 130 seed villages covered.
• Krishi Vigyan Kendra (KVK):
  ▶ Agent for transfer of latest technologies on different agriculture research and extension activities being developed at the research institutions, universities etc.
  ▶ 4 KVKs namely, Kohima, Mokokchung, Tuensang and Mon
  ▶ Demonstrate the activities to the farmers and extension workers of the State Department of Agriculture/Horticulture/Fishery/Animal Science and NGOs as well.
• National Mission on Oilseeds and Oil palm (NMOOP): Aims to boost the production of oilseeds in the country.
• Mini Mission 1 (Oilseeds): 8 annual oilseeds crops, which include 6 edible oil seeds (groundnuts, rapeseed & mustard, soya bean, sunflower, sesame) and 1 non edible oilseed (linseed).
• Mini Mission II, (Oil Palm): 1000 Ha is being targeted to be covered during the current financial year in the state.
• Soil Health Card Scheme:
  ▶ To help farmers to improve productivity through judicious use of inputs.
  ▶ The target for 2nd cycle of 1st year 2017-18 was allotted 12,498 soil samples.
  ▶ Soil Health cards are distributed at the Soil Testing Laboratory, Medziphema.
• National Food Security Mission (NFSM):
  ▶ Centrally Sponsored Scheme launched in October 2007 consists of 5 components, namely (i) NFSM- Rice (ii) NFSM-Wheat (iii) NFSM- Pulses (iv) NSFM-Coarse Cereal (v) NSFM-Commercial Crops.
  ▶ Increasing production of rice, wheat and pulses through area expansion.
Activities:

NSFM - Rice:
- Demonstration : 1250 Ha
- HYV/TLS/Hybrid Seeds : 3825 qtls
- Micronutrients : 13 qtls
- Lime : 1100 qtls
- P.P. Chemicals : 15 qtls
- Training : 27

NSFM - Pulses:
- Demonstrations (Kholar, Pea, Archar, Lentil, Rice bean) : 1190 Ha
- Seeds : 2950 qtls
- Micronutrients : 26 qtls
- Lime : 2300 qtls
- Bio Fertilizer : 100 qtls
- P.P. Chemicals : 800 qtls
- Weedicides : 650 ltrs
- HDPE Pipe : 7850 mtrs.
- Training : 32 Nos.
- Pumpset : 35 Nos.

NSFM - Coarse Cereal:
- Demonstration (Maize, Millet, Job's tear) : 4375 Ha
- HYV/TLS/Hybrid Seeds : 1100 qtls

NSFM (Commercial Crop) - Jute:
- Production of certified seeds : 43 qtls
- Seed Village Programme and production of seeds in government farms : 38 qtls
- Front Line Demonstration (FLD) on production technologies/ intercropping : 252 Ha
- State level training : 4
• **Farm Mechanization:** Under Sub-Mission Agriculture Mechanization, aims to support the farmers by way of establishing Custom Hiring Centre (CHC) to make scope for hiring the required machineries at minimum hiring rate, provision of machineries under subsidy, also promote free of cost under promotion of Farm Machinery in North East Region and also provide scope of hiring machineries by setting up Farm Machinery Banks for custom hiring.

• **Rainfed Area Development (RAD) under NMSA:**
  - One of the components of National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA)
  - Main objective of sustainable production, remunerative and climate resilient, conserves natural resources with optimize utilization of water “Per Drop More Crop.”
  - 50 clusters selected covering all the districts.
  - 1724 Ha Developed out of the total proposed area of 2304 Ha.

• **Rashtra Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY):**
  - Implemented by 8 departments and 3 mission of agri and allied sectors.
  - To incentivize the states so as to increase public investment in agriculture and allied sector.
  - Schemes are Farm Mechanization, Agriculture Marketing, Power Tiller Path, Agriculture Tools & Implement, Farm Mechanization, Surface Runoff Management & Land shaping, Seed Production, Integrated Nutrients Management, Integrated Pest Management, Cash Crop Development, Integrated Farming, Sugarcane Development, Women Agriculture and Agri Clinic & Agri- Business

• **Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY):**
  - Promoting efficient water conveyance and precision water application to ensure ‘Per drop –More Crop.’
- 40 clusters for the state with proposed area of 2304 Ha out of which an area of 962.1 Ha has been put under treatment.

- **Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North Eastern Region (MoVCD):**
  - To develop certified organic production in a value chain mode to link growers with consumers and to support the development of entire value chain starting from inputs, seeds, certification, to the creation of facilities for collection aggregation, processing, marketing and brand building initiative.
  - Some areas selected and under process for organic certification with OneCert Asia Pvt. Ltd. as an APED accredited certification agency.

- **Integrated Nutrients Management (INM):**
  - To encourage farmers to use organic manures along with chemical fertilizers as an integrated approach for sustainable agriculture.
  - 1770 vermi composting units set up, 65 farmers training and demonstration on plantation of INM
  - 120 Bio-composting units set up and 20220 Soil Health Cards distributed.

- **Agriculture Marketing:** All districts Marketing Shed constructed in RKVY cluster and development of collection stores in each district are completed.

- **Support of State Extension Reforms Scheme (ATMA) of Sub-Mission on Agriculture Extension (SAME) under National Mission for Agriculture Extension & Technology (NMAET):**
  - Under the scheme Krishi Unnati Yojana, use of integrative and innovative methods of information dissemination like pico projectors, low cost films, handheld devices, mobile based services, Kissan Cell Centres etc. are used and convergence brought among extension efforts under different programmes
and schemes at villages level through the institution of ATMA and Block Technology Teams (BTTs).

- **Integrated Extension Training Centre (IETC):** Imparts some course programmes and trainings:
  - 2 year Agriculture Extension Training Certificate course for AFA (Agriculture Field Assistants).
  - 1 year PGDAEM (Post Graduate Diploma in Agriculture Extension Management) supported by MANAGE & EEJ, Jorhat, Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Gov.
  - **Ongoing objectives:** 2 years Agriculture curricular under revision for conservation to diploma course programme.

- **Bio- Fertilizer Laboratory, Medziphema:** Production of different types of bio-fertilizers target set at 18 MT. Achievement was 13.5 MT only due to paucity of fund, lack of manpower and frequent power failure.

- **National e-Government Plan-Agriculture in Nagaland (NeGP-A):** Centrally sponsored scheme to make current service delivery mechanism more efficient, transparent and accountable.
  - **NeGP-A Sites:** ICT Training Centres set up at SAMETI, Medziphema and DAO’s Office, Mokokchung.
  - **Mobile Apps:** Nagaland’s Local Plant Directory and Naga Farm Doctor.
  - **Farmers Registration:** Till date, 9566 farmers registered under mKisan (mKisan.gov.in) 841 SMS Advisors/ Information Service sent till date through mKisan service.

- **State Departmental Farms:** 9 departmental farms comprising of 3 seed farms at Merapani, Tizit and Helipong and 6 demonstration farms at Pfutsero, Baghty, Tuensang, Sekruzu, Pungro and Jalukie for testing of newly introduced seed varieties in the state in order to have quality seed production.

- **State Agricultural Research Station (SARS):**
Located at Yisemyong, 15 Km from Mokokchung
Also operates at 2 sub-stations - Tuli and Wokha.
2 promising paddy cultivars, viz. Sungmangtsuk (SARS-1) upland cultivar and Mehourou (SARS-1) a lowland cultivar are in the process of registration under the PPV&FRA.
Presently SARS is maintaining 89 upland and 51 lowland.
- **Integrated Pest Management:**
  - Organized training and demonstration in 60 Farmer’s Field School (FFS) on paddy, cereals and vegetables
  - IPM kits, bio pesticides, rodenticides, plant protection chemicals, sprayers and neem trees to the farmers.
  - 19,500 Tricho cards released to the farmers
  - 30 Rodent Pest Management training conducted in 11 districts and 19 sub-divisions.
- **Bio Control Laboratory, Medziphema:** Main purpose is mass production and multiplication of bio agents, also caters to the needs of the farmers of the state in demand and supply of bio-agents.

### **ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & VETERINARY SERVICES**

As per the sample survey report of 2016-17, the state produces 45% of the total requirement:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Total Requirement of the state (‘000 tonnes)</th>
<th>Availability (State Internal Production)</th>
<th>Monetary Value of Availability in the State (Rs. in crores)</th>
<th>Total Short fall in the State ('000 tonnes)</th>
<th>Total Import into the State ('000 tonnes)</th>
<th>Monetary Value of Import into the State (Rs. in crores)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meat</td>
<td>66.7</td>
<td>31.95</td>
<td>776.385</td>
<td>34.75</td>
<td>7.28</td>
<td>121.576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk</td>
<td>117.7</td>
<td>77.85</td>
<td>404.82</td>
<td>39.86</td>
<td>2.87</td>
<td>84.665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egg</td>
<td>1956.50 (Lakh No.)</td>
<td>396.74 (Lakh No.)</td>
<td>23.80</td>
<td>1559.76 (Lakh No.)</td>
<td>117.5 (Lakh No.)</td>
<td>5.875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (Monetary Value in Crores)</td>
<td>3289.40</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1205.005</td>
<td>1872.233</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>212.116</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Per day requirement as per Recommendation</th>
<th>Capita Availability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meat</td>
<td>85 gm/ head/ day</td>
<td>49.99 gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk</td>
<td>150 gm/ head/ day</td>
<td>102.86 gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egg</td>
<td>½ no/ head/ day</td>
<td>24 (no/ head/ annum)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Animal Health:** 11 Veterinary Hospitals, 62 Dispensaries and 82 Veterinary Health Centres & 16 functional QCPs.
- **Assistance to State for Control of Animal Disease:**
  - Centrally Sponsored Scheme on 90% basis, a merger of the former 3 schemes of the Govt, namely Foot & Mouth Disease Control Programme, Systematic Control of Animal Disease & Animal Disease Surveillance Programme.
  - About 2.28 lakh doses of vaccines procured and vaccinated on bovines, poultry, caprines and canines.
- **Brucellosis Control Programme (BCP):**
  - Programme for Control of Brucellosis disease on 90:10 basis, aimed to vaccinate all the female cattle and buffalo calves from 4 to 8 months of age.
  - Vaccination carried out during 2017-18 is 20153.
- **Poultry Development:**
  - 9 functional poultry farms which are supplying quality LT chicks of 1 month old to the interest farmers at subsidized rate
• 1 poultry breeding farm is being set up at Hevishe village with the target of maintaining 5,000 LIT parent stock aimed at production 2.43 lakh commercial chicks per annum.

Piggery Development:
• Inducted 280 improved breeds of pig and supplied to State Pig Breeding Farms as a replacement stock.
• Procured 724 quintals of concentrated balanced pig feeds for the newly inducted animals in various State Pig Farms.

Small Animal Development:
• Financial assistance under National Livestock Mission to strengthen the existing sheep farm at Poilwa Peren inducted Merino crossbred sheep successfully done under the scheme.

RKVY: Village Piggery Development through Village Adoption is taken up for improving the quality of village pigs through upgrading by infusing superior germplas implemented in 42 villages covering 4284 household and 8568 pigs are being provided with technical intervention with the view of producing additional pork of 8568 tones.

Dairy Development:
• It is being mandated to the Nagaland State Dairy Co-operation Federation Ltd (NSDCF Ltd.)
• 1 Dairy Breeding Farm through NEC assistance is in progress at Diezephe and aims to hold a capacity of 60 milch cows which will be able to produce 183000 litres of milk in 305 days.

Nagaland Livestock Development Board:
• Implements various programmes for enhancement productivity of livestock in consonant with breeding policy of the state.
• 63 persons has successfully completed Basic Artificial Insemination (AI)
Nagaland State Dairy Co-operation Federation Ltd. (NSDCF):

- To cater to the needs of dairy farmers in the State Cold Chain Facility in the form of Bulk Milk Cooler Unit are being installed in functional dairy co-operative society in Kohima, Dimapur and Mokokchung
- Commissioning and launching of a new packaged drinking Water Plant 1000 litres capacity at Kohima under the brand name “Blue Waves.”

**ART & CULTURE**

**Activities:** (i) Promotion of culture (ii) Promotion of library services (iii) Archaeology (iv) Development of archives (v) Registration of antiquities and art treasures (vi) Cultural research & studies (vii) Promotion and development of visual arts (viii) Development of museums (ix) Protection of heritage sites.

**Revenues earned by different sectors:**
- State Museum entrance ticket - Rs. 1,75,750.00
- State Academy Hall rent - Rs. 1,28,000.00
- Sale of Department Publication - Rs. 1,10,618.00
- W.W. II Museum entrance ticket - Rs. 1,28,500.00
- Photography fee from the State Museum - Rs. 40,990.00
- Photography fee from W.W.II Museum - Rs. 50,300.00
- N.S.T/V.A.T - Rs. 20,06,982.00
- Heritage Rent - Rs. 2,00,000.00
- **Total** = Rs. 28,41,131.00

**Performance activities:**
(i) Organised cultural troupes for participation in national and
state functions such as Independence Day 2017, Republic Day 2017.

(ii) Nagaland Cultural Troupe consisting of Ao and Sangtam Cultural Troupes participated in the Folk-Fair 2017 held from 15\(^{th}\)-19\(^{th}\) May 2017 at Puri, Odisha.

(iii) 4\(^{th}\) Connectivity Summit at Kohima from 21\(^{st}\)-23\(^{rd}\) September 2017. 4 cultural troupes Zeliang Cultural troupe, Rengma Cultural Troupe, Khiamniungan Cultural Troupe and Pochury Cultural Troupe performed.

(iv) Nagaland Chamber Choir participated at 4\(^{th}\) Asia Pacific Choir Games 2017 organised by Interkultur held at Colombo, Sri Lanka.

(v) Nagaland Cultural Troupe represented by Japfu Cultural Society, Kohima participated at Lokrang Festival 2018 at Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh from 26\(^{th}\)-30\(^{th}\) January 2018 under Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat.

(vi) In the annual Hornbill Festival 2017, organised the cultural programme under the theme “Culturally Yours” with 17 cultural troupes consisting of 600 artistes representing all inhabited tribes of Nagaland.

- **Fine Arts:**
  - Creative ethnic arts were designed, fabricated and befittingly decorated for V.V.I.P rostrum at the State Capital during important government programme and celebrations.
  - 4 persons, namely Karo Trakhs, Manli Konyak, Guru Sangyusang Pongener and Guru Shirimong Anar were conferred with the prestigious Governor’s Award 2017 for Distinction in the field of Art, Music and Literature.
  - Artists’ Corner was organised at the World War II Museum Premises, Kisama in collaboration with Nagaland Arts Society for display and sale of artworks.

- **Public Library Service:** 1 State Library, 1 Museum Library, 11
District Libraries and 601 enlisted Rural Libraries.

- With financial allocation from Raja Rammohun Roy Library Foundation (RRRLF), Kolkata and Nagaland Government in the ratio 90:10, the department is giving assistance to the enlisted Rural Libraries, District Libraries and State Library.
- The number of books in the State Library is 57746 approximate.
- Enrolled members in the State Library is 3472 with new enrolment of 197 members.
- Construction of State Library Annexe with modern ambience such as CCTV Camera etc. funded by National Mission on Libraries (NML), GoI.

- **State Museum:**
  - The State Museum received 6 VVIPs, 70 VIPs, 2140 students, 1408 Police, Para-military personnel, NCC and Scouts & Guides.
  - Revenue of Rs. 1,75,750/- through sale of State Museum entrance tickets and Rs. 40,990/- from fee realized from photography.

- **State Academy of Music and Dance:** Programmes held in the hall on rent is 28 times and the revenue collected is Rs, 1,28,000/-

- **Archaeology and registration of antiquities:**
  - Protection and preservation of some important legendary sites are historical site at Chungliyimti in Tuensang district and Wooden Sculpture at Shangnyu in Mon district.
  - Registration of antiquities during 2017-18 is 15. At present, antiquities registered up to date is 1910.

- **State Archives:**
  - Classification of records of more than 178 files.
  - Private papers collected 30 Articles.
  - 500 files photocopied and preserved in the record room.
More than 1000 documents digitized in order to preserve the documents in its original form.

Research facilities rendered its help to more than 132 research scholars, public leaders and administrators.

- **State Archival Exhibition:** The 18th 'State Archival Exhibition' was held from 1st - 10th December 2017 at Bamboo Pavilion, Naga Heritage Village, Kisama.

- **Research and Publication:**
  - 3 books, namely 'The Lotha Nagas,' 'The Nagas in the Nineteenth Century,' and 'A Brief Historical Account of Nagaland' were reprinted.
  - Under the research project with the Anthropological Society of Nagaland, reports on 'Archaeology of Mimi Caves, Kiphire District,' 'Physical Characteristics in the districts of Peren and Kiphire,' and 'Oral Myths and Traditional Festivals of Nagaland Vol-1' undertaken.

- **World War-II Museum at Kisama:**
  - Established in 2008 with an effort to present a true image of the historic battle that took place at Kohima from April to May 1944. It holds invaluable memorabilia from the time of the battle, models and an extensive collection of visual panels that explore and explain the context, events and outcomes of the battle. The collection is augmented with audio visual presentation that gives an insight into the battle.
  - Revenue generated from sale of entrance tickets is Rs. 1,28,500/- and fee realized from photography is Rs. 50,300/-

- **Financial assistance to voluntary cultural organization:** Financial assistance was awarded to 225 cultural organizations.
Functions, objectives and activities:

- To look after the inter-state border disputes and other related problems with Assam, Arunachal Pradesh and Manipur.
- To look after the maintenance of Indo-Myanmar boundary pillars adjoining the state under the supervision and directive of the Government of India.
- To coordinate with various developmental agencies of the government in carrying out plans, schemes and programmes along the inter-state and inter-national border areas.
- Collection and compilation of old records, documents and maps on the border areas and preparation of history sheet of the boundary disputes.
- Maintenance of peace and promotion of sense of security amongst the inhabitants of the border areas.
- The department has brought out the "Records Repository-cum-Library," containing rare books, documents & maps of great importance and sensitive in nature are preserved and maintained.
- Presently, the Department is confined to Assam- Nagaland boundary issue which is sub-judice in the Supreme Court of India.
- The department officials along with the Legal Consultant and Advocates of the Supreme Court toured all the districts bordering Assam to interact with the Witnesses for the State of Nagaland and for preparation of Affidavit of the Witnesses.
- In order to maintain peace and tranquillity in the disputed border areas, the department initiated and encouraged for formation of Border Peace Coordination Committee (BPCC), which has been formed in all the districts bordering Assam.
comprising representatives from both the states.

**Cooperation**

- **Cooperative Training Centre, Medziphema**: To facilitate development for the cooperatives in the state with the objectives of imparting both theoretical and practical training to the Secretaries-Managers of Primary Cooperative Societies, Intermediate Officials of the Apex level Cooperative Societies and Junior Officials of the Department.

- **The Nagaland and State Cooperative Union (NSCD), Dimapur**: To impart cooperative education, training and information to the cooperatives, NSCU imparts education training and information to members, prospective members to upgrade their skills and abilities.

- **National Cooperative Union of India Cooperative Education Field Project, Kohima**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Programme</th>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Participants</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skill Development Programme on Detergent Washing Powder and Cleaning Gel</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mushroom Cultivation</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Candle Making</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mix Pickle Making</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Generation Programmes</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workshop on Motivation for Youth in Cooperatives</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Participation on Exhibition-cum-Sales</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formation of New Self Help Groups</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Conversion of SHG into Cooperatives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 (4 under process)</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Programmes/Trainings organized & participated in collaboration with other Allied Departments & Developmental Agencies:
  - Empowering of women for self-sustenance through skill development organized by Faith Harvest on 2nd December 2017.

- Performance of State/Apex Level Cooperative Organizations:
  - The Nagaland State Cooperative Bank (NSCB) Ltd:
    - Commitment to “Rural transformation through banking,” the bank has deployed ATM on wheels (Mobile ATM Van)
    - Initiated and innovated “Zero Distance” banking for every customer
    - Continues laying additional emphasis on non-conventional finance such as financing of SHGs, JLGs, Farmers Club VDB linked and church based projects, loan to KCC holders, backed ended subsidy linked Animals Husbandry Schemes.
  - The Nagaland State Entrepreneurs Associates Thrift and Credit Cooperative Federation Ltd. (EATAColon):
    - 17 primary thrift and credit cooperative societies affiliated to the federation with 1016 members.
    - Actively promoted taking thrift and credit to the streets by participating in a training of uplifting women street vendors officially launched on 13th October 2017.
    - 180 loans given to various enterprises ranging from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 1 lakh for different types of micro enterprises like grocery shop, pan shops, vegetable vendors, etc.
Apex Marketing Co-Operatives:

The Nagaland State Co-operative Marketing & Consumers’ Federation Ltd. (MARCOFED), Dimapur.

- Development of Table Fish Production Farm at Duilongua village, New Jalukie, Peren under MH2552 NEC.

- Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) Scheme: Under this scheme, the Gol will be providing 5 crore LPG connections to BPL families with a support of Rs. 1600 per connection in the next 3 years.

- Marketing of agri-produce
- Setting up of Agricultural Market Yard
- Setting up a Super-market
- To expand the LPG Services in the state

Other Apex Cooperatives:

Nagaland Apex Weavers and Artisans Federation Ltd. (WEAFED), Dimapur: To promote the handloom and handicraft, WEAFED has been availing financial assistance from the Development Commissioner, Ministry of Textiles, Gol for organizing exhibition-cum-sale coinciding with various festivals of Nagaland. It started the district level weaver and artisan cooperative union in all the districts.

Nagaland State dairy Cooperative Federation LTD.:

- Dairy Co-operative Societies (DCS/Women Dairy Co-operative Societies (WDCS) Organization
- Organized Milk collection at village level
- Support service to dairy producers:
  (i) Breed improvement to enhance productivity
  (ii) Credit Linkage
The consolidated progress report in respect of Capital Dairy Kohima (MILKCON) from 01.04.2017 to 28.02.2018:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of DCS Organized</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of DCS Functional</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw Milk Procured (Lakhs Ltrs)</td>
<td>16.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pasteurized Toned Milk Produced (Lakhs Ltrs)</td>
<td>18.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lassi Production:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230 ml x 24 per carton</td>
<td>56258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180 ml x 24 per carton</td>
<td>4314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yogurt Production:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 gm x 24 per carton</td>
<td>25845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 gm x 24 per carton</td>
<td>3521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paneer Produced – 250 gm vacuum packed</td>
<td>6876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pure Cow Ghee Produced – 400 gm jar</td>
<td>642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice-cream – 100 ml &amp; 40 ml cup</td>
<td>4650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chocobar – 65 ml, 500 ml &amp; 1000 ml pack</td>
<td>36380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Candy – 65 ml pack</td>
<td>85490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balanced Cattle Feed Produced 50 Kg bag</td>
<td>320 MT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dimapur District Co-operative Milk Producers' Union Ltd. (DIMUL): As on 31st January 2018, the Union has organized 52 Dairy Cooperative Societies (DCS) of with 1956 milk producers.

Procurement & Marketing 2017-18:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Milk Procured (lakh litres)</td>
<td>10.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milk Marketed (lakh litres)</td>
<td>14.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lassi Marketed (MT)</td>
<td>397.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dahi Marketed (MT)</td>
<td>101.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice Cream Marketed (MT)</td>
<td>23.79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Audit of Cooperative Societies:**
  Audit position of Cooperative Organizations at state level:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of the Organization/Institution</th>
<th>Audited Upto</th>
<th>Audited by</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur District Cooperative Milk Producers Union Ltd. Dimapur.</td>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagaland Dairy Cooperative Federation Ltd. Kohima</td>
<td>2015-17</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagaland State Cooperative Bank Ltd.</td>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagaland State Cooperative Marketing &amp; Consumers Federation Ltd. Dimapur.</td>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagaland Apex Weavers &amp; Artisans Cooperative Federation Ltd. Dimapur.</td>
<td>2014-16</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagaland State Cooperative Union</td>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Area Multipurpose Cooperative Society Ltd. (LAMPS) Medziphema.</td>
<td>2009-16</td>
<td>Department</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**District wise audit position and audit fees realized (as on 28-02-2018):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Societies Audited</th>
<th>Audit Fees Realized</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>71,053.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>34,550.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>46,750.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>25,620.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7,750.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>1,31,300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>15,300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>19,750.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mangkolemba</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3,250.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>9,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>12,3000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3,950.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>3,80,573.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Nagaland Cooperative Act:**
  - Implementation of One Village-One Cooperative Society
  - **Organic Farming:** 7 Societies in Kohima, Wokha, Mokokchung, Tuensang, Longleng, Peren and Phek districts till date.
- **Launching of CoopSoft:** CoopSoft - Cooperative Management Information System was launched to act as a tool to efficiently organize and manage different information or data of all the branches in the department.
- **Ongoing projects and programmes:**
  - **Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY):** Phase wise financial assistance in the form of loan for credit Linkage was extended. 11 cooperative societies assisted and the process for 2nd phase is underway, wherein 22 cooperative societies to be assisted.
- **Under Developed Areas Program (UDAP):** To provide infrastructure developed in the backward district of the state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>Name of the Works</th>
<th>Physical</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Road Sector</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Construction of New Roads</td>
<td>9.356 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improvement of Existing Roads</td>
<td>20.89 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Topping, Soiling &amp; Metalling</td>
<td>0.245 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Side Drain</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Culvert</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Construction of Retaining/ Protection Wall</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Water Supply</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Social And Infrastructure Sector</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Football Ground/ Play Ground</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Community Hall/ Panchayat Hall</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Renovation of Buildings</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Classroom</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Health Sector/ Construction of PHC / Staff Quarter</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rest/ Guest House</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fencing</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tree Plantation/ Horti-Farming</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Public Utility Buildings</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fishery Pond</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bridges</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- **Border Area Development Programme (BADP):** To meet the special needs and to bring development to the people living in inaccessible and remote areas of the international border.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Works</th>
<th>Physical</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td><strong>Road Sector</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Construction of New Roads</td>
<td>27.82 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Improvement of Existing Roads</td>
<td>32.299 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Black Topping, Soiling &amp; Metalling</td>
<td>4.486 Km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Side Drain</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Culvert</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Construction of Retaining/ Protection Wall</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Water Supply</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td><strong>Social And Infrastructure Sector</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Football Ground/ Play Ground</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Community Hall/ Panchayat Hall</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Renovation of Buildings</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Classroom</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Teachers Quarter</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Health Sector/ Construction of PHC/ Staff Quarter</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Community Toilet</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rest/ Guest House</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Footpath/ Footsteps</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Solar Light</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Coaching classes for Class-X students, 2018-19: Implementing a scheme called Special Grant to meritorious students of ENPO studying in Tuensang, Mon, Longleng and Kiphire from 2009-2010 under research & planning. From 2016-17, this programme was converted into coaching classes programme for students of Class-X owing to the poor HSLC result.

Establishment of Market Linkage Hub in Eastern Nagaland:
- Market linkage hub called the Anghya in all the 4 district headquarters of Eastern Nagaland aimed at finding livelihood solutions for entrepreneurs
- Farmers and unemployed youth of Eastern Nagaland carried out with the Zynorique Initiative Society (ZIS) as the implementing agency.

Research, Documentation & Publication: Under Research & Planning Cell, the department has undertaken the task of publishing books for recording the unwritten literary knowledge and to safeguard the tribal identity.

Empowering underprivileged ST Youths & Women of 4 Backward Districts of Nagaland through ICT Skill Training: The Department in association with NIELIT has set up 4 Computer Training Centres in Tuensang, Mon, Longleng and Kiphire with an objective to train 1280 people.
Activities: Prepares and publishes estimation of State Domestic Product (SDP), National Sample Survey (NSS), Civil Registration System, Gender Statistics etc.

Gross State Domestic Product: The estimated figure of the GSDP with 2011-2012 as base year both at current and constant.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Gross State Domestic Product (Current Prices)</th>
<th>Gross State Domestic Product (Constant Prices)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rs. in lakhs</td>
<td>% Growth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011-12</td>
<td>1217676</td>
<td>15.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012-13</td>
<td>1412127</td>
<td>17.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013-14</td>
<td>1661173</td>
<td>10.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>1840067</td>
<td>8.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-16(P)</td>
<td>1988398</td>
<td>8.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-17(Q.E)</td>
<td>2156245</td>
<td>9.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017-18(A.E)</td>
<td>2360278</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P=Provisional, Q.E=Quick Estimate, A.E =Advanced Estimate.

As per the Advanced Estimates of 2017-2018, the GSDP is estimated indicating a growth rate of 9.46 percent.

Price Statistics:

- Publishes the Quarterly & Annual Price Bulletin on a regular basis.
- Contains analysis of the relative movement of retail prices in 11 districts and wholesale price data from Dimapur.

National Sample Survey (NSS):
Serves as a major source of information for formulating comprehensive planning in the country.

The report on “Drinking Water, Sanitation, Hygiene, Housing conditions” based on state sample data collected during the NSS 69th Round has been released.

Presently, the 75th Round of National Sample Survey on Household Consumer Expenditure and Household Social Consumption on Health & Education is in progress.

- **Registration of Births & Deaths (Vital Statistics):**

**Number of Birth and Deaths Registered:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>No. of Births Registered</th>
<th>No. of Deaths Registered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>37602</td>
<td>1052</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>21348</td>
<td>923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>58950</td>
<td>1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>30903</td>
<td>708</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>48636</td>
<td>1361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>79539</td>
<td>2069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>36416</td>
<td>705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>36568</td>
<td>1432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>72984</td>
<td>2137</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Index on Industrial Production (IIP):**

Measures the volume of change in the industrial production in the economy

DES Nagaland compiles the State level Indices of Industrial Production (IIP) with base year 2004-2005. This base is under revision to 2011-2012. In the new series, 9 items are included spread across 47 factories.

- **Statistical Handbook:** A reflection of the developmental activities being carried out by various departments in the
state. Statistical Handbook 2017 is under finalization for publication.

- **Housing Statistics:** The Ministry of Housing & Poverty Alleviation (NBO) is collecting data on Housing Start Up Index (HSUI) from selected cities, namely Kohima, Dimapur and Tuensang.

- **Basic Statistics on Village Level Development Indicator (VLDI):** It indicates the availability /accessibility of basic amenities in the rural areas. The Directorate has already published Village Level Development Indicator (VLDI) on 31st March 2016.

- **Economic Survey:**
  - An important document containing an overview of the status of the state’s economy.

- **Environmental Statistics:** An Environmental Statistics Cell has been set up which collects data on environmental issues, degradation, pollution, and climate change in the state in coordination with Environmental Cell of Forest Department and Pollution Control Board.

- **Gender Statistics:**
  - The Department for the first time has taken up the responsibility for the collection and dissemination of data on gender.
  - It focuses on 8 major areas of women’s status which includes population, health, social obstacles in women’s empowerment, leadership, women participation in economy, labour force & employment and literacy & education.

- **Physical Achievements:**
  - Publication:
2. Estimation of State Domestic Product 2011-2012 (New Series)
3. National Sample Survey (NSS) 69th Round
4. Annual Price Bulletin 2017
5. Important Economic Indicators 2013
6. Government Employees Census 2014
7. Government Employee Census 2014

**ELECTRICAL INSPECTORATE**

- **Status Report of Nagaland State Designated Agency (NSDA):**
  - Achievements and activities of NSDA:
    - Establishment of internet platform.
    - Promotion of energy conservation through advertisements, pamphlets, posters, hoardings etc.
    - Translation of pamphlets/slogans to local dialects on energy conservation.
    - Demonstration Projects on space heating, LED bulbs and street lighting.
    - Conducted painting, essay and debate competition on energy conservation.
    - Has successfully taken up “Green Village Initiative” in and around Nagaland.
    - Conducted 19 awareness campaigns on energy conservation in colleges and higher secondary schools within Nagaland.
- **Achievement:**
  - Registered Electrical Contractors, 255 Electrical Supervisors and 675 Electrical Workmen.
Supervisor License and Workman Permit License has been issued by way of written exam & oral interview which is conducted with an interval of 2 to 3 years.

Detailed year wise breakouts are given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Contractor License</th>
<th>Supervisor Certificate License</th>
<th>Workman Permit License</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2017-2018</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>675</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Revenue collection figure:** Electrical Inspectorate has small revenue collection cell, which is earned by way of fees registration, renewal and issue of new license and inspection charge etc. Revenue collected is Rs. 5,39,140.00

- **Electrical accident report:** As per Indian Electrical Rule 44A, all electrical accident shall be sent to Electrical Inspectorate with written report along with prescribed Annexure III Form by respective Electrical Division after which inspection has been carried out by Inspectorate cell.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Fatal</th>
<th>Non-Fatal</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017-2018</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EMPLOYMENT, SKILL DEVELOPMENT & ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

- **Activities under Employment Wing:**
  
  i. **Registration:** 11,894 fresh applicants registered at the various employment exchanges for job assistance.

  ii. **Self-Employment:** A Self-Employment Promotion Cell (SEPT) in the Regional Employment Exchange, Kohima. 546 candidates registered, out of which 177 were placed in various self employment ventures.

  iii. **Physical Handicapped Cell:** A special Cell for Physical
Handicapped applicants established with central assistance has been merged with the Regional Employment Exchange, Kohima. At present, 1115 applicants on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges under Physical Handicapped category.

iv. Employment Market Information: Under the Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act 1959, the Employment Exchanges are empowered to collect various employment statistics from all public and private sectors employing more 24 persons.

- Activities under Skill Development & Entrepreneurship Wing:
  - Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS):
    - Industrial Training Institutes: Impart skill oriented training to the youths, who are mostly college and school drop-outs so as to enable them to be absorbed in gainful employment and also to be engaged in self-employment ventures.
    - 8 Training Institutes in the state, imparting training in 22 trades (14 Engineering and 8 Non-engineering).
    - Minimum qualification required for a candidate to undergo training in ITI is Class-VIII pass and should be above 14 years of age.
    - The training period varies from 1 to 2 years.
    - Till date, 8125 trainees have passed the All India Trade Test (AITT) and currently, 825 candidates have been enrolled for undergoing training.
  - List of Industrial Training Institutes:
    1. Government ITI, Kohima
    2. Government ITI, Dimapur (Women)
    3. Government ITI, Mon
    4. Government ITI, Mokokchung
    5. Government ITI, Tuensang
6. Government ITI, Phek
7. Government ITI, Zunheboto

**List of trades in Government Industrial Training Institutes:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Trades</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Minimum Qualification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Knitting</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cutting &amp; Sewing</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Carpentry</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Plumber</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Welder</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Hair &amp; Skin Care</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Stenography</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Secretarial Practice</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>COPA</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mechanic Diesel</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mechanic Vehicle</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>I &amp; CTSM</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Electrician</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Electronic Mechanic</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Draftsman Civil</td>
<td>2 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Surveyor</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Machinist</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Turner</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Fitter</td>
<td>2 years</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dress Making</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>10 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Sewing Technology</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Mason (Building Constructor)</td>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>8 Pass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Government ITI for Women**: In keeping with the government policy for providing special opportunities for women, an ITI exclusively for women has been established at Dimapur.
- **Apprenticeship Training Programme**: 50 Trainees passed the Apprenticeship Exam and at present, 15 apprentices are engaged in various establishments under the scheme.
- **Centrally Sponsored Scheme ‘Enhancing Skill Development: Infrastructure in North East States and Sikkim’**: The state upgraded by introducing 3 new trades. The state also upgraded 5 new trades by supplementing infrastructure deficiencies such as hostel facilities, boundary walls, machinery, equipment & furniture, hand tools, instruments for 3 existing trades.
  - 2 new Industrial Training Institutes are being created at Dimapur and Peren.
  - Proposal for establishment of 2 new infrastructures in Longleng and Kiphire is under submission.
- **Model Career Centers**: Implementing the National Career Service (NCS) in State Service. As a first step, Regional Employment Exchange, Kohima is being transformed to a Model Career Center.
  - Proposal for establishment of 2 more Model Career Centers at District Employment Exchange Wokha and Mokokchung is under submission.
- **Year of Construction Workers**: This initiative upgraded the skills of 550 existing construction workers (50 from each
district).

- **Aspiration & Capacity Mapping Study:**
  - Covering 74 Blocks in the 11 districts of the state
  - To bring out an informed study about the needs and aspirations of the local population.
  - 7 youth were successfully trained at World Class Skill Center, Vivek Vihar, New Delhi.
  - 19 candidates are currently undergoing training in Hospitality Sector and Retail Sector.

- **Collaboration for Direct Recruitment:**
  - Collaborated with Indigo Airlines for Direct Recruitment of the youth in Cabin Crew and Ground Operations Officer in Indigo Airlines. 6 youth recruited as Ground Operations Officer and 6 shortlisted for final round of interview as Cabin Crew.
  - Also initiated a recruitment drive with Jet Airways and 6 candidates have been recruited.

- **Collaboration with IIT Madras:**
  - To impart a 2 month skilling programme.
  - The first batch of 9 graduate engineers have been trained at IIT Madras.

- **Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKPY) - State Managed Component:** Nagaland has a target to train 33,021 youth by 2020 under the State Managed Component of PMKPY.

- **Job & Career Fair 2017:**
  - Under the aegis of "National Career Workshop & Job Mela 2017, out of the 77 applicants, 11 have been placed with Sanghvi Brnachs, 7 with Vistara Airlines, 5 with 02 and 8 with Indigo Airlines and 18 have been shortlisted with companies like W Marriott, Oberoi, etc.
Number of applicants remaining of the Live Register of Employment Exchanges as on 31st December 2017:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Categories of applicants</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Post Graduates</td>
<td>2021</td>
<td>2423</td>
<td>4444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Graduates</td>
<td>10620</td>
<td>8106</td>
<td>18726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pre-University</td>
<td>7239</td>
<td>4333</td>
<td>11572</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Matriculate</td>
<td>8893</td>
<td>2754</td>
<td>11647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Below Matric</td>
<td>17278</td>
<td>2557</td>
<td>19835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Degrees (Tech)</td>
<td>879</td>
<td>368</td>
<td>1247</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Diploma</td>
<td>1063</td>
<td>719</td>
<td>1782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>47993</td>
<td>21260</td>
<td>69253</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Registration & Placement made under Self-Employment as on 31st December 2017:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Registration</th>
<th>Placement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kohima/Peren</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Mokokchung/Longleng</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Tuensang/Kiphire</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>443</td>
<td>327</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Physically Handicapped applicants remaining on the
Live Register of Employment Exchanges as on 31st December 2017.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Edn.qualification</th>
<th>M</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Blind</th>
<th>Deaf &amp; Dumb</th>
<th>Orthopedics</th>
<th>Respiratory Disorder</th>
<th>Negative Leprosy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Graduate &amp; Above</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pre-University</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Matriculate</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Below Matric/Illiterate</td>
<td>673</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>985</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>697</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>770</td>
<td>345</td>
<td>1115</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>809</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ENVIRONMENT, FORESTS & CLIMATE CHANGE**

- **Sanctuaries, National Parks And Zoological Parks:**
  a) Kiphire : Fakim Wildlife Sanctuary 640 Ha
  b) Mon : Singphan Wildlife Sanctuary 2,357 Ha
  c) Kohima : Puliebadze Wildlife Sanctuary 923 Ha.
  d) Peren : Intangki National Park 20,200 Ha
  e) Dimapur : Nagaland Zoological Park, Rangapahar

- **Status of forests as on 01.03.2018:**

  Out of the state’s geographical area of 16,579 Sq. Km, forests occupy an area of approximately 8629 Sq. Km i.e. 52.04%
b) Government controlled (Private owned) Forests:
4. Protected Forest

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Private Owned Forests</th>
<th>Area (in Sq. Km)</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Protected Forest</td>
<td>516.79</td>
<td>5.98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.1171%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

c) Village Owned Forests:
5. Virgin Forests
6. Degraded Forest

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village Owned Forests</th>
<th>Area (in Sq. Km)</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5. Virgin Forests</td>
<td>4778.27</td>
<td>55.40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Degraded Forest</td>
<td>2842.80</td>
<td>32.90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17.1467%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (a+b+c)</td>
<td>8629.30</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>52.0442%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

d) Ownership
i) State Government
ii) Private/Community

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ownership</th>
<th>Area (in Sq. Km)</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i) State Government</td>
<td>1008.23</td>
<td>11.70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ii) Private/Community</td>
<td>7621.07</td>
<td>88.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>46.00%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Areas under different land use in Nagaland:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Area (in Sq. Km)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Forest</td>
<td>8629.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Under Agriculture Use</td>
<td>278.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land Under Miscellaneous Tree</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crops and Grooves</td>
<td>1242.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultivable Wasteland</td>
<td>725.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultivable Non-Forest Area (CNFA)</td>
<td>3214.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Area Sown</td>
<td>1867.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Purchased Forests:** Approximately 192.47 Sq. Km.
- **Recorded Forest Area:** 8629.30 Sq. Km which is 52% of its geographical area. The Reserved Forest constitute 3.06%, Protected Forests 5.51% and Unclassed Forest constitute 93.56%.
- **Protected Area:** Nagaland has 1 National Park and 3 Wildlife Sanctuaries covering 222 Sq. Km which constitutes 1.34% of the state’s geographical area.
- **Forest Cover:** As per State of Forest Report 2015, it is 12,489
Sq. Km, 75.33% of the state’s geographical area. In terms of forest canopy density classes, 1,279 Sq. Km area is under Very Dense Forest, 4,587 Sq. Km is under Moderately Dense Forest and 6,623 Sq. Km under Open Forest.

- **Land purchased for NPPC, Tuli:** Purchased lands measuring 12,712.024 Ha in different years for raising bamboo plantation for supply of raw material to the NPPC, Tuli.

- **Forest types in Nagaland:**
  a) **Northern Tropical Wet Evergreen Forest (IB):** Found only in Mon and dominant species are Hollong (Dipterocarpus Macrocarpus), Makai (Shorea Assamica), Nahor (Mesua Ferrea) etc.
  b) **Northern Tropical Semi Evergreen Forest (2B):** Found in the foothills of Assam – Nagaland border in Mokokchung, Wokha and Kohima. The number of evergreen species decreases and the deciduous species are more in number.
  c) **Northern Sub-Tropical Broad Leaved Wet Hill Forest (8B/C1):** Found in the hill areas below 1800m and above 500m in all the districts of Nagaland. The dominant species are mostly semi-deciduous. Some important timber species in this type are Koroi (Abelmoschus), Pomas (Chukraswia), Sopas (Magnolia) etc.
  d) **Northern Sub-Tropical Pine Forest (9/C2):** Found in hills with elevation of 1000m to 1500m in parts of Phek and Tuensang. Pine is the dominant species and is found mixed with Quercus, Schima, Prunus, Betula and Rhododendron.
  e) **Northern Montane Wet-Temperate Forest (11B):** Found on the higher reaches of the tallest mountains (above 2500m) like Saramati and Dzükou areas. Species that dominate are Rhododendron, Oaks, (Quercus), Birch and Juniperus etc.
  f) **Alpine Forest (15):** Found at high altitudes in ridges of Saramati range. Species of Rhododendron, Abies, and Juniperus are found in sub-alpine vegetation which gradually merges into alpine vegetation which comprises of high altitude grasses and dwarf
Rhododendron.

- **Forestry Research:**
  - **Silviculture Division:**
    - Headquarter at Kohima
    - Has 3 forest Ranges at Kohima, Dimapur and Mokokchung.
    - Silviculture is the practice of controlling the establishment, growth, composition, health, and quality of forests to meet diverse needs and values.
  - **Botanical Garden:** Established at Botanical Garden at Kohima for conservation of biodiversity – the rare and endangered species is the main concern and the garden acts as a centre of excellence for research catering, training and awareness programs.
  - **Central Nursery and raising of quality seedlings:** 95000 high quality seedlings of various indigenous economic species ranging from timber, medicinal herbs, aesthetic species etc. are raised and prepared for public distribution at Silviculture Range Nursery, Kohima and Rangapahar Nursery, Dimapur.

- **Wildlife conservation and management:**
  - **Human Animal Conflict Mitigation Awareness Campaign:** Awareness campaign on Human Elephant Mitigation were organized at Naginimora, Mangmetong, Tseminyu, Wokha, Kiphire, Bhandari, Chudi, Tening, Piphema, Meluri, Yaongyimchen with participation of officials from the MoEF, State Government, District Administration, Village Councils, farmers, students and other stakeholders.
  - **Nagaland Zoological Park, Rangapahar:**
    - Recognized as a Medium Zoo by the Central Zoo Authority, New Delhi.
    - Annual number of visitors is 67367.
    - 40 species of birds and animals with a captive population of over 300 individuals. The collection includes 22 species of wildlife
listed under Schedule I & II of Indian Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxa</th>
<th>No. of Species</th>
<th>Schedule I &amp; II</th>
<th>Others</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mammals</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birds</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reptiles</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>325</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Forest Operation:
- Wood based industries:

**Industrial Estates in Nagaland**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>Industrial Estate</th>
<th>Number of Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>Diphupar Industrial Estate</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Khuvanalla Industrial Estate</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Seithekiema Industrial Estate</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Burma Camp Industrial Estate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Dimapur Industrial Estate</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>Mangkolemba Industrial Estate</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Milak Industrial Estate</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tuli Industrial Estate</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Longtho Industrial Estate</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>Merapani Industrial Estate</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Liphayan Industrial Estate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

63
- **Training and Capacity Building Programme:**
  - The State Environment & Forestry Training Institute located at Dimapur, known as ‘Forestry Training School,’ imparts forestry education and training to Forest Guards and Foresters. It conducts Refreshers Course training for Frontline Staff.
  - SEFTI with the intake capacity of 25 trainees successfully conducted 6 months in-service training from March to August 2017 with 25 Forest Guards nominated from 16 Forest Divisions.

- **Biodiversity:**
  - **Floral Diversity:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Floristic Diversity Components</th>
<th>Sp. Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total Crops</td>
<td>231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cultivated Crops Of Jhum Fields</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Wild Edible Fruits</td>
<td>248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Wild Edible Vegetables</td>
<td>More than 128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Wild Edible Flowers</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Wild Edible Mushrooms</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Domesticated Fruits</td>
<td>More than 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Edible Roots and Tubers</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Edible Seeds and Nuts</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sl. No.</td>
<td>Medicinal Plants</td>
<td>More than 656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Bamboo Species</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Orchid Sp. Species</td>
<td>More than 345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cane Species</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Lichens</td>
<td>346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Ferns</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Lesser Known Indigenous Spices</td>
<td>More than 46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Indigenous Local Useful Trees Sp.</td>
<td>560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Commercial Timber Plants</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Faunal Diversity:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Faunal Diversity Components</th>
<th>Documented Sp. Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Animal &amp; Butterflies</td>
<td>183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mammals</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aves</td>
<td>541+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Amphibian</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Lizard and Geckos</td>
<td>6+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Mollusc (Snail)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Eatable Insects</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Forest Plantation:**

**Entry Point Activities (EPA):** A new component of National Afforestation Programme (NAP) known as Entry Point Activity (EPA), it aims to solicit the support of the people by undertaking the non-forestry works. Following works have been carried out by different Forest Development Agencies (FDAs).
- Community Hall & Rest Houses
- Village Panchayat Hall & Village Court
- Approach Road Construction
- School Building Construction, School Bench Supply
- LPG Connection, Improved Chullas
- Rain Water Harvesting Tank & Water Supply
- Waiting Shed
- Multipurpose Building & Marketing Shed, Seed Money for Self Help Group (SHG) to establish poultry, piggery, floriculture, fishery, weaving units etc.

Doyang Plantation Division:
- Installed capacity of 75MW under the administrative control of North Eastern Electric Power Corporation (NEEPCO) has a submergence area of 3320 (approx).

To ensure the longevity of the project, a detailed Catchment Area Treatment (CAT) has been planned and executed.

The execution of CAT Doyang is vested with the Department of Environment, Forests & Climate Change and Department of Soil & Water Conservation.


Carrying out Elephant Census 2017

Nagaland Forest Management Project – JICA

3 components, namely Forest interventions and biodiversity conservation; Livelihood improvement and community development and Institutional strengthening.

Loan agreement been signed on 31/03/2017 between Gol and Government of Japan.

Aims to cover 185 villages in 11 districts of the state. The villages will be selected in 4 batches. The total area proposed to be covered is 79,096 Ha of the land

Project duration is 10 years i.e. 01/04/2017 to 31/03/2027.

The entire project period is divided in 3 phases i.e. Preparatory phase (2 years), Implementation phase (6 years)
and Consolidation phase (2 years).

**EVALUATION**

Evaluation Directorate functions under the administrative control of Planning and Co-ordination Department, headed by the Additional Chief Secretary and Development Commissioner.

**Evaluation studies undertaken:**
- Implementation of Mid-Day Meal scheme in Phek.
- Conservation of wildlife in Peren.
- Impact on Communitization of Educational Institution and Service in Tuensang.
- Agricultural Technology Management Agency (ATMA) in Zunheboto.
- Implementation of Mid-Day Meal scheme in Longleng.

**Training And Capacity Building:**
To enhance and update the working knowledge and skills, officers and staff were deputed to Administrative Training Institute, Kohima for courses on Financial Management, Basic accounts Procedure, Cyber Security and E-Governance, Accounting Procedure, Government Financial Rules, Conduct Rules 1968, Noting and Drafting Skills, Discipline and Appeal Rules 1967.

Interactive in-house training on ‘Evaluation Techniques’ for technical officers and staff of the department was organized in the Directorate by sourcing experts from outside the State. Organised training programme on “Office/Special Etiquette for the officials of the Directorate to keep them abreast with the norms.

**EXCISE & PROHIBITION**
Functions:

- Mainly focused on preventive measures, land control of possession, sale, consumption, manufacture and transportation of liquor and smuggling of excisable goods and other narcotic drugs in the state.
- Also procure and supplies opium to recognized/registered addicts, regulates denatured spirit for industrial purpose, control of molasses and also to co-ordinate with central agencies like NCB & Central Bureau of Narcotics etc.

CSD/Bonded Warehouses: Controls and regulates the import, export and issue of liquor to military and para-military units through canteen stores depot and para-military bonded warehouses located at Dimapur.

Excise duty in the state (w.e.f. 1st April 2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Excise Duty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rum/Whisky/Brandy/Gin Export Fee</td>
<td>185 per case, 245 per case, 23 per case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Beer Excise Duty Export Fee</td>
<td>42 per case, 23 per case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Breezer/Bacardi Export Fee</td>
<td>30 per case, 23 per case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Champagne/Wine Export Fee</td>
<td>91/106 per case, 23 per case</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Rectified Spirit Import Fee</td>
<td>3 per litre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Denatured Spirit Import Fee</td>
<td>3 per litre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>CSD License Fee</td>
<td>5,00,000 per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>para</td>
<td>Military Bond License Fee</td>
<td>3,00,000 per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Unit Canteen License Fee</td>
<td>10,000 per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Wholesale License Fee for Denatured Spirit</td>
<td>15,000 per year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Retail License Fee for Denatured Spirit</td>
<td>5,000 per year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

District wise case detection and achievements from February 2017 to February 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of District</th>
<th>Narcotic Drugs</th>
<th>IMFL/Country Liquor</th>
<th>Other Drugs</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Forwarded to Court</th>
<th>Forwarded to Drug Controller</th>
<th>Disposed of under NDPS/D&amp;C</th>
<th>Compounded Departmentally</th>
<th>Fine Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>637</td>
<td>639</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14,23,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>518</td>
<td>524</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,41,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mokokchung (Including Longleng)</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>115</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td></td>
<td>91</td>
<td>91</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>93,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>44,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>61,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,4500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>37,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
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<td>----</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narcotic Cell</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>752</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>7,54,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile squad</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>661</td>
<td>666</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>661</td>
<td>6,56,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>3002</td>
<td>3041</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>3002</td>
<td>38,88,300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article seized</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Market Value (approximate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Heroin/Brown Sugar</td>
<td>654 gm</td>
<td>4.00 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Ganja</td>
<td>1363 Kg</td>
<td>20.50 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Other Drugs</td>
<td>81286 Tabs/Caps</td>
<td>16.26 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Cough Syrup</td>
<td>1,309 bottles</td>
<td>2.00 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Opium</td>
<td>715 gm</td>
<td>0.71 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. IMFL/Beer</td>
<td>88,890 bottles</td>
<td>222.22 lakhs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Country Liquor</td>
<td>6928 Ltrs</td>
<td>3.50 lakhs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Revenue:**
  - Revenue earning during 2017-18 is Rs. 372,61 lakh
  - Revenue Receipts during 2017-18 is as under:
    - Revenue on excise duty and license fee (April 2017 to January 2018) is Rs. 339.26 lakh.
    - Fine Amount (April 2017 to January 2018) is Rs. 33.35 lakh.
- **Arms and Ammunitions:** 47 number of 303 riles and 17 number of sten guns along with sufficient number of ammunitions. The requirement of firearms is to equip the excise personnel for the critical nature of duties in the inter-state borders and in manning various checks posts, and for which excise personnel have undergone series of training in handling of weapons.

**FINANCE**

- The Department exercises administrative control and

A. COMMISSIONERATE OF STATE TAXES:

- **Mobile Squad**: Functions the intelligence wing of the department and maintains vigil over the business activities of the traders to prevent tax evasion.
- **Acts and Rules being implemented**:
  - The Nagaland (Sales of Petroleum & Petroleum Products including Motor Spirit and Lubricants) Taxation Act 1967 and Rules as amended from time to time.
  - The Nagaland Professions Trades, Calling and Employment Taxation Act 1968 and Rules as amended from time to time.
  - The Nagaland Value Added Tax Act 2005 and Rules as amended from time to time.
  - The Central Sales Tax Act 1956 and Rules as amended from time to time.
- **Revenue collection statement**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P/Tax</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Revenue: Streamlined the various tax services like issuance of statutory forms, filing of returns and payment process etc. through the department's web-portal www.nagalandtax.nic.in

Already on the job to develop application modules for Professions Tax, so as to facilitate various professionals in the state to get themselves enrolled and to pay their profession tax online.

GST replaces all the indirect taxes levied on goods and services both by the Centre and the states. The tax base under GST virtually covers all goods and services except 5 petroleum products, (crude oil, natural gas, aviation turbine fuel, diesel and petrol) and liquor, with minimum exemptions.

Impact of GST for Nagaland:

- GST will reduce tax evasion
- Proportionate distribution of revenue among the states
- Support to businesses

B. TREASURIES AND ACCOUNTS:

Note: * Figure for 2017-18 is up to December 2017 only
* Revenue target for 2017-18 is Rs.44910.00 lakhs
• 11 District Treasuries and 12 Sub-Treasuries
• Main organ of the State Government that administers and enforces the financial rules and regulations in the functioning of all government departments.
• Civil Entitlement (NPS & Pay Slip):
  ▶ National Pension Scheme (NPS): Uploading of the details of the contribution of each employee will directly link with NSDL Mumbai through online internet facility after the system is made fully functional.
  ▶ Pay Slip: Issues Pay Slip from December 2015 in cases of upgraded posts/contract employees, gazetted officers where A.G. is not issuing the same.
  ▶ Computerization: On successful implementation of the Cash Management Product (CMP), the State Treasuries will have direct interface with the State Bank of India.
  ▶ Internal Audit: Conduct Internal Audit of the governmental and non-governmental bodies receiving government grants.
  ▶ Treasuries & Sub-Treasuries: Handles all government transactions for 1059 DDOs in Nagaland. All government transactions including pension payments are scrutinized and passed by treasury for payment and revenue collections are collected through various treasury challan.
  ▶ Monitoring Cell: Monitors the DDO-wise expenditure of all departments on the basis of monthly monitoring reports received from various treasuries and sub-treasuries and submitted to the Finance Department.

C. NAGALAND STATE LOTTERIES
• With the introduction of the Lotteries (Regulation) Rules 2010 framed by the Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, the scope of lottery trade and earnings have enhanced to a great extent.
• With a view to supplement the revenue of the state, Government has passed the Nagaland Prohibition of Gambling and Promotion and Regulation of Online Games of Skill Act, 2015, and Rules 2016, issued license of Online Games of Skill to 7 firms w.e.f. December 2016. License is issued for a period of 5 years which may be renewed annually subject to compliance of prescribed conditions.

• **Nature of works and activities:**
  ➢ To conduct/monitor the lottery draws through the distributor appointed by the Government from time to time.
  ➢ Provide part-time opportunities to gazetted officers, retired officers and NGO office bearers by appointing them as judges for the lottery draws conducted every day for which they are paid a lump amount of honorarium.

• **Name of the Distributor, Nagaland State Lotteries:**
  ➢ M/S Future Gaming & Hotel Services Pvt. Ltd. is the present distributor of Nagaland State Lotteries.

• **Name & Address of the company:**
  - M/S Future Gaming & Hotel Services Pvt. Ltd.
  Distributor, Nagaland State Lotteries,
  54, G.N. Mills Post, Mettupalayam Road, Coimbatore – 641029

• **Lottery markets:** At present, Nagaland State lotteries tickets are marketed in West Bengal, Maharashtra and Punjab.

• **Firms of license holders of Online Games of Skill:**
  ➢ Issued license to 7 firms:-
  - M/s WYZ Games India Pvt. Ltd. Bengaluru
  - Club Empire Tech Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata
  - Tiktok Skill Games Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi
  - K365 Assets Pvt. Ltd. Bengaluru
  - Baazi Network Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata
  - Sachar Gaming Pvt. Ltd. Mumbai
  - Quantum Skill Gaming & Tech Pvt. Ltd. Kolkata
Collected Rs. 47.25 crore (upto 3rd Quarter) from TDS for the central government.

- Rate of government share:
  - Lotteries:
    - Government revised the Deed of Interim Agreement on 10.11.2017, for enhancement of state share w.e.f. 13.11.2017 as shown below:
      i. From Rs. 14,000/- to Rs. 20,000/- per normal/weekly draws with enhancement of 5% every year.
      ii. From Rs. 7,50,000/- to Rs. 10,00,000/- per bumper draw with enhancement of 10% every year.
  - Online Games of Skill:
    - Application fee @Rs 50,000/- per applicant
    - Annual license fee @ Rs. 10.00 lakh per game per annum, or Rs. 25.00 lakh for a bouquet of games per annum for the first 3 years, and @ Rs. 20.00 lakh per game per annum or Rs. 50.00 lakh for a bouquet of games per annum for the next 2 years.
  - 0.5% of the gross revenue (less Service Tax) of the license as royalty to the State Government.

- Revenue receipts from Lotteries & Online Games of Skill:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Target (Rs in crores)</th>
<th>Actual achievement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>14.30 crore</td>
<td>14,76,56,880/- (upto February 2018)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Present scenario of fisheries in Nagaland:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Units/Nos.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fish Production</td>
<td>8990.5 MT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Statistics of fish production:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>2017-18</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volume (MT)</td>
<td>Area (Ha)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ponds and Tanks</td>
<td>7422.20</td>
<td>3375.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Paddy-cum-Fish Culture</td>
<td>1199.90</td>
<td>3340.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Doyang Reservoir</td>
<td>359.26</td>
<td>2258.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rivers/Streams etc.</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Lakes/Weirs/Swamps etc.</td>
<td>6.04</td>
<td>1040.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>8990.50</td>
<td>10013.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Achievements/Programmes:

- Under “Blue Revolution-Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries,” the Department embarked on vision to construct new ponds/tanks, renovation of existing new ponds/tanks, rejuvenation of urban/semi-urban/rural lakes tanks for fish culture in the state.
- Under North Eastern Council (NEC), some of the ongoing projects are development of paddy-cum-fish culture and fishery projects at Molungyimsen (Mokokchung), Lamhai Dunki (Peren) and Ghowoto village (Dimapur).
- To improve and provide hygienic stalls/cabins to fish vendors, the Department has earmarked to establish 59 fish kiosks by
covering all the districts. So far, 38 fish kiosks established.

Under Pradhan Mantri Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (PM-RKVY) scheme embarked on activities such as development and management of water bodies, fisheries marketing/post harvest infrastructure development, capacity building and skill upgradation.

Fund availability on yearly-basis ending the Annual Plan 2017-18, an average fish production of 8990.5 MT achieved.

State Plan Schemes:

- **Direction and Administration:** Priority to revamp the departmental office buildings and also to incur expenses on office expenditures which are in dilapidated state/condition.

- **Extension and Training:** On different aspects of freshwater aquaculture to the small, marginal and progressive fish farmers, the department incurred an amount of Rs. 10.00 lakh under training, capacity building.

- **Integrated Fish Farming:** System of integrating fish culture in wet terrace paddy field and rearing of livestock paddy-cum-culture along with 30,000 Ha, potential resources under ponds-fish-culture for integrating with livestock farming is envisaged to be taken up in a phase-wise manner.

- **Paddy-cum-fish culture:** Strong dykes/semi-permanent embankments as it helps to retain sufficient water for prolong cultural period at desired depth enhancing fish production by augmenting the productivity level from 350 Kg/Ha. to 500 kg/Ha.

- **Fish and Fish Seed Production:**
  - **Assistance to pisciculturist:** Supply/distribution of fast growing compatible major carp seeds at 50% subsidized rates so as to augment more fish production, compatible prawn seeds (Post Larvae) produced through artificial seawater in-vitro conditions at Nathanglu Prawn hatchery, Mokokchung
successfully propagated for monoculture or polyculture practices.

- **Fish Marketing, Research and Quality Control**: Chocolate Mahseer (Neolissochilus Hexagonolepis) as State Fish through NBFGGR. A fish museum at the Laboratory-cum-Awareness Centre, Dimapur.

- **Women Empowerment/Development (Gender Budgeting)**: Integrating women in fish farming through development process and activities by organizing Awareness programmes/capacity building and assisting the grass root women as economic Self Help Groups (SHGs) in providing inputs, additional return/benefits towards pond management that directly sustain family livelihoods.

- **Survey on Fisheries Resources (Database Networking)**: GIS mapping of the state with special reference to total water bodies available in the state.

- **Negotiated Loan under NABARD (RIDF XX)**:

  - **Construction of kiosks in all the districts**: It is only through retail markets, fishes are traded to the kiosks/outlets to reach the actual consume. Project of developing 14 kiosks in all the districts is going on.

- **Blue Revolutionary (Neel Kranti) Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries (80:20)**:

  - **Objectives**: Construction of new ponds/tanks, Renovation of existing new ponds/tanks and Rejuvenation of urban/semi-urban/rural lakes/tanks for fish culture.

- **North Eastern Council Sponsored Scheme (90:10)**: To boost integrated fisheries development in the state sponsored schemes against the fishery project at Lamhai Dunki village, Peren, Ghowoto village, Dimapur and Molongyimsen, Mokokchung were taken up.

- **Pradhan Mantri Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (PMRKVY)**
Activities such as development and management of water of water bodies, fisheries marketing/post harvest infrastructure development, capacity building and skill upgradation in the state.

**FOOD & CIVIL SUPPLIES**

- **National Food Security Act 2013:**
  - To provide food and nutritional security at affordable prices to eligible beneficiaries implemented in the state w.e.f. July 2016.
  - BPL & APL amalgamated and termed as priority Household (PHH).
  - Basing on the Census 2011, in line with the Central Government's guidelines, 2,37,434 PHH and 47500 AAY were identified which covers a total population of 14,03,579.
  - The break-up districts wise are as under:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>AAY Ration Cards</th>
<th>Total Population Under AAY</th>
<th>Priority Household Ration Cards</th>
<th>Total Population Covered Under Priority Household</th>
<th>Total Ration Cards Under (AAY+PHH)</th>
<th>Total Population Covered under (AAY+PHH)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>6073</td>
<td>30267</td>
<td>54818</td>
<td>265576</td>
<td>60891</td>
<td>295843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>3590</td>
<td>13845</td>
<td>7835</td>
<td>42129</td>
<td>11425</td>
<td>55974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>4817</td>
<td>19850</td>
<td>24070</td>
<td>114470</td>
<td>28887</td>
<td>134320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>2630</td>
<td>9364</td>
<td>6637</td>
<td>29680</td>
<td>9267</td>
<td>39044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>5500</td>
<td>20992</td>
<td>26160</td>
<td>124439</td>
<td>31660</td>
<td>145431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>4665</td>
<td>23948</td>
<td>27822</td>
<td>158961</td>
<td>32487</td>
<td>192909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>2790</td>
<td>12554</td>
<td>9947</td>
<td>47106</td>
<td>12737</td>
<td>59660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>4505</td>
<td>16746</td>
<td>22463</td>
<td>97274</td>
<td>26968</td>
<td>114020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>4170</td>
<td>20121</td>
<td>23896</td>
<td>129513</td>
<td>28066</td>
<td>149634</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>4270</td>
<td>21766</td>
<td>17156</td>
<td>88558</td>
<td>21426</td>
<td>110354</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Under the PHH Scheme, each beneficiary is provided 5 Kg of Rice @ Rs. 3 per Kg.

- Under AAY Scheme, each household is provided 35 Kg of Rice @ Rs. 3/- per Kg.
- 76 Public Distribution Centres and 1622 Fair Price Shops (FPSs) in the state.

- **Sugar**: The present monthly requirement is 1179 MT.
- **Superior Kerosene Oil (SKO)**: The monthly allocation of Superior Kerosene Oil (SKO) to the state is 855 KL.
- **Vigilance Committee**: Constituted at District Level, Fair Price Shop(s) level/ Village (s) level to oversee the implementation of the scheme and to redress public grievances.
- **Godown Network**: The following 4 FSDs are presently available in Nagaland.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Storage Capacity MT</th>
<th>Date From Which FSD Operative</th>
<th>Whether FCI Owned/ Hired/CWC Owned etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>FSD, Dimapur</td>
<td>10134</td>
<td>October 1968</td>
<td>CWC And FCI Owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>FSD, Mokokchung</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>January 1991</td>
<td>FCI Owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>FSD, Mon</td>
<td>2220</td>
<td>October 1995</td>
<td>FCI Owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>FSD, Tuensang</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>August 1992</td>
<td>FCI Owned</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- End to End Computerization of TPDS Operation in the state: Aims to ensure efficient and transparent delivery of subsidized food grains to the eligible beneficiaries.
- Major Achievement:
  - Completed 100% digitization of NFSA beneficiaries.
  - Aadhaar seeding of NFSA beneficiaries data increased from 0% to 55.45%.
  - Completed GPS mapping of 1622 FPSs (i.e. 1332 Rural and 290 Urban FPSs) and 36 state owned godowns and 40 sites for new godowns construction using compass coordination and google map.

**GEOLOGY & MINING**

- Achievements:
  (a) Mineral Exploration: Regional Coal Exploration in Melak-Tsurang valley Coalfield, Mokokchung:
    - Carrying out regional coal exploration in Melak-Tsurang valley coal field, Mokokchung.
    - Regional exploration in Changki Block-A (CCBA) geological field work and drilling operation was completed in March 2017. Drilling of 1659.20 m achieved by 2 drill units in 11 boreholes. Geological mapping carried out on 1:5000 scale over an area of 7.21 Sq. km. 18 Channel coal sampling carried out for quality characterization of the coal and sent to CMPDIL, Ranchi laboratory for analysis.
Regional coal exploration is in continuation in Changki Coal Block B (CCBB). Drilling commenced from May 2017 involving 3 drill units.

(b) **Geological investment and economic feasibility studies of Salumi Limestone Deposit, Kiphire:**
- Covering an area of 0.45 Sq.km, an inferred reserve of about 32.40 mmt of high grade limestone estimated from this deposit (333 as per UNFC).
- G-3-level exploration of Salumi limestone involving 250 m of core drilling and detailed chemical analysis of the core samples will be carried out during 2017-18 and 2018-19 to estimate the proved reserve and quality of the limestone.
- 5 drilling points released, the project is funded by National Mineral Exploration Trust (NMET).

(c) **Prospecting/Exploration of Platinum Group of Metals within Naga Hills Ophiolites at Thengahu Ridge Ziphu-Moke area, Phek:**
- Carried out the investigation of PHG at Thengahu ridge, Ziphu-Moke area, 50 representative samples of ultramafic cumulates collected and analyzed at NGRI, Hyderabad.

- Geoscience Studies/Investigation:
  - Seismology and Disaster Management: Undertaking ‘Seismic Microzonation’ of Dimapur in collaboration with CSIR-NEIST, Jorhat and NSDMA, Nagaland since 2017.
  - During the FSP 2017-18, data for the western part of Dimapur were generated which include seismotectonic mapping, seismic ambient noise data, GPR data, strong ground motion data, geotectonical data, geological and geomorphological data.

- **Mineral Development:** Implementation of Nagaland Coal Policy and revenue collection. The department implemented the Nagaland Coal Policy and Rules 2006:
The following activities issued about 3 Coal Mining Lease (CML) and 3 Small Pocket Deposit License (SPDL) mineral check-gate and development of manpower in coal bearing districts.

Set 4 coal depots, namely Singphan, Shetap, Tuli and Changki-Marani road.

Outsourcing gate: Outsourced 2 gates, namely Tuli and Tsutapela during 2016-17. However, during 2017-18, Tuli gate gate could not be outsourced.

Collected revenue from Coal Sector of Rs. 1 crore.

Implementation of the Nagaland Minor Mineral Concession, Rules, 2004: Overall minor mineral resources such as sandstone, marbles, granites and slates assessed in the state is about 317 MM. The department is authorized to issue License & Permit and levy taxes and royalty minor minerals.

Activities:
The department implements rules by issuing Quarry Permits/Licenses and levy royalty on minor minerals w.e.f from November 2017.

The department issued 7 Stone Quarry Permits and 15 Bricks Quarry Permits to individuals/parties.

Petroleum and Natural Gas Development:
The State Government framed the Nagaland Petroleum and Natural Rules and Regulations 2012 under Article 371 A.

Awarded 3 oil zones in Nagaland to 2 oil companies, namely M/s Metropolitan Oil and Natural Gas Pvt. Ltd. And M/S Assam Oil Company India Ltd. for oil exploration.

Constructed 3 field rest houses for oil exploration and exploitation at Changki, Champang and New Peren H.Q. If effectively implemented, it can generate 500 to 600 lakhs annual revenue to the state exchequer.

Ground Water Sector:
Carried out drilling of 7 tube wells at Kohima, Dimapur and Wokha and constructed 5 tube wells under deposit work in Kiphire, Tuensang and Dimapur from April 2017 to February 2018.

To harness groundwater for domestic purposes, 11 tube wells successfully developed and handed over to user agencies. Revenue generated from groundwater sector is 10.00 lakhs only.

Taken up identification of potential sites for groundwater recharge in Dimapur valley, 72 feasible recharge identified and mapped.

Censusing of tube wells, dug wells and spring source in 4 districts viz. Kohima, Dimapur, Wokha and Mokokchung is currently under progress to ascertain the groundwater reserves on availability and usage of water by the local population.

**Chemical Laboratory:**
Limestone, 81 samples collected from Moke area, Phak. Partial analysis of 33 samples done, which shows calcium content in the range of 46-52%.

63 water samples were collected and analysed and the result are within the permissible limit of India standard for drinking water.

Proximate analysis of 2 coal samples were received from Mokokchung and Mon. It is found that Tizit coal is of the bituminous grade.

**Geotechnical Investigation on Soil Stability Test:** Carried out geotechnical studies/investigation for soil stability test for foundation study of building construction, roads, bridges, hydel project etc. Also carried out 2 soil stability test.

**Museum:** Stores the samples of different types of minerals, rocks, fossils, geological structure etc. for identification and
**HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE**

- **Health Care Infrastructure:**
  **District wise distribution of Health Units**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>CHC</th>
<th>PHC</th>
<th>SHC</th>
<th>BD</th>
<th>SC</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>724</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** CHC = Community Health Centre; PHC = Primary Health Centre; SHC = Subsidiary Health Centre; BD = Big Dispensary; SC = Sub-Centre.

- **National Health Mission (NHM):** Launched in February 2006. Reducing maternal mortality, infant mortality and total fertility rates is one top priority under NRHM. The state figure of IMR is 12 as per SRS 2017 and TFR is 2.7 as per
NFHS. Some of the main achievements are:

ASHA: Accredited Social Health Activist or ASHA. Reinforce community action for universal immunization, safe delivery, newborn care, nutrition, sanitation and prevention of water borne and other communicable diseases.

Village Health & Nutrition Day (VH&ND): Held every month in a village so as to provide Health Care Services at the doorstep of the people. Since April to November 2017, 7410 VHNDs conducted.

Mobile Medical Unit and Referral Transport: 11 MMU and 80 Ambulance provided.

Emergency Medical Response: 102 Toll Free is operationalized for availing of Emergency Referral Transport for all.

National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP): To maintain prevalence rate 1/10,000 population and to eliminate leprosy from the state. The state is still maintaining overall achieved target i.e. 0.0.28 per 10,000 population till December 2017.


Achievements: DOTS

Total Number of TB Patients Notification (NIKSHAY)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Sector</td>
<td>2171(95%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Sector</td>
<td>695(70%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Active Case Finding (ACF) was done at 5 districts i.e at Dimapur, Peren, Tuensang, Kiphire and Mon.
- Daily Regimen was launched on 31st October 2017.
- 3 CBNAAT machines, sites are ready to be installed at Wokha, Phek and Kiphire.

Universal Immunization Programme (UIP):

Achievements of UIP
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>(2017-18)</th>
<th>Target (Infant Population According to 2011)</th>
<th>Achieved (HMIS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fully Immunized Infant Routine Immunization (9-11 months) April – December 2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>20547</td>
<td>12785 (62.2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDICATOR</td>
<td>(2018)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensified Pulse Polio Immunization (IPPI) 1st Round 28th January 2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>243915</td>
<td>218716 (89.6%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDICATOR</td>
<td>(2017-18)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intensified Mission Indradhanush (IMI) 7th October 2017-13th January 2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>9528</td>
<td>2259 *(23.7%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IPPI performance of 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>All Districts</th>
<th>1980602</th>
<th>2,43,915</th>
<th>218716</th>
<th>89.6%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Goal Target</td>
<td>2,27,397</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Coverage</td>
<td>2,18,716</td>
<td>(96%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Aims and objectives:**
  
  i. To immunize all infants with 1 dose of BCG and Measles
  ii. To immunize all infants with 3 doses of DTT & OPV
  iii. All pregnant women with 3 doses of Tetanus Toxoid (TT)

- **Reproductive Child Health (RCH):**

- **Child Health (CH):**
  
  i. 131 NBCC (New Born Care Corner) at all the delivery points providing delivery equipment.
  ii. Establishing NBSU (New Stabilization Unit) at 16 FRUs across
the districts.

iii. 3 SNCU (Sick Neonatal Care Unit) at NHAK and DH Dimapur, DH Mokokchung.

iv. JSSK with referral facility for sick new born and infants is available at all health units where deliveries are being conducted.

v. 2 week IDC (Intensified Diarrhoea Control Campaign): Begins from last week of July to 1st week of August every year.

Activities/Achievements under Maternal Health (MH):

Janani Surakshi Yojana (JSY): To reduce maternal mortality & infant mortality rate, JSY integrates cash assistance with antenatal care (ANC) during pregnancy, institutional delivery & post partum period.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Entitlement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pregnant Mother (Pw)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>Rs 700/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>Rs 600/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asha*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>Rs 600/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>Rs 400/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*ASHA incentive is not permissible in private health institutions.

Janani Shishu Suraksha Karyakaram (JSSK):

i. An initiative to reduce out-of-pocket expenses related to maternal and newborn care

ii. Launched in 2012 in Nagaland

iii. 123 Health Units are availing JSSK as on December 2017.

LaQshya:

i) To reduce maternal & newborn mortality & morbidity

ii) To improve quality care during the delivery & immediate post partum care.

- Action plan (Proposal PIP 2018-19): To implement in 11
district hospitals & 2 CHCs (Noklak & Jalukie)

- Obstetric High dependency Unit (HDU) at Dimapur, Kohima & Mokokchung District Hospitals: HDU is an area in a hospital where patients can be cared more extensively than in a normal ward, but not to the point of intensive care.


- National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP):

  - 4 main objectives: (a) Early case detection & prompt treatment (b) Vector control measures (c) Capacity building and (d) IEC/BCC activities.

- National Framework For Malaria Elimination In India (2016-2030): Launched on 1st June 2017 in the state. State & District Task Force Committee for Malaria Elimination was also formed in the state as well as in the districts.

  - Goals: (a) Eliminate malaria (zero indigenous cases) throughout the entire country by 2030, and (b) Maintain malaria free status in areas where malaria transmission has been interrupted and prevent re-introduction of malaria.

Overview of Vector Borne Disease in the state:
IEC (BCC):
- Information Education Communication (IEC) and Behavioral Change Communication (BCC).
- To encourage community participation in the fight against Vector Borne Diseases.

National Programme for Control of Blindness (NPCB):
Launched in 1976 as a 100% centrally sponsored scheme with the goal of reducing the prevalence of Blindness to 0.3% by 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>April 2017-December 17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of Cataract Surgery Done</td>
<td>675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Cataract IOL Done</td>
<td>674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of School Children Examined</td>
<td>16094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of School Children With Ref. Error</td>
<td>3489</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spectacles Provided to School Children</td>
<td>1553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spectacles Provided to Old Persons</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development Activity – Construction of Eye OT Ward at Peren</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programme (NIDDCP): Nagaland IDD Cell was established in 1987.
Achievement:

a) Salt sample tested with STK by ASHAs = 91,876
b) Salt samples tested by Lab. method = 750
c) Urine sample analyzed = 1,980

“Ambassador’s Pin” launched on the platform of more than 80 government teachers from different schools, 20 ASHA monitors, 7 laboratory technicians who pledged “IDD: My Concern” to join this race in the fight against IDDs at Kohima.

AYUSH programme:

a) To Strengthen AYUSH programme, 40 AYUSH Doctors as MOs under CHCs, PHCs and DH, 11 AYUSH doctors as MO SHP under School Health Programme (RBS), 10 AYUSH doctors as MO AWC under AWC (RBSK), 10 AYUSH doctors as MO Epidemiologist, 3 AYUSH doctors as Programme Manager, quality assurance were appointed under National Health Mission on contractual basis.

b) 10 Bedded Integrated AYUSH Hospital at Dimapur functioning since October 2016.
c) 30 Bedded Integrated AYUSH Hospital at Noklak, Tuensang is completed, manpower to be recruited.
d) School Health Programme through AYUSH Mission, covering 2 blocks each in all the 11 districts.
e) Under National AYUSH Mission, free medical camp conducted at various blocks and units as per state annual plan:-
   - Public Health Outreach at Riphyim village, Wokha, V.K town, Zunheboto, Ruzaphema, Dimapur and Athibung, Peren.
   - AYUSH Gram at Khonoma village, Kohima and Meluri, Phek.

Drugs Control: The Nagaland State Drugs Control Administration is an enforcement wing under the department, responsible for the availability and assurance of quality, safety and efficacy of drugs/medicines to the public through enforcement.
Activities Status:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sampling</th>
<th>No. of Sample</th>
<th>Substandard</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>New Drugs License</th>
<th>Renewal of DL</th>
<th>Revenue Collected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wholesale</td>
<td>Retail</td>
<td>Wholesale/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **National Programme for Prevention & Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases & Stroke (NPCDCS):** Launched since 2014.

- **Monthly report from 1st April – December 2017:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Cumulative During the Year (April 2017 – December 2017)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Patients Who Attended NCD Clinics</td>
<td>3820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Patients Diagnosed With</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Diabetes Mellitus</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hypertension</td>
<td>606</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cardiovascular Diseases</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cancers</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Patients Counselling for Health Promotion &amp; Prevention of NCDS</td>
<td>531</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Patients Who Attended for Physiotherapy</td>
<td>336</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Integrated Disease Surveillance Programme (IDSP):* Objective is to detect early warning of impending out breaks and help initiate an effective response in a timely manner.
## National Tobacco Control Programme (NTCP):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Detailed Activities</th>
<th>Achievement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Training</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>School Programme</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>l. School Programme Conducted</td>
<td>118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ii. School Children Covered</td>
<td>15,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>iii. Tobacco Free Education Institute</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Community Programme</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>i. Tobacco Free Village</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Enforcement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>i. Enforcement Drive</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ii. Challans Issued</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>iii. Amount Collected From The Violators</td>
<td>24,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Functional TCC (Tobacco Cessation Centre)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>i. Naga Hospital, Kohima</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ii. District Hospital, Dimapur</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>iii. District Hospital, Wokha</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>iv. District Hospital, Peren</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>v. CIHSR, Dimapur</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>vi. Shalom Home, Dimapur</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>vii. Eden Medical Centre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Tobacco User Counselling under TCC</td>
<td>390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Car stickers, Flex banner for college, Nursing college &amp; CIHSR, Leaflets distribution, Hoardings, Bookmarks, Posters &amp; Signatures, Tobacco awareness street &amp; theatre play</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>IEC Activities Carried Out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• **School Health Programme (SHP):**
  - To provide comprehensive care to children between the age group of 0-18 years of age
  - 22 mobile health teams who screen pre-school age enrolled at Anganwadi Centers and children studying in government schools.

• **Adolescent Health/RKSK:** Focuses on age groups 10-19 years with universal coverage, i.e. males and females; urban and rural; in school and out of school; married and unmarried; and vulnerable and under-served

• **National Mental Health Programme (NMHP):** 2 District Mental Health Programme (DMHP) viz- Dimapur and Mokokchung are functioning since 2016. The Ministry has approved Kohima DMHP during 2017-18 ROP and is under process to make it functional.

➢ **Services:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIT</th>
<th>OPD</th>
<th>IPD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>247</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMHIK</td>
<td>857</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1193</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**New initiative:** 2 new districts, Mon and Phek proposed to the Ministry in the new PIP 2018-19 for the functioning of District Mental Health Programme.

➢ **Nagaland Health Project (NHP):** Formally launched on June 1st 2017 to improve health services and increase their utilization by communities in targeted locations.

➢ **Achievements:**

- **Component 1:** Community Action on Health & Nutrition – 143 sites taken up in addition to pilot sites. Training on CAHN imparted to the HCMC, HSCMC and VHC of 143 sites.
- **Component 2: Health System Development** – a) Technical Assessment for alternative energy source for electricity, improving water and sanitation and infrastructure of District Hospital.
b) Bio-Medical Waste Management
c) Supply Chain Management System
d) Medical College

- **Nagaland State AIDS Control Society (NSACS):**
  - In the continuation of Phase-IV, new initiatives under NACP-IV:
    a) Differential strategies for districts based on data triangulation with due weightage to vulnerabilities.
    b) Scale up of programmes to target key vulnerabilities
c) Scale up of Multi-Drug Regimen for Prevention of Parent to Child Transmission.
d) Demand promotion strategies specially using mid-media

  - **Main components:**
    a) Care Support And Treatment (CST)/ Anti Retroviral Therapy
    b) Targeted Interventions (TI)/Opioid Substitution Therapy (OST)
    c) Information Education and Communication (IEC)
    d) Blood Safety/Blood Donation and Transfusion
e) Integrated Counseling and Testing Centers (ICTC)
f) Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI)/ Suraksha Clinics
g) Strategic Information Management Unit (SIMU)

District AIDS Prevention & control unit (DAPCU) is placed in all the 10”A” category of Nagaland. 10 DAPCUs, namely Kohima, Dimapur, Wokha, Mokokchung, Zunheboto, Phek, Kiphire, Tuensang and Mon.

- **Facilities available:**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Facilities</th>
<th>No. In Place</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>District Aids Prevention &amp; Control Unit (DAPCU)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Dist. Headquarter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Anti Retroviral Therapy (ART) Center</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Facility Integrated ART Centre</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dist/Sub-Dist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Link ART Centers</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Dist/Sub-Dist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Integrated Counseling &amp; Training Centre (ICTC)</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital/CHC/PHC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Prevention of Parent to Child Transmission (PPTCT)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>NACO Support Blood Bank</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Laboratory Services</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Designated Sti/Rti Clinic (DSRC)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Opioid Substitution Therapy (OST)</td>
<td>31(26+5)</td>
<td>Dist. Hospital/CHC/NGOs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>NGO (Targeted Intervention)</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Across the State</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **HIV Prevalence Rate:** Adult HIV Prevalence rate 0.78% (Source: NACO Technical Report 2015). General Population Prevention Rate 0.82% (Source: NACO HSS 2016-17 Report)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Typology</th>
<th>Attended</th>
<th>Treated</th>
<th>Voluntary Donation</th>
<th>Total Collection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DSRC</td>
<td>4580</td>
<td>2276</td>
<td>Family donation</td>
<td>3219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGO TI</td>
<td>42681</td>
<td>553</td>
<td>Replacement Donation</td>
<td>1687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>47261</td>
<td>2829</td>
<td>Total Collection</td>
<td>7880</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana (RSBY):**
To provide health insurance coverage to the unrecognized sector workers belonging to the BPL category and their family members, so as to mitigate the burden of the hospitalization expenses and improve access to quality healthcare.

Eligible Below Poverty Line (BPL) family are enrolled on payment of registration fee of Rs. 30.00 per family. Enrolled beneficiaries are entitled to cashless hospitalization services from empanelled public as well as private hospitals. As on 31\textsuperscript{st} January 2017, 140512 beneficiaries enrolled, 18 private (7) and public (11) hospitals empanelled.

**Family Planning:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>2017-18</th>
<th>Achievements (Till 3\textsuperscript{rd} Qtr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Compensation for Female Sterilization</td>
<td>2663</td>
<td>1180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Compensation for Male Sterilization/ NSV Acceptance</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PPIUCD Services</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>IUD Services at Health Facilities (Including Fixed Day Service at SHC and PHC)</td>
<td>4631</td>
<td>3478</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Food Safety Cell:** Implemented in the State from 2012 – Committee appointed at state level and district level State public health laboratory.

**Health Intelligence Bureau (H.I.B):**

Collection and processing of health statistics and dissemination of information

Epidemic Intelligence

97
Morbidity mortality, vital statistic, programme statistic, health manpower, health facilities and other related data. Field studies through survey & research of the health indicators.

- National Oral Health Programme (NOHP):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Institute</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name of the University</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Central University</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nagaland University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Private University</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>i. The Institute of Chartered Financial Analysts of Indian University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ii. St. Joseph University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>State University</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>The Global Open University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Institute of National Importance</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>National Institute of Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Si. No.</td>
<td>Colleges</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Government</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>49</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>64</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Types of colleges:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Colleges</th>
<th>Government</th>
<th>Private</th>
<th>No. of Colleges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arts</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commerce</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Ed.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. Ed.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BBA</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BCA</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCA</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Music</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **District wise break up of colleges:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Si. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Colleges</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Government</td>
<td>Private</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>District</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Government</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Growth of Institutions and Students Enrolment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Institutions</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>No. of Degree Students</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>Government</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>22138</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Results under Nagaland University:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Stream</th>
<th>Total Appeared</th>
<th>Total Passed</th>
<th>Pass Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arts</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>2826</td>
<td>1506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Honours</td>
<td>3427</td>
<td>2469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Science</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Honours</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>229</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Private Secular Colleges:

49 Private Colleges that have been issued No Objection Certificate by the Department of Higher Education, given grant-in-aid annually subject to allotment of fund by the government.

Theological Colleges granted NOC: 29

Activities:

Rashtriya Uchchtar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA):
- The objective is to improve the quality of the higher education sector through sectoral, institutional academic & governance reforms, etc. Implementing 4 RUSA components since 2014-15.
- Achievement made under RUSA during the last 2 years:
  
  i. Infrastructure Grants to colleges sanctioned for up-gradation of library, laboratory, hostels, administrative building, campus development and construction of new computer centres in 15 government colleges.

  ii. Vocationalization of Higher Education sanctioned for introduction of vocational training programmes like Horticulture/Pisciculture/Floriculture/Apiculture/ Mushroom Cultivation/ Driving and Motoring/Electronics Repairing/ Physical Education and Basic Computer Education in 15 government colleges.

  iii. New Model Degree College: Setting up of Wakching New Model College, Mon for Science Education.

  iv. Research, Innovation and Improvement: Implementation of the Nagaland State Research Project titled “An investigation of...
high resolution spatio-temporal variation of morphological, microphysical and rainfall properties of precipitating systems and its social impact: An integrated multi sensor and multi institutional approach” has been sanctioned.

**Accreditation and Assessment:**
Out of 64 colleges, 21 colleges are NAAC accredited colleges and many colleges have initiated the process of accreditation to progress towards quality and excellence in Higher Education.

By 2021, the department hope that all the colleges in the state are accredited by NAAC.

**Autonomous Colleges:** Kohima Science College, Jotsoma and Patkai Christian College, Seithekema.

**All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE):**
Initiated in 2010-11 to build a robust database and to assess the correct picture of higher education.

Main objectives:

i. Identify and capture all the institutions of higher learning

ii. Collect the data from all the higher education institutions on various aspects of higher education.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of the Scholarship Schemes</th>
<th>Name of the Funding Agencies</th>
<th>Eligibility Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1      | CSS-Post Matric Scholarship for ST Students of Nagaland | Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Gol | Eligible For:  
  a) ST Students Of Nagaland State (Only)  
  b) Students Whose Parents/Guardians Annual Income From All Sources Does Not Exceed Rs. 2,50,000/- (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand) Only  
  c) Students Who Are Pursuing Post Matric Course Of Studies In Recognized Colleges/Universities Within India. |
| 2      | NEC Stipend and Book Grant under NEC Plan Scheme “Financial Support to Students of North Eastern Region for Higher Professional Courses.” | NEC, Shillong, Goi | Eligible For:  
  a) ST & General Students of Nagaland  
  b) ST Students Who Have Secured 60% Marks in the Last Qualifying Final Examination and 75% Marks for Students Belonging to General Category.  
  c) Students Who are Pursuing Higher Professional Course of Studies in the Courses Which are Approved by NEC. |
|   | Nagaland State Merit Scholarship | Nagaland Government | Eligible For:  
a) ST & Indigenous Students of Nagaland State Who Secured 1st Division with 80% Marks Or Equivalent Grade in HSLC/HSSLC and 70% Marks in Degree Final Examination Studying in Recognized Colleges/Universities Within India. |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 4 | Nagaland State Research Fellowship | Nagaland Government | Eligible For:  
Research Scholars Belonging to ST & Indigenous Category of Nagaland Who are Pursuing M. Phil/PhD Course in Recognized Universities Within India |

- **E-Scholarship Form:**

  From 2016-17, the Department in collaboration with the Department of Information Technology & Communication and National Informatics Centre, has made all possible effort to provide online scholarship application.

  The following schemes are online, it has been made mandatory for students of Nagaland State to apply online for the schemes mentioned below:

  1. Centrally Sponsored Scheme of Post Matric Scholarship for ST student of Nagaland.
  2. Nagaland State Merit Scholarship.
  3. NEC Stipend and Book Grant.

- **Grant-In Aid:**

  The objective of grant-in aid is to provide financial...
aid to colleges recognized by the State Government for augmentation and quality improvement of higher education in Nagaland.

➢ At present, the Department is granting financial assistance in the form of Grant-in-aid to private recognized colleges and to a number of other institutions. The amount of assistance is decided on the performance of students, student enrolment and other criteria.

➢ The amount received for 2017-18:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Plan</th>
<th>Non-Plan</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>NIL</td>
<td>265.00</td>
<td>265.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- University Grants Commission (UGC):

➢ Actively coordinating with UGC to help colleges in Nagaland to avail various schemes under the UGC.

➢ The number of colleges recognized by UGC is given below:

College under 2(F) & 12(B):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S 1. No.</th>
<th>Colleges</th>
<th>No. of Colleges in Nagaland</th>
<th>No. of 2(F) &amp; 12(B) College</th>
<th>No. of 2(F) Colleges</th>
<th>No. of Colleges yet to be Covered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Government Colleges</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Private Colleges</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>64</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Other Activities:

Digital Campus of Higher Education: The Directorate of Education has signed a MoU with Reliance Jio Infocom Ltd. on 12/9/17 for 15 government colleges and the Directorate. Reliance Jio will contribute the Internet infrastructure with its highly advanced 4G-LTE end-to-end IP-based network in these college campuses. So far, the installation of infrastructure completed in 14 colleges. Further, WIFI Internet connectivity installed in all government colleges.

SKY International Academy: The Department signed an MOU with SKY International Academy, Guwahati. The company offers 12 months diploma in enhancing skill in Aviation, Travel & Tourism & Hospitality Management.

Campus Green Project for Government Colleges: Initiated during 2016, it is aimed at creating awareness on the importance of green environment and conserving trees within the campus. Aims to transform the college area into a Green Zone within a period of 20 years.

Under Ek Bharat Shreshtha programme, a team of students and teachers under the Department visited Madhya Pradesh in February 2018. Under this exchange programme, a team from MP comprising of 14 students and teachers visited Nagaland from 16th - 21st March 2018.

BRIEF OVERVIEW OF THE DEPARTMENTS UNDER COMMISSIONER, NAGALAND:

1. DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION:

Law & Order: General law and order scenario in the state has been peaceful. The active intervention by the administration
with the assistance of the police have ensured that small localized incidents have not mushroomed into larger issues.

- **Aadhaar**: The Commissioner, Nagaland is the Registrar for the registration of persons under the UIDAI (Unique Identity Authority of India) for the state. The State was under the National Population Register (NPR) regime for generation of Aadhaar. However, the state has come under the UIDAI regime and there are 57 Enrolment Agencies (EA), which are all administrative offices. More than 10 lakh Aadhaar numbers generated so far.

- **Election**: Returning Officers and Assistant Returning Officers are administrative officers and necessary training for the conduct of elections.

- **Land Revenue**: Confined mainly to the acquisition of land for the use of the State Government and the central government agencies, eviction of persons in unauthorized occupation of public land and collection of land revenue. Revenue Administration comes under the respective Deputy Commissioners and only Kohima and Dimapur have a Revenue Officer who assists the Deputy Commissioner.

- **Civil Administrative Works Division (CAWD)**: Nodal Executing Agency for all the infrastructural development under General Administration, including maintenance of its own assets. Construction of new functional and non-functional buildings is taken up as per yearly budget allocation. As of now, CAWD is maintaining more than 1400 number of both hill types and RCC buildings in 115 Administrative Centers, including District Headquarters.

- **Village Guards Organization**: Rs.100 lakh has been placed under the State Plan for construction of various infrastructures spread across the 5 VG districts. Total of 9583 VG personnel.
2. **POLICE DEPARTMENT:**

- In the 11 districts, there are 11 DEFs (District Executive Force) Dimapur district is headed by DIG rank officer designated as Commissioner of Police and remaining 10 districts headed by an Officer of the rank of Superintendent of Police and there are 15 battalions, each of them is being headed by a commandant. Out of 15, 8 are NAP (Nagaland Armed Police) battalions and 7 are IRB (Indian Reserve Battalion) including a Mahila Battalion. Besides the DEF and NAP establishment, the Police Department has 9 support units namely:
  1. Intelligence Unit
  2. Police Engineering Project
  3. Nagaland Police Tele-Communication Organisation (NPTO)
  4. Police Central Workshop
  5. Police Referral Hospital
  6. Mini Forensic Laboratory (FSL)
  7. Signal Training School
  8. Nagaland Police Training School (NPTS)
  9. Nagaland Armed Police Training Centre (NAPTC)

- **Modernisation of Police Force for 2017-18 (Non-Plan):** (Rs. in Lakhs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Mobility</td>
<td>276.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Operational Equipments</td>
<td>48.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Weaponry</td>
<td>147.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Training Equipments</td>
<td>112.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Modern Communication System</td>
<td>111.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Security Equipments/BDDS Equipments/Anti-Riot Equipments</td>
<td>479.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>FSL Equipments</td>
<td>79.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1255.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Home Guards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a)</td>
<td>Mobility</td>
<td>50.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b)</td>
<td>Solar Panelling</td>
<td>5.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>1312.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Detention and arrests:**
  - **ILP Detentions:** 32 persons (Upto 11th December 2017)
  - **Seizure Contraband Goods:** (Upto 11th December 2017)
    - Liquor: 2,12,820 bottles
    - Ganja: 6,478 Kg 747 gm
    - Medico drug: 2,63,500 Nos.
    - Opium: 47 Kg, 221 gm & 6 pkts
    - Brown Sugar/Heroin: 15 Kg, 761 gm & 4 pkts.
  - **Achievement of the NPTO during 2017:** 1,71,346 messages consisting of 78,61,588 groups/words were handled over the NPTO network.

- **Police Engineering Project (Demand No 68 PEP):**
  1. Public Works (Police) PLAN - Rs. 450.00 lakh
  2. Negotiated Loan (HUDCO) - Rs. 521.00 lakh
  3. CSS/CPS - Rs. 4447.00 lakh
  Total - Rs. 5418.00 lakh

3. **FIRE & EMERGENCY SERVICES:**

- **Inputs:** The organization have the following inputs for fighting the fire incidents which are distributed to various fire stations:
1. Water Tender Pumps - 43
2. Other Vehicles - 36
Total - 79

- **Achievements:**
  i) Various categories of 119 fire calls have been responded and had saved property worth about Rs. 3733.60 lakh of state's wealth and the estimated property lost during the year is about Rs. 1509.22 lakh.
  ii) Construction of Directorate building is in progress.
  iii) Construction of Dimapur and Jalukie Fire Station is on the verge of completion.

- **Schemes to be implemented:** Basing on SFAC and MHA criteria, the department is eying for establishing fire station in all the ADC's Headquarters, 11 fire stations in the District Headquarters and 1 Training Institute.

4. **HOME GUARDS & CIVIL DEFENCE DEPARTMENT:**
- Assisting the civil police for the maintenance of internal security, law and order, traffic regulation, besides providing protection to the important installation for both central and state establishments, banks, VIPs house guard.
- The Nagaland State Disaster Response Force (SDRF) drawn from the serving Home Guards & Civil Defence volunteers are trained as a special force for response to disasters, and these personnel have been stationed in the 8 districts in order to respond to disaster promptly and efficiently.
- **Central Training Institute:** Located at Toluvi, Dimapur following training were conducted.
  - Basic training for the Home Guards/Civil Defence Volunteers:
    - Refreshers Course for State Disaster Response Force (SDRF)
    - Disaster Management SDRF training for NAP (IR) Batallions/
DEFs/Village Guards.
- Disaster Management (Dedicated State Disaster Response Force) training of the Home Guards Volunteers
- Disaster Management First Responder (MFR).
- **Enforcement of Wages for Home Guards**: Enhanced the Duty Allowances of Home Guards personnel from Rs. 150/- per head per day to Rs. 520/- per head per day with effect from April 2017.
- **Modernization Scheme**: With the use of this fund, remarkable improvement is being made in the following areas - Wireless communication, Mobility, Construction of infrastructure at districts level & CTI, Dimapur.
- **Plan (Capital)**: Rs. 200.00 lakh approved under ‘State Plan’ and ‘Negotiated Loan’ during 2017-18, for improvement of infrastructure development and amenities at Central Training Institute, Dimapur and for construction of Jawan Baracks at Peren and Longleng districts under ‘Negotiated Loan.’

5. **PRISONS DEPARTMENT**:
- **Infrastructure Development**: Solely depends on the Annual State Plan Fund for the infrastructure development of jails. Budget allocation under ‘Plan’ for 2017-18 is Rs. 167/- lakh. 13 sanctioned jails in the state, out of which 11 jails are functional, namely Central Jail at Dimapur and 10 District Jails, each at Kohima, Mokokchung, Tuensang, Mon, Wokha, Phek, Zunheboto, Dimapur, Peren and Kiphire. District Jail, Longleng is under construction.
- **Correctional & Rehabilitation**: The Department for the first time took part in the Republic Day Celebration 2017 in Kohima and Hornbill Festival 2017 at Kisama in setting up exhibition and sale stall with the product from various jails, produced by the inmates.
6. **SECRETARIAT ADMINISTRATION BRANCH:**
- Consist of 2 branches i.e. ‘A’ Branch looks after the establishment matter of Stenographers, UDAs, LDAs, Typists, Computer Staff and other Grade-III staff and ex-cadre post under Nagaland Civil Secretariat and ‘B’ Branch looks after the establishment matter of Grade IV employees.
- (SAB) looks after the security of the Nagaland Civil Secretariat. SAB is also responsible for proper upkeep and maintenance of the Civil Secretariat Complex and providing accommodation to the officers and staff of the State Civil Secretariat.

7. **STATE GUEST HOUSES:**
- **Delhi:**
  - Nagaland House, Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam Road: There are 17 rooms.
  - Nagaland Guest House at B-50, South Extension, Part-1, New Delhi: 10 double-bedded rooms.
  - Nagaland Guest House at R. K. Puram, Sector-12, New Delhi: Completed and inaugurated on 25\textsuperscript{th} November 2017.
  - Construction of staff quarters at Dwarka, New Delhi (Phase-1&II): Is in good progress, 72 Type I & II flats are completed and the other Type VI, 32 flats are in good progress. Regarding Tower 2, upto 6\textsuperscript{th} floor slab has been constructed and the brick work is going on.
  - Budget allotment is Rs. 985,31000
  - Revenue collection for 2017-18 is Rs. 37,56,825
- **Kolkata:**
  - Nagaland House, Shakespeare Sarani: 4 VIP Suites, 16 A/C Rooms, 4 Non A/C Rooms, 1 Girls’ Dormitory and 1 Boys’ Dormitory.
  - Nagaland House, Salt Lake: Besides the Governor & Chief Ministers Suites (9\textsuperscript{th} & 8\textsuperscript{th} floors) there are 4 VIP Suites, 30 A/C
Rooms, 1 Girls Dormitory and 2 Boys' Dormitory.

Revenue collection for 2017-18 is Rs. 101,33,300.

- **Guwahati:**
  - Nagaland House, Six Mile, Khanapara: 8 VVIP/VIP suits, 4 ordinary single Room with A/C, 2 ordinary single rooms, Non A/C and 2 Dormitory
  - Nagaland House, (Medical Lodge): 2 VIP Rooms with A/C, 4 Deluxe Rooms Non A/C and 4 ordinary rooms.

- Budget allotted for 2017-18 is Rs. 152,82,00

- **Revenue Collection:** Nagaland House Six Mile, Khanapara collected revenue from Seat Rent amounting to Rs. 21,07,600 and revenue collected from Seat Rent (Medical Lodge) amounting Rs. 10,36,800

- Nagaland Tourism Counter at LGBI International Airport, Guwahati: Monthly rent of Rs. 18,786 is paid to the Airport Authority at Guwahati. The Tourism Counter acts as a help desk to tourists wanting to visit Nagaland especially during Hornbill Festivals.

- Nagaland House Site at Azara: Construction of the building has been put on hold.

- **SHILLONG:**
  - Nagaland House, Shillong: Office of the Assistant Resident Commissioner, earmarked by the North Eastern Council, Gol, Shillong for the upgradation of the existing State Guest House. Total cost of the project is to the tune of Rs. 181.34 lakh. Revenue collected is Rs. 5,77,750

- Medical Lodge at New Shillong (NEIGRIMS): The Government of Meghalaya had allotted 2.26 crores of Prime land near NEIGRIMS, New Shillong for construction of Medical Lodge (Rest House) on lease for 30 years w.e.f. 1st August 2016. Clause (5) of lease agreement stipulates that the site should be put into use within a period of 5 years (i.e. within 01-08-
2021) failing which the allotment is liable to be cancelled by the lessee. As of now, only boundary fencing has been constructed.

> **State Guest House Kohima:** Located at Old Minister’s Hill, Kohima, main purpose is to accommodate the State Guest delegates from outside the state due to paucity of state government quarters. The house has been occupied by the senior most officers wherever the house is free. Revenue collected from April 2017 to November 2017 is Rs. 68,000. Budget allotment 2017-18 Rs. 74,02,000.

7. **NAGALAND STATE DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY:**
   - To empower the local community in disaster management, the NSDMA carries out hands-on Community First Responder (CFR) trainings. CFRs will be in place in every village by the end of 2018.
   - Under NDRF, NSDMA has gap funded for the restorative civil works affected by major landslides across the state. Through the SDRF, NSDMA caters to every disaster caused by natural calamities in the state. SDRF is disbursed through the respective District Disaster Management Authorities (DDMAs).
   - Conducted a Nagaland Emergency Preparedness Exercise (NEPEX) on the 29th and 30th August 2017, to generate awareness among the communities and different agencies on how to establish mechanism for effective response to any disaster. Observed its first Disaster Risk Reduction Day on 13th October 2017.
   - Also conducted 2 workshops for Faith Based Organizations (FBOs) Kohima and Longleng, to sensitize faith based organizations on importance of disaster management and disaster risk reduction in religious institutions.
9. DIRECTORATE OF PRINTING & STATIONERY:

- The stationery wing caters to distribution of stationery items to different indenting departments on payment basis through treasury challan which goes to the government exchequer directly as revenue. Also issues various scheduled forms/gazettes etc. free of cost to State Government establishments as per their annual requirements. The printing wing undertakes all government printing works such as official Gazettes, Finance accounts, Appropriation of Accounts, Audit and CAG Reports, writing pads, Nagaland wall calendars etc. Also engages in printing VIP speeches/invitation cards, Annual Administrative Reports and Budget documents.

- Achievement:
  - Purchased desktop computers, digital production printer, gestetner copiers, single colour offset machine and chemicals.
  - Gave short term skill upgradation training to the technical officers and staff from expert technician, M/S Ricoh Company Ltd. Calcutta.
  - Downloading of official e-gazette and common forms would available for all from the website.

10. SAINIK WELFARE & RE-SETTLEMENT:
- Defence Pension Adalat: Organized by PCDA (P), Allahabad at Dimapur where 500 veterans and their families attended. Total pension cases received is 146, out of which 117 cases settled on the spot and remaining 29 cases taken up by PCDA(P), Allahabad and will be resolved in due course of time from Allahabad. Staff of RSB ZSBs were present to assist and guide ESM and widows.
• **Ex-Servicemen Rally:** Organized by the Directorate with assistance from 44 Mtn Bde at Zakhama Military Station on 5\(^{th}\) May 2017 for Ex-Servicemen of Kohima, Phek, Kiphire, Wokha and Zunheboto. In all the District HQs, ex-servicemen of Nagaland have been participating regularly by fielding contingents with pride in Independence Day and republic day(s) despite their old age.

11. **SOCIETIES REGISTRATION CELL:** During the financial year 2017-18, new societies registered is 88 and societies renewed is 140. Revenue realized is Rs. 2,46,000/-

12. **RELIEF, REHABILITATION BRANCH:**
- **Ex-Gratia:** Public servants killed/injured while executing bonafide government duty are entitled and paid ex-gratia depending on the status & nature of duty. Civilians killed due to uncalled action on the part of government officials on duty, police personnel and civilians killed in terrorist related incidents are also paid ex-gratia. Budget allocation is Rs. 60 lakh. However it was re-appropriated to Rs. 49.29 lakh.
- **Cash Doles:** Cash relief under cash doles is granted to the poor, distressed and most needy persons. Also granted to the physically handicapped depending on the merit of the case based on the recommendation of the district administration/departmental screening committee and functionaries of the government and the guidelines issued on this matter from time to time. Budget allocation for 2017-18 is Rs. 50 lakh. However, it was re-appropriated to Rs. 60.71 lakh. Rs. 60,70,300 has been sanctioned for use in various cases. Nagaland Victim Compensation Scheme 2012 also operates under the cash doles.
- **Donation:** Donation is given to societies and organizations
rendering charitable services on the recommendation of the district administration or respective village councils. Budget allocation for 2017-18 is Rs. 1 lakh.

**HORTICULTURE**

- **State Horticulture Nursery (SHN):**
  - **Farms and Nurseries:** Under MIDH (CSS), the first ever Hi-Tech Nursery in the state also known as Semi-Automated Vegetable Seedling Production Unit installed which has the capacity to produce 70,000 quality seedlings per unit batch.

- **Mushroom Development Centre:** Established in 1999. Activities are:
  - Trials and demonstration on cultivation of a new Mushroom Carnicoby (Yellow Mushroom).
  - 54 students imparted training on different aspect of mushroom production.
  - Production and supply of spawn to growers.

- **Tissue Culture Laboratory:** Established in 2003. Activities are:
  - Work in the laboratory resumed after the completion of the upgradation work in January 2017.
  - Hands on training were conducted for B.Voc students of SASARD, Medziphema for a week.
  - The laboratory is involved in the mass propagation of G. Naine variety of Banana and Orchids.

- **North East Council (NEC):** Projects under NEC:
  - **Creation of Botanical Garden and Recreational Park at Jalukie, Peren:**
    - Area earmarked: 32 acres
    - Location: Near College of Veterinary & Animal Sciences, Jalukie, town
    - Inspection date: 07/09/17
Dragon Fruit Cultivation: The Dream Dragon Fruit Farm at Shitovi village in Dimapur is the first and the only farm in the state where Dragon Fruit is produced, sold and has mother plants of red and white varieties producing cutting for sales and propagation.

Coconut Development Board (CDB): The survey conducted by the CBD, Ministry of Agriculture, Govt found about 15000 Ha of land from Jalukie area in Peren to Tizit area in Mon suitable for coconut plantation consisting of 7 districts. The Department is keeping a provision for procurement of coconut seedling to Dimapur, Peren, Wokha, Mokokchung, Mon, Kohima and Longleng.

Centrally Sponsored Schemes:

Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH):
- For the first time in the history of MIDH, the Ministry of Agriculture, with a view to augment production and volume zoned out specific crops under area expansion component for 2017-18. Thus, the state was given only Passion Fruit under fruits, Large Cardamom and Naga Chilli under spices and vegetables to be taken up under area expansion by the Ministry.
- Production of plantation materials: Establishment of 1 unit of small nursery for passion fruit seedling under the private sector at Mokokchung.
- Area expansion: 2480 Ha covered under area expansion of Passion Fruit, Large Cardamom, Naga Mirchi and vegetable.
- Rejuvenation: Carried out the rejuvenation of 115 Ha of citrus.
- Protected Cultivation: Proposed the cultivation of protected flowers, vegetables, covering an area of 65000 Sq. m for flowers like Orchid, Gerbera, Rose, Lilium, Alstroemeria and vegetables.
Promotion of Integrated Nutrient Management & Integrated Management: Covered 1595 Ha.

Post Harvest Management and Marketing Infrastructure: Construction of 220 units of Functional Pack Houses covering all the districts, 1 unit of Integrated Pack House at Mokokchung, 210 units of Low Energy Cool Chamber and 88 Low Cost Preservation Units in all the districts. While in the marketing sector, 11 Units of Rural Markets constructed across the state and 1 Collection, Sorting/Grading Packing Unit taken up in Wokha.

Human Resources Development: Conducted exposure tour of spice farmers from Wokha to Sikkim in August 2017 and exposure visit and study tour of farmers from Kohima village to Bengaluru in January 2018. In addition, the Department was also a part of the delegates at Biofach 2017, China.

Information, public and development of technology packages in electronic forms: Publication of a “Farmers Friendly Handbook in the different local dialects and the package of practices for indigenous crops like Naga Pineapple, Naga Cucumber and Naga Mircha.

Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY):

For the year 2017-2020, the RKVY scheme is being re-named as RKVY-RAFTAAR i.e., RKVY-Remunerative Approaches For Agriculture and Allied Sector Rejuvenation.

Components projected under RKVY:

i) Infrastructure and Assets Enhancing Production: Proposed to undertake the establishment of naturally ventilated tubular structure with pack house for vegetables.

ii) Special Scheme: Proposed to take up low cost mushroom units to popularize the nutritious and highly remunerative crop.

iii) Flexi Fund: Proposed to take up home scale preservation
activities specifically for women/women SHGs. The objective is to enhance the capacity of the flood preservation practitioners with technical input in conformity with quality control measures and food safety standards.

iv) **Skill Development:** Establishment of naturally ventilated tubular poly house structure for high value vegetables integrated with pack house and production and post harvest management of the Naga Sweet Cucumber.

> **Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North East Region (MOVCD-NER):** Launched during 2015-16, the Department entrusted to form 3 Farmer Producer’s Companies/Farmer Producer’s Organizations (FPCs/FPOs) for Pineapple, Large Cardamon and Ginger. Dimapur/Peren selected for Organic Pineapple covering 800 Ha area, Phek for Organic Large Cardamon covering 500 Ha area and Tuensang for Organic Ginger covering 500 Ha, with each district comprising of 500 registered farmers.

### INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE

- **Human Resource Development:**
  - **Training conducted within the state:**
    - Rural Industrial Programme (12 months duration) imparted to 115 people
    - Rural Artisan Programme (9 months duration) imparted to 97 people
    - **Short term training sponsored by the department within the state:** 6 months duration imparted to 77 people.
  - **Training outside the state:**
    - Indian Institute of Handloom & Textile Technology, Guwahati 7 people.
  - **In-service officers & staff underwent skill upgradation/**
capacity building:
i. Within the state – ATI, Kohima, 20 people
ii. Outside the state - 15 people

• Exhibition & Publicity:
i. Republic Day: Participated in the exhibition during Republic day on 26th January, 2018 for exhibition of Handloom & Handicraft Products.

ii. India International Trade Fair: Participated in the IITF at Pragati Maidan, New Delhi from 14th to 27th November 2017. 21 stalls set up for entrepreneurs to exhibit Handloom & Handicraft Products at Nagaland Pavilion.

iii. Hornbill Festival: Participated in the Hornbill Festival at Kisama, 113 stalls set up at Bamboo Pavilion for entrepreneurs to exhibit Handloom & Handicraft Products.

• Economic Plant & Demonstration Farm:
  ▶ Economic Plant: Java Citronella oil is one of essential oil obtained from the leaves and stem of different species of Cymbopogon (lemongrass).
  ▶ 10 functioning units
  ▶ 450 litres of citronella oil produced.

• Food Processing Industries:
  ▶ The Ministry of Food Processing Industries (MoFPI), Gol, has approved 1 Mega Food Park Project at Dimapur.
  ▶ Implemented by M/S Doys Agri Resources Pvt. Ltd. Dimapur. Also approved 2 Cold Chain Infrastructure Projects for the state namely M/S ASKI Food, Dimapur and M/S Nagaland Integrated Cold Chain.
  ▶ Launched Central Sector Scheme – Pradhan Mantri Kisan Sampada Yojana (PMKSY):
  i. Creation of backward and forward linkages.
  ii. Creation/expansion of food processing & preservative capacities.
iii. Creation of infrastructure for agri-processing cluster.
iv. Creation for skill development in food processing sector.

- **Registration of Industrial Units**: Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) marked a shift from SSI (Small Scale Industry) approach to SME (Small & Medium Enterprises) approach. Enterprises are classified as Manufacturing and Service enterprises on the basis of investment in plant & machinery/equipment.

- **Activities under DC (Handlooms), Ministry of Textiles**: Development of Bamboo, Cane and Wood based Handicraft clusters Fund by Ministry of Textiles under NERTPS

  - Clusters identified for implementation are Pfutsero, Phek; Lungwa, Mon; Ghathashi, Zunheboto, Longleng district, Jalukie, Peren and Tuli, Mokokchung.

- **Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP)**:

  - Implemented through the State Khadi and Village Industries Board (KVIBs), District Industries Centres (DICs) and banks.
  - Target allotted against the DICs is 417 units. Employment generation under the scheme is approximately 3336.

- **Nagaland Tool Room & Training Centre (NTCC), Dimapur**:

  - **Skill Development Programmes**:
    - **Capacity Building Scheme of Ministry of DoNER (MDoNER), New Delhi**: NTTC selected as Implementation Agency (IA) for skilling and providing job placement assistance to the unemployed youth of Nagaland – 615 trainees.
    - **Border Area Development Programme (BADP) under DUDA**: 30 candidates to undergo 6 months training on Multi Skill Development (welding)
    - **Cane, Bamboo & Wood based Cluster Development Training under NERTPS**: Skill upgradation training under North East Region Textile Promotion Scheme (NERTPS)
- **Advanced Machining Course (KPA, Zunheboto):** For final year students (39) of Diploma in Mechanical and Automobile from Khelhoshe Polytechnic Atoizu (KPA).

- **ESDP on Computer-Aided Design (CAD) and Basic Welding under MSME:** 27 candidates in CAD and 23 candidates in Basic Welding training.

- **Diploma in Tool & Dye Making (DTDM) Course:** 4 years DTDM approved by AICTE, New Delhi course (including 1 year Industrial Training/OJT in reputed companies) since 2007-08 which is equivalent to Diploma in Mechanical Engineering.

- **Community College under AICTE:** 3 Vocational Diploma courses in Automobile, Manufacturing and Electrical under AICTE, New Delhi Community College Scheme, Ministry of HRD.

- **Rural Technology Development Cell:** NTTC has successfully improvised some rural agri and allied machines like hollow block machine, queen bee gate making machine, corn machine, chaff cutter, vegetable crusher machine, sheet bender-cum-shearing, smoke free meat dryer, tapioca slicer, fodderizer and roller forming machine.

- **Trade Expo:** NTTC participated at the first ever Nagaland International Trade Expo organized by Business Association of Nagas, North East Region Expo, 4th Mile, Dimapur.

- **Nagaland Handloom & Handicrafts Development Corporation Ltd. (NHHDC):** Set up in 1979. Head Office at Half Nagarjan, Dimapur, has 10 Sales Emporium within and outside the state.

- **Activities:** Office of the Development Commissioner (Handloom), Ministry of Textiles, Gol, New Delhi sanctioned 8 Block Level Clusters under National Handloom Development Programme (NHDP). The location of the clusters are A. K. Industrial village, Dimapur; Loyung village, Tuli, Mokokchung;
Baghty town, Wokha, Chare town, Tuensang; V. K. town, Zunheboto, Chiephobozou town, Kohima; Phek village, Phek and Ghukiye village, Zunheboto.

- 1140 beneficiaries are benefited.

- **Nagaland Khadi & Village Industries Board (NKVIB):** Started functioning in January 1979, not profit making organization of its own but to provide assistance in the form of marginal grant to the beneficiaries/units financed by the banking agencies under PMEGP scheme to promote Khadi & Village Industries activities in the state.

- **Khadi Plaza (Haat) at Dimapur:** Expenditure met by the KVIC and the State Government on the basis of 90:10 ratios in a phased manner. Jointly laid the foundation stone at Agri Expo Sites, 4th Mile, Dimapur.

- **Nagaland Industrial Development Corporation Ltd. (NIDC), Dimapur:** A Government of Nagaland undertaking, incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on March 26, 1970 with the objective to promote, develop, establish and assist industries in the state.

- **Activities:**
  - **Sugar Mill & Distillery Project** and its ancillary Distillery Project.
  - **Industrial Estates:** Manages and maintains 2 industrial estates, which were taken over from the State Government in 1976.
  - **Nagaland Hotels Limited:** NIDC’s wholly owned subsidiary, it established the only 2 hotels with three Star facilities at Kohima and Dimapur.

- **Export Promotion Industrial Park, EPIP / Special Export Zone SEZ:** Implemented the EPIP on 100 acres of land at Ganeshnagar, Dimapur. The EPIP converted into Specific Product Special Export Zone (SEZ) in the Agro & Food
Processing Sector since July 9, 2009.

- **Promotion & Development Activities:**
  - Agro and Food Processing Special Economic Zone (AFPSEZ) at Ganeshnagar.
  - IntegratedInfrastructure Development Centre (IIDC).
  - Industrial Estates.
  - Assistance to State for Development of Export Infrastructure and Allied Activities (ASIDE).
- **Ease of Doing Business (EoDB):**
  - Launched by the Central Government in line with the policy launched by World Bank globally.
  - Aimed at simplifying the regulatory framework and procedures to facilitate a business/investor friendly environment in the states.
  - Evaluation exercise of the action points is still under process and as on February 2018, the state’s implementation percentage stands at 14.04%.
- **Trade & Commerce:** 4 Border Trade Centres i) Longwa in Mon, ii) Pangsha in Tuensang, iii) Avangkhu in Phek and iv) Moleh in Phek, for the promotion of trade between Indo-Myanmar and ASEAN countries.

**INFORMATION & PUBLIC RELATIONS**

- **Activities:**
  - **Publishing of Daily Official Bulletin ‘Naga News’:** Publishes the daily official bulletin ‘Naga News’ on all working days and even on holidays, depending on the exigencies of the situation, ‘Naga News’ also contains features and articles. This bulletin is mailed to all the local papers, All India Radio, Doordarshan, national news agencies like UNI, PTI, other regional and national print media that use the reports freely.
Publishes a monthly magazine “The Warrior” which serves as an official record of events of public importance.

Publishes the yearly official Calendar, Diary, Speeches of the Chief Minister, Basic Facts etc.

- Release of Government Advertisement/Paid advortorials:
  - 1110 government advertisements issued including special advortorial features on Nagaland in various national magazines.
  - As of September 2017, there are 8 newspapers empanelled with the Government of Nagaland to receive government advertisements, namely Morung express, Nagaland Post, Eastern Mirror, Nagaland Page, Tir Yimyim, Capi, Nagamese Khobor and Ao Milen.

- New Advertisement Policy & Rules 2015:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Newspapers (Circulation)</th>
<th>Periodicals (Circulation)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small: Upto 15,000</td>
<td>Upto 2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium: Between 15,000 and 50,000</td>
<td>Between 2,500 and 5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big: Above 50,000</td>
<td>Above 5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Press accreditation:
  - For the year 2017-18, 31 accredited private journalists are receiving the Nagaland Accredited Private Journalists Assistance (Operational Subsidy).
  - As per the period of accreditation, for those journalists who have completed 5 years since their date of accreditation approval, they are entitled to receive a sum of Rs. 3000/- per month and for those who have not yet completed 5 years, they are entitled to receive a sum of Rs. 2000/- per month as operational subsidy.

- Journalists Welfare Fund: The government will provide ex-gratia relief to journalists of the state and their families in
case of death, permanent disability or major ailments.

- **Live Webcast of the Hornbill Festival:** Hornbill Festival 2017 was webcast live through its official website, to increase exposure and to provide wider access to information of the Hornbill festival.

- **Live Webcast of Independence Day:** Live webcast the Independence Day 2017 celebration held at the Secretariat Plaza, Kohima through its website.

- **IPR Department nominated as the nodal department for Film and Related Matters:** The Department has been notified as the Nodal Department for film and film related matters for the State of Nagaland on 14\textsuperscript{th} September 2017. The Department is in the process of drafting the Films Policy for the State, under the guidelines of the National Film Development Corporation (NFDC), Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, GoI.

- **1\textsuperscript{st} Nagaland Film Festival:** Organized the 1\textsuperscript{st} Nagaland Film Festival at Kohima on 11\textsuperscript{th} May 2017, where the works of award winning regional filmmakers, besides Naga filmmakers were screened. With a view to encourage filmmaking among Naga youth, competition for short amateur films was also organized.

- **GLOCAL Hornbill International Film Festival 2017:** Organized the GLOCAL Hornbill International Film Festival during Hornbill Festival 2017, showcasing and promoting selected works of Naga and North American filmmakers. Also organized the Hornbill International Photo Festival (HIPFEST), a photography and art festival at Kisama.

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY & COMMUNICATION**

- **Activities and Achievements:**
Extension of State Wide Area Network (SWAN) to GSTN:
- The Nagaland SWAN is the backbone network for data, voice and internet in the state and NagaSWAN network has been setup and is functional in 48 Points of Presence (PoP) across all the districts.
- Also extended to create the Goods and Services Taxes Network (GSTN) in the state by providing connectivity from Nagaland State Wide Area (SWAN) PoP at the District HQ to all taxes offices at the district, with the Network Operating Centre at NagaSWAN SHQ Kohima.

Hosting of applications and various department websites at NSDC:
- Providing various consolidated services such as hosting applications and infrastructure to facilitate provisioning of efficient electronic service delivery of Government to Government (G2G), Government to Citizen (G2C), Government to Business (G2B) services etc.
- Presently 65 websites and 4 web applications of various departments and government agencies are hosted in the State Data Centre and 8 are under development which will go-live shortly.

Successful conduct of online NPSC exams and online scholarship: Various online e- Services such as application for NCS, NPS, NSS and Allied Services Examination, application for Combined Technical Services Examination, application for Merit scholarship, NEC Scholarship Stipend to the Students belonging to Scheduled Tribes of Nagaland, result verification for Nagaland Board of School Education etc. are being delivered through the State Portal.

Workshops and Outreach Programmes:
- Workshop on GST and Digital Transaction: Sensitizes entrepreneurs, business and government agencies on the
new Goods and Services Tax (GST) and the various modes of Digital Transaction viz. BHIM App, UPI, Net banking etc.

Launch of Computer Society of India (CSI) – Nagaland Chapter: The department in collaboration with the Computer Society of India (CSI) set up the Computer Society of India Nagaland Chapter. Committed to the advancement of theory and practice of Computer Engineering and Technology Systems, Science and Engineering, Information Processing and related Arts and Sciences.

Workshop on North East BPO Promotion Scheme (NEBPS): Envisaged under Digital India Programme, seeks to incentivize establishment of 5,000 seats in respect of BPO/ITES operation in North East Region (NER), for creating employment opportunities for about 15,000 persons considering 3 shifts BPO/ITES operations. Set up a 400-seat capacity BPO Center, the largest in the Northeast at Kohima and a workshop organized to highlight various incentives under the North East BPO Promotion Schemes.

Workshop on Consumer Awareness- TRAI: In collaboration with the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI), the department conducted a workshop on consumer education to build a good rapport and understanding between the service providers and consumer organizations for coordinated development of the services.

North East Acceleration Program: In collaboration with the Department of Science and Technology, Govt. of India, IIM Calcutta Innovation Park (IIMCIP) and the Software Technology Parks of India, the department launched the North East Acceleration Program (NEAP) with an aim to identify and support innovative, sustainable and scalable early stage entrepreneurs from the North Eastern Region.
• **Common Service Center (CSC):**
  - 220 Common Service Center (CSC) covering all 11 districts providing various services to citizens in accessing Government to Citizen (G2C), Business to Citizen (B2C) and Business to Business (B2B) services in remote areas.
  - Also provides various citizen centric services including DTH Recharge, Mobile Recharge and Top-Ups, Post Paid and Data Card Bill, Microsoft Digital Learning, Online Shopping, Surveys and Advertisement, Railways and Air Ticketing, Financial Inclusion Services, PAN Card, Aadhaar, Passport Application and Birth Death Registration, NPSC Applications, Scholarship for Matric, Post Matric Scholarship etc.
  - Implementation of Pradhan Mantri Gramin Digital Sakshatra Abhiyan (PMGDISHA) in all the districts to empower the citizens in rural areas by training them to operate computers or digital access devices and enable them to use the Information Technology & Related Applications especially digital payments to actively participate in the process of nation building.
  - Based on the assessment of CSC Scheme, the GoI launched the CSC 2.0. The department has rolled out 60 new CSCs under CSC 2.0 scheme in addition to the existing 220 CSCs.

• **Business Processed Outsourcing (BPO) Centre at Kohima:** The department in consortium with M/S Infinity Informatics Pvt. Ltd. got the approval for implementation of a 400 seater BPO from Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology in July 2016 under Northeast BPO Promotion Scheme, and Nagaland was given 400 seats BPO as it was viewed as an emerging IT power house in North Eastern Region. At present, the BPO Center in Kohima is operating on both US and UK voice process and is currently employing an approximate of 400 local youth as BPO Agents and Support Staff.
• **Software Technology Park of India (STPI) at Kohima:** The Government of Nagaland has signed on MOU with Software Technology Park of India (STPI) Centre at Kohima and has earmarked an area of 18,137 Sq. ft. of built-up space at the new building of the Directorate of Information Technology & Communication, Kohima.

• **Other Activities:**
  - **Digi-Dhan Mela:** Organized under the theme “Go Cashless, Go Digital” at Civil Secretariat Junction, Kohima, from 12th - 18th December 2017 to spread awareness among citizens and merchants about digital payment channel like Unified Payment Interface (UPI), Aadhaar Enabled Payment System (AEPS), Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) and PoS and also promote the benefits of going cashless which are to eliminate need to carry cash, offers more security, convenient way to carry out banking without visiting the banks or ATMs.
  - **e-Naga Summit 2017:** 3rd edition held in December 2017 at Kohima under the theme “Towards making the State of Nagaland a leader in Digital Payment.’
  - **e-Procurement and Tendering System:** 13 government departments and agencies are using the e-Procurement and Tendering System and 28 new departments trained on the same. The details of the mobile apps are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>App Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nagaland Local Plants</td>
<td>App to Show Local Plants of Nagaland</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Naga Farm Doctor</td>
<td>App to Help Farmers Identify and Manage Plant Diseases/Pests.</td>
<td>Completed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biometric Attendance System for Nagaland Civil Secretariat: 1655 employees in the Civil Secretariat along with 65 employees in the Directorate of IT&C and 80 employees in the Office of the Engineer-in-Chief Power registered in biometric Attendance System and efforts are underway to help other departments/offices to use Biometric attendance System.

➢ Development of websites and application for various departments and agencies: Presently, 17 applications/websites developed and 8 are under development and will go-live shortly.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3</th>
<th>Naga Farm Advisory</th>
<th>App That Will Provide Meteorological/Soil/Weather/Advisories to Farmers.</th>
<th>In Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Agriculture Marketing</td>
<td>Platform to Help Local Farmers Sell Their Products.</td>
<td>In Progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>State Agriculture Portal for Mobiles</td>
<td>Mobile Version of the Proceed State Agriculture Portal</td>
<td>In Progress</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IRRIGATION & FLOOD CONTROL

- **Activities:**
  - Conducts Irrigation Census every 5 years in consonant with all the states of the country.

- **Minor Irrigation:**
  - 159 MI Projects to cover a CCA of 4489 Ha with an IP of 5690 Ha under AIBP during 2014-15. From 2016-17, the surface M.I
is taken up under the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojna (Har Khet Ko Paani).

- During 2017-18, it submitted 'Detailed Project Report' for 270 M.I schemes target to develop 8544.00 Ha of CCA for consideration of sanction by the Ministry of Water Resources, Govt scheduled to be implemented during 2 years.

- **Command Area Development & Water Management: PMKSY** guidelines stipulates that implementation of Command Area Development & Water Management is mandatory for availing funding for the Minor Irrigation by the Ministry. However, due to the state’s inability to fund 50% of the project cost, the state has been unable to effect implementation of the project.

- **Flood Management Programme (FMP):** Centrally Sponsored Scheme for construction of anti-erosion works, drainage and flood mitigation works of critical in nature, 90:10 (CS : SS), under NITI Aayog.

- **Physical achievement of FMP Schemes:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Code No. &amp; Name of Scheme</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Estimated Cost (Rs. in Lakh)</th>
<th>Length of Protection (in Km)</th>
<th>Name of Villages Benefitted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nag-12. Anti Erosion Work for Protection of Zutovi, Pimla &amp; Kiyeto Village Areas from Erosion of Langlong River in Dimapur</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>1245.097</td>
<td>4.355</td>
<td>Zutovi, Pimla and Kiyeto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nag-14. Protection of Kayevi, Shokhuvi, Vidima, Khrieze &amp; Singrijan Village Areas from Erosion of Khoja River in Dimapur</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>1245.6</td>
<td>5.350</td>
<td>Kayevi, Shokhuvi, Vidima, Khrieze and Singrijan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 new schemes namely (i) Development of Dimapur Airport Drainage Ph-IV, Dimapur and (ii) Protection of Tuli town from erosion of Milak river, Ph-II, Mokokchung have been recommended by the State Technical Advisory Committee (STAC) for funding by the Ministry.

- **North East Council Programme**: 5 schemes (2016-18 tranche) and 2 schemes are under consideration of sanction by NEC for 2017-18.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of Project</th>
<th>Estimated Cost</th>
<th>Amount Sanctioned Upto 2017-18</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Rutsa Multi-Purpose Irrigation Project under Kohima</td>
<td>700.00</td>
<td>505.96</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Rain Water Harvesting Project for Pughoboto, Ghathashi and Asukiqa Area under Pughoboto Sub-Division, Zunheboto</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>125.23</td>
<td>80 out of 102 of Tanks Completed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **NLCPR Programme**: Implementing Tsurang Irrigation Project for a Gross Command area of 1878 Ha is temporarily stalled due to partial damage of the guide walls of the diversion weir during unprecedented flood of 2016. A revised DPR proposed to government under State Plan for completion of the project.


- **Status of the state as per 5th M.I census report, the achievement is as under:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Scheme</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Cultural Command Area, Ha</th>
<th>Potential Created, Ha</th>
<th>Potential Utilized, Ha</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

134
National Hydrology Project (NHP):

- Central Sector Scheme of 8 years duration starting from 2016-17 onwards. The state is implementing NHP with the assistance of the World Bank through MoWR, RD&GR.

- 4 components (a) Water Resources Data Acquisition System (WRDAS), (b) Water Resources Information System (WRIS), (c) Water Resources Operation and Planning (WROP), (d) Institutional Capacity Building (ICB).

- State Specific Action Plan (Water sector): The MoU executed between Government of Nagaland and EPTRI, an agency under government of Telangana, on the advice of the NERIWIAM, Tezpur, formalities for undertaking the study is under process with EPTRI.

- Incentivization Scheme for Bridging Irrigation Gap (ISBIG): Aims to bridge the gap between Irrigation Potential Created and Irrigation Potential Utilized. For the state, this scheme is intended to be implemented at Changki Valley under Mokokchung covering a cluster of 13 M.I. schemes with a command area in its final stages of completion.

- Physical & Financial (Target & Achievement):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Physical</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Achievement upto February 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Construction of 3 Schemes under Flood</td>
<td>13.19 Km of Protection Works Completed</td>
<td>3738.251</td>
<td>3738.251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Development of Dimapur Airport Drainage Phase-IV</td>
<td>2.733 Km</td>
<td>1007.924</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Protection of Tuli Town from Erosion of Milak River, Phase – II</td>
<td>2.630 Km</td>
<td>1012.195</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
An anti-erosion work on Chathe River from 4th Mile to Confluence of Dhansiri River was completed at 10.030 Km, costing 44459.561. Rain Water Harvesting at Riphyim Village was completed. Construction of Tsurang Irrigation Project at Mokokchung under NLCPR was 87% completed, costing 1693.32. Construction of 13 Cluster of M.I Project at Chathe Valley CADWMP, Mokokchung was ongoing, costing 393.83.

**JUSTICE & LAW**

- **Justice**
  - **High Court:**
    The Kohima Circuit Bench of the Gauhati High Court was established on 1st January 1972. The Circuit Bench has been upgraded into a permanent Bench.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Gauhati High Court, Kohima Bench, Kohima</th>
<th>Cases Disposed w.e.f. 01.01.17 to 31.12.2017</th>
<th>Cases Pending w.e.f. 1/1/2017 to 31/12/2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Single &amp; Divisional Bench</td>
<td>765</td>
<td>471</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Achievements:**
  - Organised Swachhta Pakhwadas in the registry of Kohima Bench.
  - The technical team of Kohima Bench installed the Case Information System (CIS) in all the District Courts. Conducted training on CIS to all the District Courts Staff, initiating data
entries in the Case Information System.

- **E-Court Project in tune with the national norms in all districts**: Provide training on CIS besides basic computer training to the Sub-ordinate Judges and staff and also monitor the ICT infrastructure of all the courts in the districts for computerization.

- **Judiciary**
  
  (a) **Judicial Academy**: Judges of the Subordinate Courts are regularly sent for training to LNJN National Institute of Criminology and Forensic Science, NEJOTI Gauhati and the National Judicial Academy, Bhopal.

  (b) **Subordinate Judiciary**: All districts except Peren, Kiphire and Longleng are provided with Judicial Officers in the rank of Principal District & Sessions Judge and Additional District & Sessions Judge assisted by Chief Judicial Magistrate and Civil Judge (Junior Division).

- **Disposal & Pendency of Cases**: All the 26 Courts in Nagaland could dispose of the cases both Civil & Criminal as indicated below w.e.f. 01.01.2017.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of Establishment</th>
<th>Cases Disposed Both Civil &amp; Criminal w.e.f.01/01/2017 to 31.12.2017</th>
<th>Cases Pendency Both Civil &amp; Criminal w.e.f. 1/1/2018 to 31.12.2017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Subordinate Courts, Nagaland</td>
<td>2957</td>
<td>4729</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Family Court**: 2 Family Courts established in Kohima and Dimapur with the objective of catering to legal needs of the people in settling issues related to matrimonial disputes.

- The department plans to set up District Family Courts in
phase wise manner to be in place before 2030.

- To provide Village Customary Courts with modern equipments and latest ICT facilities.
- To establish Sub-Divisional, Divisional Judicial Court to be manned by Sub-Divisional, Divisional Judicial Officers.
- To try cases under the Prevention of Corruption Act, the Tribunal for Disciplinary Proceeding is designated as Special Judge. 9 cases registered, 9 cases disposed, 9 cases under trial and 9 cases under proceeding.

**Litigation:**

Advocate General, Nagaland, Guwahati is the Principal Legal Officer who is entrusted with the conduct of government litigation in the Gauhati High Court, other High Courts and Supreme Court.

**Supreme Court:** 3 Standing Counsels and 1 Advocate on Record appointed to appear on behalf of the state at the Supreme Court in all cases where the state is made a party.

**Prosecution Officers:** Posted in all the 11 District Headquarters to look after the government litigations in the Subordinate Courts.

**Law Library:** The department plans to set up a State Level Library for Law at New Secretariat Complex with latest ICT and other amenities for the welfare of the government functionaries of the state.

**Legal Affairs:**

**Legal Advice:** Rendered legal advice and views to other departments and offices in 214 cases as on 31.02.2018.

**Centralized Legal Advisory Body:** Rendering legal service and views to other departments and offices in many cases and also assisted in preparation of responses to various government cases in the Supreme Court and High Courts.

**Directorate of Legal Services Authority:**
Constituted in March 1999
11 District Legal Services Authorities (DLSAs) functioning under the Nagaland State Legal Services Authority.
124 Legal Services Clinics are established and functioning across the states in villages, community centers, schools, colleges and Jails.
56 Legal Literacy Clubs are opened in various schools & colleges. A common Plan of Action is bought out annually to execute the NALSA schemes/programmes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statistical Data:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Combined National Lok Adalat (Disposal Data) (2015, 2016 &amp; 2017)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sl. No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-Litigation Cases</th>
<th>Pending Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cases Taken Up</td>
<td>Cases Disposed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>827</td>
<td>283</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Activities:
i) Nagaland SLSA assisted 323 PWDs to help avail disability certificates in Phek during 2 days legal awareness cum medical camp
ii) DLSA promotes legal consciousness among Muslim & Sikh community in the state.
iii) Legal workshop training for the Dobashis (DBS), Gaonburas
iv) Legal Workshop Training to Gbs and DBs carried out in Wokha, Mon, Phek, Zunheboto, Tuensang & Kohima.

v) **Door-to-Door Campaign:** Carried out on 23rd September 2017. 296 villages, 42394 households and 1,49,981 beneficiaries covered with the message of access to justice, legal rights, entitlements, speedy and affordable justice and distributed legal literacy literature translated into local dialects.

**Acts enacted:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Short Titles</th>
<th>No. of Act</th>
<th>Date of Assent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The Nagaland Appropriation (No.1) Act, 2017</td>
<td>Act.No.1 of 2017</td>
<td>31.03.2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>The Nagaland Appropriation (No.2) Act, 2017</td>
<td>Act.No.2 of 2017</td>
<td>31.03.2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The Nagaland Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</td>
<td>Act.No.4 of 2017</td>
<td>29.05.2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>The Nagaland Appropriation Acts (Repeal) Act, 2017</td>
<td>Act.No.5 of 2017</td>
<td>09.06.2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>The Nagaland Co-operative Societies Act, 2017</td>
<td>Act.No.6 of 2017</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Labour**

- **Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986:** After amendment, the minimum age for employment of children in hazardous occupations and
processes has been raised to 18 years, and children below the age of 14 years are totally prohibited for any type of employment.

- **Labour Welfare Centres:**
  - Established 3 Labour Welfare Centers at (i) Nagaland Pulp Paper Company, Ltd. Tuli, Mokokchung (ii) Mini Cement Plant, Wazeho at Phek and (iii) 5\textsuperscript{th} Mile, Dimapur, imparting 8 months training courses in cutting & tailoring, knitting and embroidery fully sponsored by department.
  - A fourth Labour Welfare Centre is being recently established at Doyang Hydro Electrical Project, Doyang, Wokha.
  - The main purpose of setting up Labour Welfare Centre is to impact free training courses in tailoring, knitting and embroidery, for 8 months period (April to November) and is free of cost.

- **The Employees’ State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) Scheme:**
  - Applies to factories and other establishments wherein 10 or more persons are employed. Employee drawing wages up to Rs. 21,000/- a month are entitled to social security cover under the ESI Act.
  - The rate of contribution by employer is 4.75\% of the wages payable to employees. The employees’ contribution is at the rate of 1.75\% of the wages payable to an employee. Employees earning less than Rs. 100/- a day as daily wages are exempted from payment of their share of contribution.
  - **Benefits under this scheme include:**
    - Sickness Benefit
    - Disablement Benefit
    - Dependants’ Benefit
    - Maternity benefit
    - Medical Benefit
  - On registration, every Insured Person (IP) is provided with a
Temporary Identification Certificate (TIC) valid for a period of 3 months and on completion of this period, the Pechan Card is handed over to the IP and family to avail medical facilities at the designated ESI dispensary and hospital.

- Presently, the ESI Scheme is implemented in Dimapur. Primary Care is provided at the ESI Scheme Dispensary at 4th Mile, Dimapur and secondary care at the empanelled Dimapur Hospital and Research Centre (DHRC).
- **Nagaland Building and other Construction Workers Welfare Board (NBOCWCB):**
  - Provides welfare schemes to the construction workers of the state.
  - Welfare schemes ranging from health, maternity and insurance cover to children education assistance for the beneficiaries and their family members.
  - More than 6000 local workers registered as beneficiaries with the Welfare Board. Insurance cover under Aam Admi Bima Yojana (AABY), Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana (BMJJBY) and Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (BMSBY), Children Education Assistance, Medical Assistance, Maternity Assistance for Wives of Registered Workers and Women Registered Workers, Grant for Purchase of Tools and Pension Linked Policy.
- **Gender Budgeting:** Benefits for Women Constructional Workers under NBOCW Welfare Scheme. Besides the general benefits provided such as tool grant, insurance under Aam Admi Bima Yojana, medical allowance, it also provides Maternity Benefit to women beneficiaries amounting to Rs. 5000/- per delivery (subject to a maximum of 2 times).
- **Quasi-Judiciary Functions:**
  - The Building & Other Construction Workers (RE&CS) Act, 1996.
  - The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923
The Minimum Wages Act, 1948: The present rates of Minimum Wages as fixed by the State Advisor Board with effect from 15th June 2012 are as follows:

- Skilled Labour (Grade 1) - Rs. 145/-
- Skilled Labour (Grade 11) - Rs. 135/-
- Semi-skilled Labour - Rs. 125/-
- Unskilled - Rs. 115/-

Labour Court: The State Labour Court was established in Dimapur in 1991 under Section 7 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. Industrial disputes relating to any matter specified in the second schedule of the said Act, which cannot be settled within the level of slower courts, can be referred to Labour Court for adjudication.

Centrally Sponsored Schemes:
- Implements watershed programme in the state including Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinjayee-Watershed Development Component (PMKSY-WDC), a flagship programme of the Ministry of Rural Development, Department of Land Resources, GoI.
- Implemented on watershed approach and addresses environmental issues providing gainful economic opportunities for watershed communities through livelihood activities and plantation of high value commercial crops. Batch-2, PMKSY-WDC project with treatment area of 83081.64 Ha successfully completed
- 4 batches of PMKSY-WDC projects are at different stages of implementation in the state with total treatment area of 2,87,800 Ha.
- Activities:
- Afforestation and horticulture development
- Soil and moisture conservation, including rainwater harvesting.
- Income generation through livelihood activities
- Production system improvement and micro-enterprises
- Capacity building and awareness programmes.
- Community participation in project planning, monitoring and evaluation.

• States Schemes:
  - Rubber Development Plantation Scheme: 500 Ha developed and brought under rubber plantation through watershed and NEC supported project. Also issued about 150 rubber sheet rollers to rubber farmers in the state.
  - Coffee Development: Department has been promoting coffee plantation in the state in collaboration with Coffee Board of India (CBI). Assisted farmers to develop more than 3500 Ha, the total area under coffee plantation being about 4900 Ha. The Government of Nagaland has also signed Memorandum of Agreement (MoA) with Naga Coffee, subsidiary of Nobel Cause Company Pvt. Ltd. a South African based company for export of coffee beans produced in the state at international price.
  - Springshed Development: Implemented with technical collaboration with PSI, ARGHYAM, ACWADAM and PMKSY-WDCL. It seeks to address the issues of regenerating springs, streams and underground flows. The department is the process of implementing 6 springshed project for treatment of 1,800 Ha from NABARD funding.

• Resource Centre, Ruzaphema: Established in 2004, in 74 H/a located about 20 Km away from Dimapur. Primary focus is to build institutional capacity and cater to the needs of the farming community and extension personnel of the region in up-gradating their skill and knowledge on the modern
method of farming practices based on local conditions and needs.

- **Programme on Environmental and Economy Development**
  - 50 remote villages falling under the watershed projects adopted for 5 years on December 2013 with the objective of developing them into economically empowered and climate smart villages.
  - Aims to bring about sustainable development and upliftment of rural economy and thereby improve quality of life as a step towards mitigating the effects of climate change.

**LAND REVENUE**

- The Department deals with 2 matters (i) Policy of land and its administration in the state and (ii) Land surveying, mapping for various developmental activities in the state, construction of land records, digitization of surveyed maps and computerization of Records of Rights (RoR).
- The Department looks after 2 Administrative Departments:
  - Land and Revenue Administration headed by Commissioner, Nagaland, who is also the Ex-Officio Director, Land Revenue
  - Land Records & Survey Department headed by the Director.
- **Survey Training Institute (STI):** Located at Dimapur. It imparts basic training courses to all the in-serving officers and staff of the department and other sister departments and it also conducts refresher course to keep the departmental offices and staff abreast with the new technologies. Also responsible for conducting basic training Course on Land Settlement and Revenue Administration for NCS/IAS probationers of the state.

- **Department Survey Works Programme:**
### Name of Works

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Works</th>
<th>Targeted</th>
<th>Likely achieved</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Traverse Survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Administrative Headquarter</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Government Pocket land</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Cadastral Survey</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Detail Survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Administrative Headquarter</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Government Pocket land</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) Cadastral Survey</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS):** Implementing this programme in 7 districts such as Mon, Tuensang, Zunheboto, Dimapur, Peren, Mokokchung and Phek. The preparation (digitization) of maps, field works for construction of Ground Control Points for all 7 districts has been completed. Out of the 7 districts, Mon, Tuensang, Dimapur, Peren and Zunheboto survey resurvey, collection of RoR (Records of Rights) and collection of Aadhaar Numbers completed. Survey/Resurvey, collection of RoR (Records of Rights) and collection of Aadhaar Numbers are in progress in Mokokchung & Phek districts and is expected to be completed by August 2018.

### LEGAL METROLOGY & CONSUMER PROTECTION

- **Functions:**
  - Performs the annual verification and stamping of weights, measures, and all weighing; and measuring instruments used by traders, hawkers, LPG agencies, petrol pumps, other government departments, and industrial establishments in the state.
  - It also performs the calibration of vehicle tanks which transport petroleum products to different parts of the state, and the
calibration of storage tanks of oil corporations in the state.

- **Laboratories:**
  - **Nagaland Secondary Standard Laboratory:** Located at Kohima, it is equipped with standard sophisticated instruments such as the Secondary Standard Weights, Secondary Standard Balances, Secondary Standards Meter Bar, Secondary Standard Capacity Measures, and Clinical Thermometer Calibrators.
  - **Working Standard Laboratory:** Set up in 8 districts, each Working Standard Laboratory has Working Standard Weights, Working Standard Capacity Measures, Working Standard Meter Bar, and Working Standard Balances to verify commercial weights and measures and instruments.
- **Consumer Disputes Redressal Agencies:** Headed by the Chief Minister of Nagaland, it was constituted in 2004. It works to promote and protect the rights of consumers laid down in the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- **District Consumer Protection Council:** Constituted in each district of the state for the protection of consumer rights in the state.
- **State Commission:** The Nagaland Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission, also known as the State Commission is presided by a retired Judge of the High Court. It addresses complaints of goods or services of values between Rs. 20 lakh upto 1 crore.
- **District Consumer Forum:** Presided by the Additional District & Sessions Judge in each district. It solves consumer complaints lodged by the consumers of the district in which it is located, and where the value of goods or services and the compensation claimed does not exceed Rs. 20 lakh.
- **Nagaland State Consumer Helpline:** It is an alternate consumer disputes redressal agency and has the Toll Free No. 1800-345-
3701 and Phone No. 0370-2292232 (Normal call charges).

- **Legal Metrology:**
  - 75 cases prosecuted against defaulters of the Legal Metrology Act & Rules by enforcement officers.
  - 3743 length measures, and 2500 mechanical and electronic weighing and measuring instruments verified and certified by the department.
  - Calibrated 139 vehicle tanks which transport petroleum products certified and stamped 164 fuel dispensers at petrol pumps in all parts of the state.
  - The department realized verification fees of Rs. 9,71,290/- through the verification and stamping of weighing and measuring instruments and realized compounding fees of Rs. 80,000/- and license fees of Rs. 10,400/- from the issue of Packers’ Licenses and Dealers’ Licenses to packers of packaged commodities and dealers of weights, measures, and weighing and measuring instruments.

- **Consumer Protection:** 11 consumer cases disposed off by the State Commission and the District Consumer Forum, and the Nagaland State Consumer Helpline addressed consumer complaints and queries.

- **Municipal Affairs**

- **Roles and functions:** Primary role is to strengthen the Urban Management Capacity of the ULBs of the state. At present, there are 32 Statutory Towns comprising 3 Municipal Councils and 29 Town Councils and also 5 Urban Station Committees.

- **Centrally Sponsored Schemes:**
  - **Smart Cities Mission:** Focus is on comprehensive development plan approach using IT & ITeS for improving infrastructure of a city for giving better quality of life to the citizens.
- Kohima Smart City with its Smart City proposals made it through the 2nd round competition selected for sanction by the Ministry of Urban Development during 2016-17.

- For successful implementation of the Smart City Mission, a ‘Special Purpose Vehicle’ (SPV) formed comprising of nominees of Central Government, State Government and ULB.

- SPV for Kohima Smart City under the brand name of “Kohima Smart City Development Limited” was constituted on 9th March 2017. The SPV will plan, appraise, approve, release funds, implement, manage, operate, monitor and evaluate the Smart City Development Project. KSCDL was incorporated on 24th March 2017 under the Companies Act 2013.

➤ Pradhan Mantri Awaz Yojana:

- Housing for All (Urban): Catering to 23 Statutory Towns in Nagaland with a Total Demand Assessment of 36000 beneficiaries, out of which 29700 are for Beneficiary Led Construction (New House as well as enhancement) and remaining 640 are for Credit Link Subsidy Scheme.

- Verticals opted in Nagaland: Out of the 4 verticals given in the PMAY-HFA guidelines, Nagaland has opted to take the Beneficiary Led Construction (BLC) vertical for each eligible beneficiary under EWS category fulfilling all criteria to either build a new house or enhance a room also Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS) under which along with EWS and LIG category, MIG 1 and MIG 2 were introduced in 2017. In these categories, a beneficiary can avail a home loan upto a maximum of Rs. 6 lakh, 9 lakh and 12 lakh respectively with a subsidy interest of 6.5%, 4% and 3% paid upfront by the GoI through the 2 central nodal agencies – NHB and HUDCO to the public lending institution i.e. bank and with a repayment period up to 20 years.
- As the Detailed Project Report of BLC-New House and Enhancement of Kohima, Dimapur, Shamator, Mokokchung and Jalukie completed and approved, City Level Workshop and Beneficiary Verification at ward level carried out. Beneficiaries included in the 5 towns is 11719.

- HFAPoA and DPRs of 9 towns namely, Wokha, Medziphema, Zunheboto, Tuensang, Kiphire, Phek, Longleng, Mon and Peren constituting of 10150 beneficiaries is under preparation and submission.

- Technology Sub-Mission: The construction technology adopted for New House construction under the Beneficiary Led construction is EKRA walling with CGI roofing which is considered as pucca house.

- Jawaharlal Nehru Urban Renewal Mission (JNnURM) launched by GoI in December 2005 aimed at strengthening governance at the Urban Local Bodies (UBLs) while simultaneously improving and creating urban infrastructure.

- Basic Services for the Urban Poor (BSUP) – Housing for Urban Poor in Kohima: Housing for Urban Poor in Kohima has been formulated based on the BSUP-JNNURM Mission objective of Provision of Basic Services to Urban Poor including security of tenure at affordable prices, improved housing, water supply, sanitation and ensuring delivery through convergence of other already existing universal services of the government of education, health and social security. Under this Sub-Mission of the JNNURM, a project for construction of Housing for the Urban Poor in Kohima town has been approved.

- Rajiv Awas Yojana (RAY):
  - For the slum dwellers and the urban poor, envisaging ‘Slum-free India.’ 3 ongoing projects under RAY:
    i. Construction of Rental Housing for Urban Poor in Chumukedima

150
ii. Construction of Housing for Urban Poor at Tseminyu town.
iii. Construction of Housing for Urban Poor at MedzipHEMA town.

➢ 10% Lumpsum Provision for Development of North Eastern States l/C Sikkim
- Re-construction of Kohima Super Market, Kohima
- Infrastructure development of Wokha town.
- Improvement of roads in Peren town.
- Infrastructure works at Phek.
- Infrastructure works at Zunheboto town.
- Infrastructure development works for Longleng town
- Infrastructure development works for Kiphire town
- Construction of City Centre at MedzipHEMA.
- Construction of Working Women Hostel at Dimapur.

➢ North Eastern Council (NEC): Storm Water Drainage at Shamator under NEC, year of sanction 2017-18.

- State schemes: The Department is facilitating Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) through Grant-in-aid for various works as prioritized by the ULBs which covers construction of protection walls, drainages, and sanitation works etc. as required in different wards of the respective towns.

NAGALAND STATE MINERAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

- Main established mineral reserves comprise of:
  ➢ Petroleum & Natural Gas (Prognosticated reserve of 600 million tonnes) in the northwest along Nagaland-Assam border.
  ➢ Coal (with inferred reserve of 317 million tonnes) in Tuensang, Mon, Wokha, Longleng & Mokokchung districts.
  ➢ Limestone & Marble (with inferred reserve of 1000 million tonnes).
  ➢ Magnetite with Nickel, Cobalt and Chromium (5 million tones
of proved reserve).

- Rich deposits of varieties of Decorative & Dimensional Stones.
- Other associated metals like Zinc, Molybdenum & other possible precious metals such as Gold and Platinum groups (within ophiolites and meta sediments) in Phek, Kiphire and Tuensang districts.

**Projects implemented or are being implemented by NSMDC:**

- 150 TPD Mini Cement Plant Wazeho, upgraded from 50 TPD is in the process for privatization as per the government decision/operation of the plant by the corporation
- 2 Dimensional and Decorative Stone Plants at Chumukedima and Wazeho are in operation.
- 8 Stone Crushing Units are being promoted under Self Employment Generation Scheme.
- 3 Mineral Link Roads, namely Laluri-Nimi (20 Km), Ziphu-Moke (9Km) and Wazeho-Satuza (8Km). An average of 80% works completed.
- Construction of mineral industry growth centre at Kiruphema for setting up of small scale mineral based industries is nearing completion.
- Upgradation works of Decorative and Dimensional Stone Plant, Wazeho/Chumukedima is in progress.

**Activities:**

- Facilitating, channeling and consultancy activities: NSMDC is slowing shifting its activities from being a production organization to become a promoter, facilitator and consultancy organization. It will prepare Feasibility Reports (FR, TEFRs and DPRs) in order to help and attract investors from state as well as from outside the state.

- Employment Generation Scheme: Till date, NSMDC has promoted 8 Stone Crushing Units under the Self Employment General Scheme.
Entrepreneur Development and Training: Through capacity building, training of individuals started ground works for facilities such as Excel-III installation at Decorative and Dimensional Stone Plant, Wazeho and Chumukedima. The construction of the Mineral Industry Growth Centre at I.I.D.C. Kiphire for small scale mineral based industries is nearing completion.

Decorative & Dimensional Stone Plants, Chumukedima/Wazeho: 2 units at Chumukedima and Wazeho set up under NEC sponsorship proposed to upgrade the 2 units by installing additional machinery having a higher production capacity such as gang saw and procuring additional mining machinery for quarry.

Construction of Link Roads to Mineral Deposit Areas (Moke, Satuza, and Nimi): 3 mineral deposit link-roads has already been sanctioned by Ministry of DoNER under NLCPR. An average of 80% of the work completed till date.

Construction of Bridges across Tizu River and Chizute River in the Nimi-Laluri Mineral Link Road: Ministry of DoNER has already sanctioned 2 bridges under NLCPR across the Tizu River (100M Span) and Chizute River (24M Span).

Construction of Mineral Industry Growth Centre, Kiphire: This project will augment the entrepreneur development programme. Will introduce, demonstrate and promote various techniques in exploiting minerals available all over Nagaland. This will generate employment as well as open avenues for the educated youth to set up small and mini Industries.

Gender Equity/Women Welfare: Vocational training is provided to the wives and female members of the workers in collaboration with the Labour Department by providing infrastructures.
NEW & RENEWABLE ENERGY

Various renewable energy projects such as the bio-energy, solar energy, wind energy and hydro power are being implemented by the department.

- Small Hydro Projects:
  - Noiroi SHP Stage II (150 W): Located at Pungluwa village under Peren, it was inaugurated on 21st December 2017. The energy generated from this project will provide power to the surrounding villages.
  - Tsutsung SHP (IMW): Located at Longsa village under Mokokchung. It is completed and was tested in August 2017.
  - Solar Wind Hybrid Project: The Ministry has sanctioned 3 nos. of 50M height Wind Monitoring Stations (WMS) at Longwa and Changlangshu both under Mon and Nokpu under Mokokchung to study the wind potentials and feasibility of wind power projects. A 10W solar wind hybrid wind will be installed at Kezocha under Kohima within this current financial year.

- Jawaharlal Nehru National Solar Mission (JNNSM):
  - Off-grid solar power plant: Solar power plants (off-grid) of 755Wp were executed in government establishments at Kohima and Dimapur including Christian Institute of Health Sciences and Research (CIHSR) and Collage of Nursing & Institute of Paramedical (CN&IP) Diphupar, Dimapur.
  - Solar Street Light: 5311 solar street lights installed across the state.

PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS

- Activities:
  - Conduct of Youth Parliament and Parliamentary Quiz
Competition and Exposure Trip: Held at Administrative Training Institute (ATI) in October 2017. Students from all the 11 districts participated. Thereafter, 14 of them including staffs were taken to Delhi, Agra, Chandigarh and Manali for exposure trip and sightseeing in November 2017.

Parliamentary Study Tour: Conducted to the 3 South East Asian countries namely China, Vietnam and Thailand to study tourism potentiality for Nagaland/form of government/developmental activities in agriculture and allied sectors etc.

Library-cum-Research Cell: Previously put up at the State Library, Kohima but was shifted to the Assembly Secretariat where rooms were allotted to the department for maintaining the books and journals. More books will be procured by the department for ready reference of the Ministers, Parliamentary Secretaries, Chairmen and Advisers and other senior officials in future.

PERSONNEL & ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS

- Primarily responsible for the personnel policies of the State Government, services matters, training of officials, administrative reforms, pension matters, vigilance matters, reservation in services etc. The Department is the cadre controlling authority for the IAS (Indian Administrative Service), NCS (Nagaland Civil Service) and NSS (Nagaland Secretariat Service). It is also the Administrative Department of the Administrative Training Institute, the Vigilance Commission, the Nagaland Public Service Commission and the Nagaland Information Commission
SERVICES:

➢ Indian Administrative Service (IAS):

1. IAS Nagaland Cadre has authorized strength of 94,66 are direct recruit posts and 28 are promotional posts from SCS and Non-SCS.
2. As on 28-02-2018, there are 62 IAS officers in position, of which 9 are on deputation to Central/State Governments/Public Sector Undertakings/Study leave.
3. During 2017, 4 IAS officers were allotted to Nagaland Cadre.
4. During the period under report, 2 IAS officers retired from service on attaining the age of superannuation.

➢ Nagaland Civil Service (NCS):

1. Has authorised strength of 307 of which 260 officers are in position.
2. NCS officers given promotion in the following grades during 2017-2018:
   (i) 3 officers promoted to Super Time Scale.
   (ii) 5 officers promoted to Special Selection Grade.
   (iii) 7 officers promoted to Higher Selection Grade.
   (iv) 7 officer promoted to Selection Grade.
   (v) 5 officers promoted to Senior Grade.
   (vi) 4 officers promoted to Higher Junior Grade.
3. During the period under report, 1 official expired.
4. 4 officers retired on attaining the age of superannuation.
5. 3 officials took voluntary retirement.
Nagaland Secretariat Service (NSS):
1. Has authorized strength of 637 which consists of Secretariat Assistant (Grade-III, Non-Gazetted) up to the level of Secretary. At present, only 424 officers are in position.
2. During the period under report, promotions were given to the following officers.
   (i) Secretary : 1
   (ii) Additional Secretary : 1
   (iii) Joint Secretary : 2
   (iv) Deputy Secretary : 5
   (v) Under Secretary : 12
   (vi) Section Officer : 12
   (vii) Junior Section Officer : 15

3. During the period under report, 10 officers retired from government service.
4. 1 NSS officer expired during the period.

➢ Other Cadre Officers:
The State has been utilizing the services of other Central services and other State services etc. During the period under report:
1. 1 post of Commissioner & Secretary was upgraded to that of Principal Secretary.
2. 1 officer in the rank of Principal Secretary retired from service on superannuation.
3. 1 officer from NJS cadre appointed as OSD (Ex-cadre) on deputation basis under Justice & Law Department was repatriated to her parent cadre.
4. 1 officer expired.
   • Administrative Reforms Branch: Deals with a variety of issues,
including personnel policy, service matters, training matters etc. During the period under report, AR Branch issued 11 Office Memorandum/instructions/guidelines etc.

• **ORGANISATION & METHOD CELL (O&M):** Disposed of 839 files during the period under report relating to Personnel Policy and other Service matters referred to P &AR Department by various Departments.

**Pension Cell :**

- Disposed off the following cases during the period under report:
  1. Superannuation Pension : (a) IAS : 2 nos.
      (b) NCS : 4 nos.
      (c) NSS : 10 nos.
  2. 12 cases of pension from various departments were examined and clearance/approval conveyed.
      (a) NCS - 1 no.
      (b) NSS - 1 no.
  3. 17 cases of family pension from various departments were examined and clearance/approval conveyed.
  4. Invalid Pension : 65 cases from various departments were examined and clearance/approval conveyed.
  5. Extra-ordinary Pension : 2 nos.
  6. Voluntary Pension : NCS - 3 nos.

• **Administrative Training Institute:**

1. During 2017-2018, completed training of NCS (Probationers) 2014 and 2015 Batch numbering 20 and 12 respectively and the
2. Imparted 2 weeks training under the Common Induction Programme to 29 officers consisting of IAS (Probationers) of Nagaland Cadre and newly recruited NCS, NPS, and Allied Service Probationers of 2015 batch consisting of 28 officers.

3. Besides the normal trainings, the Institute has also carried out special trainings

**State Vigilance Commission:**

   a) Regular Cases (R.C.) : 12 cases
   b) Preliminary Cases (P.E.) : 27 cases
   Total : 39 Cases

2) Cases brought forward from previous year: 78 Cases
   a) Regular Cases (R.C.) : 24 cases
   b) Preliminary Cases (P.E.) : 54 cases
   Total : 78 Cases

3) Imposition of Penalties/Conviction and status of action taken during March 2017- February 2018: 33 cases.

**Nagaland Public Service Commission:**

Set up in 1965 with a composition of one Chairman and two Members. In 2007 the strength of Members of the Commission was increased to 4(four). The Commission shall function with composite strength of 1(one) Chairman and 4(Four) Members.

1. The incumbents during the period are:
Departmental Promotion Committee has cleared cases from 42 Departments.

Works Executed by the Commission:
(i) NCS, NPS, NSS & Allied Services Examination 2016.
(iii) NCS, NPS, NSS & Allied Services Examination 2016 declared on 29th November 2017.

**Nagaland Information Commission:**

Present Information Commissioners:
i) Chanbemo Lotha, Chief Information Commissioner.
ii) Kevizatuo Miachieo, State Information Commissioner.
iii) G. H. Ramlia, State Information Commissioner

**Personnel Information & Management System (Pims) Cell.**
Total number of employees registered till date ie. 26th March 2018 is 137247 out of which 125825 are working and 11420 are in non working/retired. The Cell has developed eNational Pension Scheme (eNPS).
Local Area Development Programme (LADP):

Came into being during 2003-2004 by Annual Plan 2003-2004 by renaming the erstwhile District Plan. During 2017-18, Rs. 60.00 crore is provided @ Rs. 1.00 crore per Assembly Constituency (A/C) and 75% of the fund amounting Rs. 45.00 crore have been released for implementation of the scheme as per the guidelines.

The major scheme/projects proposed taken up during 2017-2018 includes community halls, approach roads, waiting sheds, public wells, fishery ponds, piggery farms, cultivation of cash crops etc.

Non-Lapsable Central Pool Resources:

Major sectors under NLCPR are education, power, water supply, health, transport & communication.

From 1998-99 till 2017-18, 169 projects sanctioned out of which, 102 projects completed and 67 are ongoing.

North Eastern Council (NEC): 117 ongoing projects in various sectors at different districts/locations.

Corpus Fund for generating employment during 2017-18

Chief Minister's Corpus Fund:

Programmes:

- Purchase of Tractors
- Purchase of Tata Pick-Up Trucks.
- Purchase of 1 ambulance for Chief Minister's Office.
- Incentives of UPSC candidates who cleared prelims exams.
- Financial assistance to 71 beneficiaries for self employment under the common pool.
- Implementation of Personal Information Management System (PIMS) by P&AR Department.

MONITORING CELL:

Monitoring CSS: Assigned to monitor the implementation of
Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS) in the state during the year 2017-18 covering 5 districts:
- Nagaland State Rural Livelihood Mission (NSRLM)
- Non Lapsable Central Pool of Resources (NLCPR)
- Border Area Development Programme (BADP)
- Pradhan Mantri Gramin Awas Yojana (PMGAY formerly IAY)
- Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY formerly RGGVY)
- National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)
- Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS)
- Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT), formerly JNNURM)
- Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)
- Total Sanitation Campaign (TSC) / Swachh Bharat Abhiyan
- Horticulture Technology Mission (HTM)
- Members of Parliament Local Area Development Scheme (MPLADS)

The Cell has also been assigned various additional duties as member of the task force for the proposed Nagaland Infrastructure & Investment Promotion Council (NIIPC) and the Gender Budgeting Cell and has been actively participating in various relevant meetings and trainings.

Nagaland GIS & Remote Sensing Centre:

Taking up Scientific Research and Development and has made immense progress in geospatial technology that includes GIS, Remote Sensing, Photogrammetry, Location Based Services (LBS) and implemented number of state wide GIS & IT based projects in the field of human, health, education, disaster management, vehicle tracking, e-learning, 3D terrain modeling, land use/land cover mapping and others in collaboration with different states and national organizations.
Achievements made:
- Generation of different resource map of planning and development.
- Implementation of Desertification and Land Degradation Status Mapping-2nd cycle of India.
- Implementation of Space Base Information Support of Decentralized Planning (SIS-DP).
- Implementation of North Eastern District Resource Programme (NEDRP).
- UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Development Programme for Survey and Mapping.
- Generation of 3D Solid Terrain Modelling.
- Some activities proposed to be taken up are:
  - Large scale survey of all District Headquarters using UAV and mapping of resources.
  - Detail Mapping of 3 Municipals and 20 Town Councils.
  - Integrated Asset Mapping and outreach activities under the project- Empowering Panchayat Raj Institution Spatially (EPRIS).
  - Implementation of North Eastern Spatially Data Repository (NeSDR).
  - Pre-feasibilities study of hydro-electric potential site in Nagaland.
- Special Development Programme (SDP): 105 beneficiaries including organizations, societies, governmental agencies and individual identified and extended financial assistance for implementation of various schemes/programmes across the state.
- GOI-UNDP Project ‘Human Development Towards Bridging Inequalities:’ The first Nagaland State Human Development
Report (SHDR) was brought out in 2004, The second SHDR and 5 thematic reports were prepared and released by the Chief Minister, Nagaland on 15th August 2017. The thematic reports are:

- Economic development for women empowerment in Nagaland.
- Children affected by HIV/AIDS in Nagaland.
- Factors influencing IMR/MMR in Nagaland.
- The role of SSA in reducing educational disparities between districts.
- **Environment**: Climate change and its impact on human development - role of communities.

All these reports are available on the website www.Nagaland.gov.in/portal/state portal

- **Land Compensation**: Government has no land of its own and in order to accelerate the pace of development activities, it has to acquire private land. During the financial year 2017-18, funds were made available under Land Compensation and a part of it allocated to Municipal Affairs Department.

**Present power scenario:**

- The state peak power demand is tipped at 165 MW and off-peak at 100MV. The state is dependent on power allocated by GoI tied with long term power purchase agreement from CPSU generation utilities namely - NEEPCO, NTPC and NHPC.

- The very low state per-capita consumption of 375 units against the national per capita of over 1000 units is an indicative scale of deficient infrastructure and absence of industrial activity in the state.

- **Distribution Sector**: Starts from the 33 KV level, 33/11KV Sub-Division stations, extensive 11 KV lines, to distribution
transformers and dispersing LT lines enabling service connection to the consumers.

- **Achievement/On-going interventions:**
  - Proposed 1.6 MVA 33/11KV Sub-Station Longmatra, Kiphire was sanctioned under NEC.
  - The Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojana—"SAUBHAGYA" launched in September 2017 by the GoI to complete the household electrification in India. 66700 rural h/h and 24500 urban h/h in the state will be proposed to be covered under this scheme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Existing Distribution Infrastructure</th>
<th>Asset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33kV Line</td>
<td>1935 KM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33/11kV Substation</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11kV Line</td>
<td>6646 KM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution Transformers</td>
<td>3937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT Lines</td>
<td>11252 KM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Revenue Sector:**
  - **Status & Intervention Programme:** Through Restructured Accelerated Power Development and Reforms Programme (R-APDRP), all commercial activities covering metering, billing and collection in towns of Dimapur, Chumukedima, Kohima, Phek, Wokha, Zunheboto, Tuensang & Mon towns are now IT enabled. Online Electricity Bill Payment, POS and mobile wallet facilities has also been introduced for the convenience of consumers. Customer Care Centre (CCC) at Dimapur is ready for commissioning.

- **Generation Sector:** The state’s power requirement by 2020 is expected to reach 250 MV. So far, the state has been able to develop only major project i.e Likimro HEP 24 MW. The projects commissioned and operational are:
1. 540 kM Duilunmroi MHP
2. 24 MW Likimro HEP
3. 1 MW Lang HEP
4. 1 MW Tehok HEP

- **New and upcoming Hydro Electric Projects**: 1 mw Ponglefo HEP upstream Likimro HEP scheduled for completion by the middle of 2019. Completed preparation of DPR for 42 MW Lower Tizü HEP and 24 MW Zungki HEP. Land acquisition for the 186 MW Dikhu HEP is in progress.

- **Transmission Sector**: 3 load centres in the state at 132 kV and 66 kV level- Kohima, Dimapur and Mokokchung; Kohima Load Centre supplies power to Kohima, Wokha, Phek and Kiphire and Dimapur Load Centre supplies power to Mokokchung, Tuensang, Longleng, Mon and Zunheboto.

  **Construction of 12.5MVA, 132/33kV, Sub-Station at Sanis**: To address poor quality power supply to habitations nearby the Doyang Hydro Electric Project and to facilitate alternative evacuation of Doyang Power to Kohima, the Sub-Station has been completed and successfully charged in December 2017.

  **Construction of State Load Dispatch Centre (SLDC) at Dimapur**: A mandatory requirement for the state under the IE Act 2003 requisitions power requirement and co-ordinates with North East Regional Load Dispatch Centre (NERLDC) for grid operations. Power dispatch to all the 3 load centres of the state, namely Dimapur, Kohima and Mokokchung is controlled and monitored by the SLDC Electrical Colony, Nagarjan, Dimapur. Completed in December 2017.

  **Construction of 66kV (charged at 33 kV) transmission line from Ganeshnagar to Jalukie & Peren and construction 5MVA, 33/11kV Sub-station at Jalukie & Peren**: To cater the power supply of the newly created Peren district, it was completed and commissioned in June 2017.
**Rural water supply**: Funded jointly by the Central (90%) and State (10%) Governments.

**Status of Rural Water Supply in Nagaland as on 1st April 2017.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of Village/Habitation</th>
<th>Drinking Water Supply Coverage Status</th>
<th>Quality Affected</th>
<th>Partially Covered</th>
<th>Fully Covered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>242</td>
<td></td>
<td>43</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>99</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>110</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>114</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>138</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>103</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>119</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>133</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>153</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>191</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1452</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>43</td>
<td>766</td>
<td>643</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Activities under coverage: During 2017-18, 50 habitations will be provided with drinking water supply, out of which 20% completed as on January 2018.

Water quality affected habitations: As on April 2017, there are 43 habitations with better water quality. 22 habitations having water quality problems will be provided with new Water Supply Schemes along with IRPs during 2017-18, out of which 64% completed as on January 2018.

Targets under sustainability component are as:
- Rejuvenation of traditions wells: 110 units
- Solar powered water treatment units: 4 units

Achievements under sustainability component are as:
- Rejuvenation of traditional wells: 38 units
- Solar powered water treatment units: 2 units.

Urban Water Supply:
Funded by various central government ministries such as Urban Development and DoNER under 90:10 (Central and State) funding pattern.

i) Augmentation of water supply to Kohima town: Involves pumping of water from Zarü stream to a reservoir at Kigwema village through 2 stages of pumping. The design capacity of the project is 3.80 million liters daily. The physical progress is 98%.

ii) Augmentation of water supply to Kohima town Phase-II: From the sources of Southern Angami villages, it has commenced from 2016-17 (under Negotiated Loan) and progress as on February 2018 in 58%.

iii) Augmentation of water supply to Zunheboto town Phase-II: (Under Negotiated Loan), commenced from 2016-17.

iv) Improvement of water distribution system at Dimapur town: State funded scheme for improvement of water...
supply distribution system in Dimapur town.

- **Urban sewerage and sanitation:**
  - Pollution Abatement of Rivers Dhansiri and Diphu at Dimapur is a sewerage project for Dimapur town. It aims at reducing the pollution levels of the 2 rivers of Dimapur through interventions such as: (a) Collection of liquid wastes by a network of sewers and imparting treatment processes rendering the water safe for human consumption and sustenance of aquatic lives, and (b) Provision of domestic sewer connections and environment of solid and liquid wastes.
  - Part (b) of the project is under consideration of the Ministry of Urban Development, Gol 37% of work pertaining to part (a) of the project has been completed.

- **Environment improvement & sustainable conservation of twin lakes in Mokokchung:** The scheme for conservation of twin lakes, namely Amok Lushi (under Chuchuyimlang village) and Yimdong Awantsung (under Mokokchung village) was sanctioned for Rs. 25.83 crore by the Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, Gol under the National Lake Conservation Plan. 55% of the works completed.

- **Projects funded by the Ministry of DoNER:**
  - **Water supply scheme for 24 villages of Chiephobozou RD Block (NLCPR):**
    The project is intended to provide drinking water supply to one of the most water scarce blocks in Nagaland. Physical progress as on February 2018 is 98% and completion has been re-scheduled to 2017-18.
  - **Augmentation of water supply to Wokha town (NLCPR):**
    The project includes diversion weirs, RCC circular disilting,
sedimentation tank, rapid sand filter, pumping units and water distribution system. 98% of the work completed and is scheduled for completion during 2017-18.

Providing water supply to New Peren District Headquarter (NLCPR): This project is under implementation to provide drinking water supply to the newly established Peren District Headquarter. Construction of water treatment plant and service reservoirs are in progress with 93% completion. The project is targeted for completion during 2017-18.

Providing water supply to Mon village and 4 surrounding villages, Lempong Sheangha, Phuktong, Tulmai and Leangnyu in Mon district: Was approved by the Ministry of DoNER in 2015-16 and 79% of works completed. The project is targeted for completion during 2018-19.

Providing water supply to Samzuiram village at Peren district (NLCPR): The project was sanctioned during 2017-18 and is yet to start.

Providing water supply by gravity to Aboi HQ and launching EAC HQ at Mon district: The project was sanctioned during 2017-18 and is yet to start.

Augmentation of water supply scheme through stream water sources in Japukong Range, Mokokchung district (NEC): Covers 5 villages of Japukong Range. The project was sanctioned during 2013-2014. Physical progress is 67%.

Providing water supply to Akuk Old village by pumping in Wokha district (NEC): 85% of works completed.

Communitization: Communitization Programme for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation System started in 2003 under the Communitization of Public Institutions and Services Act, 2002 (Act No. 2 of 2002) of Government of Nagaland. This policy is in line with the Sector Reforms Programme of the
Ministry of Drinking Water & Sanitation, GoI. Under the programme, all newly completed rural water supply schemes are handed over to the Water and Sanitation (WATSAN) Committees.

 APC A WATSAN Committee is the beneficiaries’ legal agency and are constituted by the village councils. 1215 or 79% of the total number habitations have so far been brought under the ambit of Communitization.

- **Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin):** Launched in October 2014 which replaces the erstwhile Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (Total Sanitation Campaign), this mission aims at improving the level of cleanliness in rural areas through solid and liquid waste management activities and making Gram Panchayat/Villages Open Defecation Free (ODF) villages. The department has declared 4 districts as ODF District viz. Kiphire, Longleng, Mokokchung and Zunheboto. 5 districts are targeted to achieve ODF Districts by end of March 2018, namely Dimapur, Kohima, Peren, Phek and Wokha.

- **Support activities under NRDWP:**
  i) **Information Education and Communication (IEC):** Some activities aimed at awareness creation are Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA), Inter Personal Communication (IPC), rallies and workshops that provide for greater involvement and participation of the beneficiaries of grassroots levels.

  ii) **Human Resource Development:** WSSO and District Water and Sanitation Missions (DWSMs) also conducted training on various subjects for different levels of stake holders for increasing capacity for effective implementation of various NRDWP and SBM (Gramin) schemes.

  iii) **Integrated Management Information System (IMIS):** The online submission and monitoring of physical & financial
progress reports, completion reports, updating information & data relating to water supply and sanitation and correspondence with the Ministry are performed by IMIS Section.

- **Water quality monitoring and surveillance under NRDWP:** The initiative includes steps for tackling water quality problems from 2 pronged approach - 20% of the annual NRDWP funds is earmarked for tackling water quality problems in the villages, and 3% for Water Quality Monitoring & Surveillance (WQMS) to ensure quality of water under which village level functionaries are trained on water quality aspects-sampling, testing and monitoring to ensure safe drinking water at all times.

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (MECHANICAL)**

- **Activities:**
  - Classroom training of mechanic by JCB Company experts at Dimapur.
  - Training of mechanics and electricians at Mechanical Workshop, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing at PR Hill Classic Island, Kohima.
  - Road leveling at Thahekhu-Ranghaphar, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing at Thahekhu-Ranghaphar, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing under Dimapur at night during low traffic.
  - Road repairing at Duncan Basti, Dimapur.
  - Road leveling at City Tower Junction, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing at City Tower Junction, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing near East Police Station, Dimapur.
  - Road repairing at Dimapur town.
  - Road repairing at Patkai Christain College, Dimapur.
All works of National Highways are carried out through the following authorities/agencies-

1. State Public Works Department
2. Border Roads Organization (BRO)
3. National Highway Authority of India (NHAI)
4. National Highways and Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited (NHIDCL)

Total length of National Highways within the state is 1546.88 KM.

The details of National Highways touching or crossing the state are:

- Road clearance at Patkai Showuba Road, Dimapur.
- Road repairing near Government Commerce College, Dimapur.
- Road repairing at Walford Colony, Dimapur.
- Road repairing at Burma Camp, Dimapur.
- Road maintenance work at Super Market Area, Dimapur.
- Road repairing at Tuensang town.
- Play ground maintenance at Wokha village.
- Landslide clearing at Wokha to Mokokchung road.
- Earth cutting at Konya village under Tuensang.
- Helipad repairing at Tuensang.
- Soiling at Chen, Mon.
- Ground leveling at Tuensang town.
- Earth cutting works at Longsa village, Wokha.
- Earth cutting at Mon town.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>National Highway No.</th>
<th>Total Length of NH Within Nagaland (In Km)</th>
<th>Road Under Nagaland PWD</th>
<th>Road Under Other Agencies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NH-02</td>
<td>270.50</td>
<td>245.60</td>
<td>24.90 Km under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NH-202</td>
<td>326.50</td>
<td>326.50</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NH-29</td>
<td>202.88</td>
<td>29.38</td>
<td>i) 124.70 Km under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ii) 48.80 Km under NHIDCL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NH-129</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NH-129A</td>
<td>71.00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>i) 8.00 Km under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ii) 63.00 under NHIDCL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NH-702</td>
<td>177.00</td>
<td>132,00.00</td>
<td>45.00 Km under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>NH-702A</td>
<td>260.00</td>
<td>260.00</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>NH-702B</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>104.00 under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>NH-702D</td>
<td>85.00</td>
<td>63.00</td>
<td>22.00 under BRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>NH-329A</td>
<td>30.00 (approx)</td>
<td>30.00 (Approx)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>NH-229</td>
<td>19.00</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1546.88</strong></td>
<td><strong>1106.48</strong></td>
<td><strong>140.40</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Works completed under NH(O):**
  - Repair & Rehabilitation of Doyang Bridge (NH-2) and Dhansiri Bridge (NH-29) under NH Division, Kohima.
  - Repair & Habilitation of existing 3 steel bridges on NH-202 from Km 177.00 to Km 326.00 under NH (O)

- **Ongoing works under NH(O):**
  - Re-construction of major bridges over river Doyang at Km 105.00
  - Construction of composite Bridge over river tsusangra at Km 219.500
  - Improvement of sharp curves on various locations and improvement of drainage within Kohima Town from 0.00 to Km 6.00 on NH-61 (New NH-2) under NH Division-1, Kohima
  - Strengthening and widening to 2 lanes with paved shoulder (Package I) of NH-61 (New-02) from Km 40.00 to Km 56.00
- Strengthening and widening to 2 lanes with paved shoulder (Package I) of NH-61 (New-02) from Km 56.00 to Km 72.00
- Improvement of city portion of Dimapur city (Package I) of NH-39 (New-29) from Km 106.90 to Km 124.20 in the state.
- Improvement of city portion of Kohima city (Package II) of NH-39 (New-29 & 02) from Km 177.60 to Km 187.60 in the state.
- Strengthening of existing pavement and providing paved shoulder on NH-02 (Km 125.00 to Km 135.00)
- Construction of 2 Lane with paved shoulder under EPC mode from Yisemyong to Unger (Km 168.00 to Km 185.00)

- **Under Annual Renewal programme:**
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH-202 from 177.00 Km to 190.00 Km (13 Km) in the state under NH Division, Kiphire.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH-202 from 230.000 Km to 231.000 Km and 248.00 Km to 252.000 Km (5.00Km) in the state under NH Division, Kiphire
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH-202 from 107.00 Km to 120.00 Km (13 Km) in the state under NH Division-III, Tuensang.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH-202 from 60.00 Km (6 Km) in the state under NH Division-III, Tuensang.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH702D from Km 30.00 to Km 50.00 under Mokokchung Division.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH702A from Km 40.00 to Km 53.00 under Mokokchung Division.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702 from Km 160.00 to Km 166.00 under NH Mon Division.
  - Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702 from Km 141.00 to Km 155.00 under NH Mon Division.
- Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 155 from Km 66.00 to Km 72.00 under NH Tuensang Division.
- Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702 from Km 166.00 to 177.00 under NH Mon Division.
- Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702A from Km 5.46 to Km 16.00 under NH Mokokchung Division.
- Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702D from 0.00 to Km 10.00 under Mokokchung Division.
- Improvement of Riding Quality (1ROP) of NH 702D from Km 50.00 to Km 63.00 under Mokokchung Division.

- **Assets:** 191 heavy vehicles and machinery equipment including MORTH machinery which includes Bulldozer, Wheel Loader, Excavator, Hot Mix Plant, Payeer Finisher, Road Roller, Truck, Tipper Truck, Mobile Van, Pothole Repairing Machine etc.

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**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (PLANNING AND DESIGN)**

- 11 Minister's Quarters at Kohima: Physical progress of construction is almost complete at New Capital Complex, Kohima and is being set to be commissioned.
- Residential Complex of Deputy Speaker at Kohima.
- Construction of sloping roof over the existing New Secretariat Complex at Kohima.
- **Construction of Nagaland Medical Lodge at NEIGRIHMS, Shillong:** Preliminary works of approach roads and security fencing have been almost completed.
- ARC Office and Staff Quarters for Nagaland House at Shillong.
- Construction of Multi-Level parking at New Secretariat Complex.
- Construction of Assistant Director of Food & Civil Supplies
Office Building at Kohima.

- Commerce department block for Yangli College at Longleng.
- Rain water Harvesting Pond for Assembly Secretariat Complex at New Capital Complex, Kohima.
- Construction of Standard Measurement Laboratories in Five districts.
- Construction of 4-storied Flat Type B Staff Quarter (4 Units per floor).
- Construction of Art and Culture Department’s Office Building-cum-museum at Kohima.
- Construction of Staff Quarters at Nagaland House, Kolkata.
- Construction of Barrier-Free Access for people with disabilities at New Secretariat Complex, Kohima.
- Construction Rostrum at New Secretariat Complex, Kohima.
- Construction of Multi Level Parking at PWD Complex, at Kohima.
- Construction of State Chaplin Quarter and NBCC Convention Centre Master Plan at Kohima.
- Construction of Forum Office Building for Legal Metrology & Consumer Department at 3 districts.
- Construction of Commercial Complex at PWD Complex, Dimapur.

**PWD (ROADS & BRIDGES)**

- The total length under the PWD (R&B):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particulars</th>
<th>Length in Km</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State Highways</td>
<td>1129.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major District Roads (MDR)</td>
<td>1751.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other District Roads (ODR)</td>
<td>3377.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Village Roads (VR)</td>
<td>4420.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban Roads</td>
<td>459.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Town Roads</td>
<td>941.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>12079.8</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Highlights of activities:**
  - **State earmarked works:**
    - **Maintenance of roads:** The State Plan earmarked amounting to Rs. 1500.00 lakh shall be allocated to 24 divisions as per the road length and conditions of the road for maintenance of various roads in the state.

- **Negotiated Loan: NABARD (Bridges):**
  - Ongoing projects are being taken up under the Negotiated loan from NABARD covering 64 Km.

- **Special Plan Assistance (SPA):**
  - Ongoing works carried over from 2014-15. The budget allocation for 2017-18 is nil.

- **State non-development works:**
  - Maintenance of roads given priority during the current year and accordingly, maintenance and repair works taken up extensively under the state non-development.

- **Centrally Sponsored Schemes:**
  - i) **Ministry of DoNER:**
    - a) **NEC works:**
      - No. of ongoing works (Roads) : 4 Nos.
      - Total length : 222.85 Km
      - Total sanctioned amount : Rs.26567.00 lakh
    - b) **NLCPR works:**
      - No. of ongoing works (Roads) : 13 Nos.
      - Total length : 272.30 km
      - Total sanctioned amount : Rs. 23633.60 lakh
  - ii) **Ministry of Road Transport & Highways (MoRTH):**
    - a) Central Road Fund (CRF) :
Roads : 9 Nos.
Sanctioned amount : Rs. 17128.38 lakh
Total length : 157.50 km
Bridges : 13 Nos.
Sanctioned amount : Rs. 25899.00 lakh
Total length : 899.51 m

b) Inter State Connectivity (ISC):
- ISC (Roads): 9 ongoing road projects taken up under State Connectivity covering 183.27 Km.
- ISC (Bridges): 5 projects taken up under EI (Roads) covering 42 m span.

Works under flagship programme:
- PMGSY/Bharat Nirman:
  - Since its inception during 2000-01, the GoI has sanctioned for new connectivity as well as upgradation works for 1975.9 Km.
  - 19 roads projects covering 263.70 Km. The works of Phase-IX is in progress.

Infrastructural achievement:
- Residential - 58,22,179.00 Sq. ft.
- Non-Residential - 32,34,157.00 Sq. ft.

Achievements:
1. Construction of Nagaland State Guest House at Plot No. 4, Sector-12, R. K. Puram, New Delhi: Total plot area is 0.528 acres (1952.76 sq. m), 4 Suites, 24 Guest Rooms, 3 Girls Dormitory, 1 Conference Hall, 2 Store Rooms, 3 Service Rooms, 1 Kitchen, 1 Dining Room and parking for 43 vehicles.
It was inaugurated on 25th November 2017.

2. **Construction of Chief Minister’s Residential Complex**
   Kohima: 4 main components - Main Residence, Office, State Banquet Hall and Guest House. Besides, there are 44 units of staff quarters and 7 services and supporting facilities. The project is nearing completion.

3. **Construction of 11 Ministers’ Quarter at Thizama:** Covers 23.58 acres. Architectural designs of the building was done by the architects of the NPWD (P&D) cell. Out of the 11 buildings, 4 quarters completed and is ready for occupation by the Ministers.

4. **Construction of PWD Office Complex at Dimapur:**
   Inaugurated on 12th December 2017. The PWD office complex is constructed to provide offices to Roads & Bridges Division & Sub-Divisional Office, Housing divisions & Sub-Divisional Office, National Highway Sub – Division and Mechanical Sub-Division.

5. **Construction of Information Technology and Communication Office Complex at Kohima:** This project is completed but is yet to be officially handed over to the department.

6. **Construction of PWD Office Complex at Mokokchung:**
   Physical progress is 90%. The purpose for construction is to centralize all the offices under NPWD, namely Additional C.E. PWD (R&B), S.E. PWD (R&B), E.E. PWD (R&B), E.E. PWD (W & H), E.E. (NH), E.E.PWD (Mechanical) and Senior Assistant Estate Officer. Expected to be completed very soon.

7. **Construction of Executive Engineer, PWD (R&B) Office, Tseminyu:** Provided for differently abled persons. It is completed.

8. **Construction of Office Complex for Division at Kohima:** To be used for housing various Divisional Offices of the Works
& Housing and National Highways departments. It is almost completed. Architectural designs and drawing are prepared by the Planning & Design Cell of the Nagaland Public Works Department.

9. Construction of New High Court Complex, Kohima (Main High Court Building, Civil Works)

10. Construction of Annexe Building-cum-Government Panel Advocate Chamber at High Court Kohima, Phase-I

11. Construction of Special Judge Court for Vigilance & Anti-Corruption Cell, Kohima at New Capital Complex, Phase-I.

12. Major repairing and renovation of Directorate of Printing and Stationary Building, Phase-I at Kohima.

13. Repair & renovation of Staff Quarters for Vigilance Departments (1 Block) at Kohima (Thizama, Phase-1)

14. Construction of Staff Quarters at Dwarka, New Delhi (Phase 2).

**RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

- 74 Rural Development Blocks in the state covering 1238 recognized villages with 2,43,265 households.

- Centrally Sponsored Schemes:

  - Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS):
    - To provide 100 days of guaranteed employment in a financial year to every household in the rural areas notified by Central Government and whose adult members, by application, are willing to do unskilled manual works. The unskilled wage for the FY 2017-18 is Rs. 177 per day per person.
    - Unemployment Allowance condition is also a part of the scheme. A person registered under the scheme and has
applied for employment but is not given employment within 15 days shall be entitled to receive unemployment allowances at the rate of ¼ of the daily wage for the first 30 days and thence ½ per day beyond that.

- **Status of Implementation of the scheme:** Till date, 4.32 lakh job cards issued with 7.21 lakh workers being registered. In the current year 2017-18, 188.56 lakh persons have been generated against the Approved Labour Budget target of 250.00 lakhs for the year.

All MGNREGA works are implemented through the respective VDBs in the state.

- **Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana-Gramin (PMAY-G):**

Earlier known as Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY) in view of the governments’ commitment to provide ‘Housing for All’ by 2022, IAY has been re-structured into (PMAAY-G) w.e.f. 1st April 2016.

It aims to provide a pucca house with basic amenities to all houseless households and households living in kutcha and dilapidated house by 2011. Immediate objective is to cover 1.00 crore households living in kutcha house/dilapidated houses in 3 years from 2016-17 to 2018-19 and ensure construction of quality houses, using local materials, designs and masons specially trained in quality workmanship.

The programme is implemented through the Village Development Boards (VDBs) by selection of beneficiaries done by the Gram Sabhas. Under convergence, the beneficiary can avail wage of 97 man days from MGNREGA for construction of house.

During 2017-18, 4237 house area to be constructed in the rural areas. During 2018-19, construction of 8500 rural houses in the state has been proposed.

- **National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM):**
Aims at reducing poverty through building grass root Community Institutions (Self Help Groups/Federations) by targeting to reach out to the poorest of the poor rural women, and enable them to come out of poverty.

Institutional Building and Capacity: The State Mission has mobilized 40970 rural households into women-run functional grassroots institutions of 4210 Self Help Groups (SHG) and their higher level institutions of 186 Village Level Organisations (VLO) and 12 Cluster/Block Level Organisations (CLF) has trained and engaged 656 community level cadres who are providing need based support and professional service to these institutions of poor.

Financial Inclusion: Successful in opening 3248 SHG savings bank accounts and 7441 individual accounts with 1701 Aadhaar seeded. One SHG awarded livelihood grant from NABARD under the category “Best Performing SHG” in the state.

Livelihoods and Convergence: Livelihood collectives initiated at Jakhama Block while social enterprise run by its community institution members set up at Dimapur by its VLO. 824 piggery units are jointly supported by NRLM and SRTT and 147 units is jointly supported by NRLM and MGREGA.

Other initiatives: 1430 rural youths trained under Rural Self Employment Training Institute (RSETI) 968 rural enterprises set up under Start-Up Village Enterprise Programme (SVEP).

Resource Centre: At the community level, there are 656 community cadres engaged in strengthening grassroots institutions.

Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (Spmrm) - National Rurban Mission (NRuM): Transforms rural areas to economically, socially and physically sustainable spaces.

Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY): The Members of both the Houses of the Parliament is to adopt 1 village from his/her constituency by the year 2016 and 2 more Model villages by 2019. It aims to achieve cent percent development which is to be encapsulated in the Village Development Plan. In Nagaland, so far, the MPs have adopted 4 Model Villages:

(i) MP Lok Sabha:
   a. Seluophe under Dimapur district during 2015-16
   b. Longwa under Mon district during 2016-17

(ii) MP Rajya Sabha:
   a. Iakishe under Dimapur district during 2015-16
   b. Bade under Dimapur district during 2016-17.

Grants-In-Aid to VDBs (GIA) State Sponsored Scheme:
   1238 VDBs in the State with 2,43,265 tax-paying households. Funds under this programme is allocated on the basis of number of tax-playing household @ Rs.1000/- for implementation of developmental activities.
   This is the only programme which ensures the participation of womenfolk in the activities of VDBs by earmarking of 25% of the fund allocated to the village. Another 20% of the fund is also earmarked for youth programme in all the villages.
   VDB Welfare Fund funds are deposited @ Rs.10,000/- for villages having 50 households and below and Rs. 200/- per household for villages having 51 households to mobilize resources for the VDBs to supplement their activity.

Matching Cash Grant (Fixed Deposit):
Introduced with a view to encourage the VDBs to raise its own village resources either through household contribution, donations or by implementation of projects through community participations and other innovative means.

Deposited in the VDB Fixed Deposit Account initially for a period of 5 years and the same is renewed on maturity. In order to encourage the VDBs not only to mobilize more funds, but also to provide an incentive, the State Government will provide an equivalent amount in the form of Matching Cash Grant to the VDBs. The maximum ceiling limit of Rs. 75,000/- fixed earlier has now been enhanced to Rs. 2.50 lakh for each VDB.

During 2017-18, MCG is proposed to be continued and an amount of Rs. 3000.00 lakh is proposed for providing matching grant to the VDBs which has not been provided for the last 6 years.

Promotion of micro-financing activities through VDBs: Nagaland has been selected for experimenting with a pilot scheme whereby the VDBs will take up the responsibility of obtaining loans from the banks and its disbursal beneficiaries and also for recovery of the same, for which initially, 25 VDBs selected were declared as Financial Intermediaries for the purpose. A Corpus Fund of Rs. 1.00 lakh was created through contributions of VDBs (40%) Government of India (20%), NABARD (20%) and Government of Nagaland (20%), which has now been revised as follows:

- NABARD - Rs. 1,00,000/-
- State Government - Rs 1,00,000/-
- VDB - Rs. 40,000/-

During 2017-18, Rs. 1000.00 lakh for performing VDBs is proposed under Special Financial Assistance to Local Bodies those areas not included in part IX & IXA of the constitution.
- **Upgradation and downgradation of schools:** The following schools were upgraded from
  - GHS to GHSS: (a) GHSS Purana Bazaar (b) GHSS Diphupar (c) GHSS Singrijian
  - GMS to GHS: (a) GHS Kiruphema (b) GHS Darogapathar (c) GHS Naharbari (d) GHS Diphupar B (e) GHS Nyenching (f) GHS Mhaikam (g) GHS Jalukie B (h) GHS Akuk.
  - GPS to GMS: (a) GMS T. Khel, Kohima village (b) GMS Ziezou.

  Following GHS were downgraded to GMS since the school result was nil in the HSLC Examination for the last 3 years - (a) GMS Sakshi (b) GMS Chingmei (c) GMS Phensunyu (d) GMS Panso (e) GMS Seyochung (f) GMS Bara Namsang and (g) GMS Noksen.

- **Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA):**
  - **Civil Work:** Out of the 168 new GHS building constructions approved by PAB till date, 125 completed and 18 are in progress. Out of the 58 strengthening of existing schools approved by PAB, 24 completed and another 32 are in progress.
  - **Organic Farming:** Implemented in 55 GHSs as part of life skill activity.
  - **Vocational Education (VE):** Implemented in 10 Government Higher Secondary Schools (GHSS) i.e. GHSS Kohima, GHSS Mokokchung, GHSS Dimapur, GHSS Kiphire, GHSS Phek, GHSS Wokha and GHSS Zunheboto, offering the courses of IT/ITes, Travel & Tourism, Retail and healthcare. GHSS Longleng village will start in 2018.
  - **Kala Utsav:** Conducted at the state and district level in the field of music, dance, theatre and visual arts.
  - **In-service training of Science and Mathematics**
  - **Remedial Teaching:** Remedial Teaching for students of Class
9 & 10 for Science and Math subjects covering all GHSs has started to bring the weak students at par with the average students.

- **Saakshar Bharat**: Launched in September 2011 in 4 districts namely Mon, Tuensang, Kiphire and Longleng where the literacy rate is below 50% as per 2011 National Census.

- **Achievements**: State Literacy Mission Authority (SLMA) has succeeded in making 1,20,487 literate (Male - 53370 and Female – 67117), out of a target of 1,14,307 illiterates approved by the GoI.

- **Upcoming programmes**:
  - To provide an alternative education programme equivalent to the formal education system through open learning using Distance Education Mode (DEM).
  - To provide learning continuum based on a graded curriculum ensuring quality of education for neo-literates, school dropouts and alternative schooling completers.

- **Communitization**: Means transferring the ownership and sharing responsibility of its management with the community. GHSS, Pfutsero took up the initiative to equip school computer laboratory with sufficient computers for the students and as such approached the neighbouring villages to contribute funds towards the project. The computer project, biometric and smart room was inaugurated on 21st September 2017.

- **Mid Day Meal**: Launched in August 1995. Introduced primarily to protect the nutritional as well as the educational rights of the school children. The MDMS is an entitlement of meals for students from Classes 1 to VIII of government schools and promises to provide each child one-third of the daily nutrient requirement in the form of cooked meal to combat food and nutritional deficiencies.
• **Scholarship Section:**

  ➢ **Pre-Matric Scholarship for Minority Students:** 100% centrally sponsored with Direct Benefits Transfer (DBT) payment mode from the Ministry of Education, Gol. Students belonging to minority from Classes 1 to 10 can avail the scholarship. For 2017-18, 29,997 has been forwarded.

  ➢ Pre-Matric Scholarship belonging to Scheduled Tribe students studying in class IX and X was disbursed to 10,714 students.

  ➢ **Children Education Assistance Fund (CEAF):** Sponsored scheme given to the merit students studying in government schools of the state. Disbursed to 1352 merit students.

  ➢ **Stipend for girl students at secondary stage:** This is a state sponsored stipend scheme for girls studying in Class IX and X in GHS and GHSS who are from economically weaker sections of the society. Disbursed to 1172 girl students.

  ➢ **Grant for children of police personnel killed in encounters while on duty:** An amount of Rs. 1 lakh earmarked every year for this purpose. The department spent a lump sum for the admission and school fees of these students till Class 10. Disbursed to 13 students.

  ➢ **Stipend to students studying at Government Hindi Institute, Dimapur:** From the allocated fund by the state government under scholarship every year.

• **Sarva Shiksha Abhiyian (SSA):**

  ➢ **Residential Hostel:** Approved by PAB for underprivileged children with the intake capacity of 50 children each. The 6 residential hostels approved are at Dimapur, Mokokchung, Peren, Phek, Wokha and Zunheboto.

  ➢ **Computer Aided Learning (CAL):** Modules are designed based on the SCERT school curriculum. Its main objective is to attract the school children, retain them in the schools and
to improve the quality of the education through animated multimedia based educational content.

Text Book Section:
- Free textbooks of both General and Modern Indian Language (MIL) for Classes A to VIII fully provided to all the students enrolled in the government schools in the state.
- MIL Text Book from Class I-V titled “The Naga Heritage Studies” is ready for distribution in the current academic year.

NIOS D.El.Ed Programme:
- Specifically designed package for the in-service untrained teachers working in primary/upper primary schools of different states.
- 2 year programme
- 62 study centres are selected throughout the state
- 5728 untrained teacher trainees are undergoing the D.El.Ed. programme.

Activities/Achievements:
- Science popularization: Different programmes organized by schools, colleges and NGOs at different parts of the state. Competition includes popular science lectures along with science seminars, exhibitions, quizzes, paintings, science fairs, debates, extempore speeches, etc.
- Research & Development sector: It sponsors a number of research projects which are ongoing and which may extend up to 3-4 years. Some of the research projects are as follows:
  - Impact of Water Conservation Practices on Pigeon Pea and their effect on Soil Arthropods - SASRD.
- Documentation of Phylogenetic Analysis of Banana (Musa Sp. L) of Nagaland - FAC.
- Tea Leaf Cutting Machine (TLCM) & Hydro Wingen & Bio Insecticide & Pesticide - Kohima Science College, Jotsoma.
- Documentation of Indigenous Medicinal Plants in Mokokchung district - APMC, Mokokchung.

Science & Technology for women: Emphasizes on personal health and hygienic living. It has come up with successful production of high quality, cost effective, hygienic and easily decomposable sanitary napkins and panty liners which are in high demand. This project is to create awareness among the women and girl groups on the use of safe sanitary napkins and self-cleanliness.

Students Science Programme: North Eastern Student’s Summer Training on Basic Sciences (NESST-BASE) at J.C. Bose Institute, Darjeeling campus & other students’ science exposure trips: The department initiated an important step towards teachers & students to participate in an intensive training programme on basic science conducted by Bose Institute at Darjeeling Campus for 2-3 weeks. The programme is on yearly basis where many teachers & students from the state are trained. It sponsors students from different schools and colleges in the state to visit important places in the country as science exposure trips which include Regional Science Research Laboratories, zoos, universities, etc.

Setting up science laboratories at rural schools: Programme to facilitate a timely hands on and practical purposes and inculcate a spirit of inquiry leading to discovery and understanding the basic principles of science and nature.

Setting up of a science park at Kohima: It targets to set up a park with the installation of innovative and exciting exhibits with the intent to advance the knowledge on science and
promoting technological and economic developments with a sufficient space having more than 5 acres.

**Nagaland Science Centre Dimapur:** Massive upgradation in the Nagaland Science Centre, Dimapur which is the only science museum in the state. It has a 3D theatre, an innovation hub along with a 50 seated Space & Astronomy Exposition Centre with other science galleries such as (i) Fun Science Gallery (ii) Our Senses Gallery (iii) Science Park. The Innovation Hub has 4 galleries with different activities such as:
- Discovery Hall
- Centre and Hall of Fame (Inventions & Innovations)
- Idea Laboratory has i) Break and remake, ii) Build from scraps. iii) Idea box.

**Climate Change/Global warming:** Department is conducting different activities to create better understanding of climate change & global warming and create awareness among students and teachers.

**Construction of space:** Astronomy Exposition Hall (Digital Planetarium) at Kohima: Negotiated Loan under HUDCO has funded for construction of a digital planetarium at Kohima and the work is in full swing. The main objective of the project is to set up a wide field of space and astronomy exposition and study for young and old. Sufficient space is available with more than 5 acres.

**NASTEC activities & achievement:** Under the department, Nagaland Science & Technology Council (NASTEC), an autonomous body functions with the support of DST, GoI, New Delhi for catalyzing and implementing various science & technology intervention projects as well as location specific research programmes for the state. Currently, the council is set up with scientific branches in the following working
areas, (a) Earth Sciences (B) Life Sciences (c) Engineering (d) Remote Sensing and Space Application Centre, (e) Analytical Chemistry. Some of the scientific facility units operating under NASTEC include:

- **Biotechnology Hub**: Set up in 2011. Objectives are (i) To facilitate and promote applications of biotechnology on indigenous bio-product of Nagaland by harnessing traditional knowledge and practices (ii) to develop human power in the field of research and innovative entrepreneurs in the field of biotechnology.

- **Patent Information Centre**: Set up in 2011. Objectives are to create awareness about IPRs especially patents in the state and enable patent searches using modern search software for the universities, industries, government and R&D institutions in the state and around. Activities are (i) One Geographical Indication (G.I) tag of the “Chakhesang Shawls” filed by the Chakhesang Women Welfare Society through PIC Nagaland has been granted, (ii) Setting up of Intellectual Property Cell (IPR) in 3 institutes.

- **Current projects under Remote Sensing & GIS Applications**:
  - **Sericulture**: For the present study, 5 districts selected, namely Kiphire, Mokokchung, Phek, Tuensang and Zunheboto. The assessment of suitability of land for sericulture involves matching the land qualities with the requirements of the silkworm’s food plants and silkworm rearing.
  - **Wasteland 3rd Cycle Monitoring Project**: The main goal of the study is to bring out the spatial changes of various wasteland categories during 2005-2006, 2008-2009 and 2015-2016 for the state on 1:50,000 scale.
  - **Land degradation 2nd Cycle Project**: Land degradation is needed for variety of purposes like planning reclamation programs, national land use planning, and bringing additional
areas into cultivation and also to improve the productivity levels in degraded lands. To map and monitor the land degradation on 1:50,000 scale for the whole country.

- **Land Use Land 3rd Cycle Monitoring**: The primary objective of the study is to monitor and analyze the land use change for the year 2005-2006 and update the land use changes for the year 2011-2012 and 2015-2016 using the previous data as the base layer. The mapping is being repeated after 5 years under the Natural Resources Census.

- **CHAMAN**: Project implemented by Mahalanobis National Crops Forecast Centre (MNCFC) using remote sensing technology for strategic development of horticulture sector and also to increase the farmers' income.

- **Integrated Watershed Monitoring Project (IWMP)**: Implemented by the Department of Land Resources in all states of the country to restore the ecological balance by harnessing, conserving and developing degraded natural resources such as soil, vegetative cover & water.

### SERICULTURE

- Eri Silk Worm has been practiced by farmers in some traditional areas like Mokokchung, Dimapur and Wokha. Muga silk is found only in the region of the North East India. Foothill areas of Nagaland is favorable for this culture. Mulberry garden of the department farm were established as demonstration for propagation of sericulture, however there was no infra-structure for seed grainages.

- **Activities under Centrally Sponsored Scheme:**

- **Integrated Eri Silk Development Project (IESDP) under NERTPS**: The project covers exclusively on Eri sector in Kohima during 2016-17 to 2018-19. The project proposed
to cover 1000 women beneficiaries through silkworm seed production, rearing, spinning, weaving, etc.

Activities proposed under the project:

i. Raising of Kissan Nursery and maintenance of plantation.

ii. Providing irrigation facilities & establishment of vermicompost sheds

iii. Establishment of seed production centers and supply of quality seeds to the farmers.

iv. Establishment of rearing house at farmers’ level for conduct of silkworm rearing.

v. Construction of cocoon storage centers.

vi. Providing spinning machine and certified looms for post cocoon activities.

vii. Establishment of Common Facility Centers.

viii. Providing training to extension personnel and stakeholders with exposure visit.

Intensive Bivoltine Sericulture Development Project (IBSDP): Mulberry in Nagaland is a project funded by Ministry of Textiles, Govt, under North Eastern Textiles Promotion Schemes (NER-TPS) with a project of 3 years (2015-16 to 2017-18) under implementation at Medziphema block and Dhansiripar block, Dimapur. The project is 100% women oriented programme. 150 acres of land were brought under mulberry cultivation covering 300 women farmers @0.5 acre per farmer. Various capacity building and skill up gradation trainings on women education programme, group discussions, organizing of workshop to the self help groups covering 400 women sericulturists, imparted and kits for teaching aids and health care provided at group level.

Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY): Implementing Development of Eri Seed Sector in Mokokchung and Dimapur district for production of eri disease free laying (dfls) with a production target of 1 lakh dfls per annum per grainage.

Objectives:
i. To establish 2 commercial eri seed grainages.

ii. To produce quality eri seed (disease free layings).

iii. To ensure timely supply of eri silkworm seed to rearers.

iv. To develop adopted eri seed rearers and establish linkages for assured supply of quality eri seed cocoons to the commercial eri seed grainage.

v. Upgrade required skills of eri seed cocoon producers with appropriate technology.

vi. To assure continuous supply/availability of eri cut cocoons and 17 MTs of spun yarn.

➢ Department is implementing Ericulture under the RKVY, Tribal Sub-Plan (TPS) in Longleng district for 20 farmers covering 20 acres of land under eri host plant cultivation and silkworm rearing.

- Farmers’ Development Project: it has formulated Farmers Development Project to be implemented in the state for years (2017-18 to 2019-20) funded under Negotiated Loan from NABARD with a project cost of Rs.559.00 lakh. Envisages to cover 300 acres host plant cultivation besides other major project component of silkworm rearing, raising of seedlings, Strengthening of Silkworm Seed Centers, establishment of Cocoon Bank and imparting skill up-gradation.

- Integrated Sericulture Development Project for Post Cocoon Sector In Mokokchung: Ministry of textile, Gol and Samvrudi Trust with Department of Sericulture is implementing the first of its kind project focusing primarily on the sustainable livelihood for tribal women of Nagaland. 400 women are identified based on their economical conditions, under Below Poverty Line. It is located at Sabangya and New Chungtia under Mokokchung district. Focus on creating post cocoon linkages from spinning, reeling, weaving till creating of finished silk products. This project is also christened as ‘Nukemer.’
- Programmes and schemes:
- Child Welfare Programme:
  - Integrated Child Development Services Scheme (ICDS):
    i. The beneficiaries are children in the age group of 0-6 years, pregnant women and lactating mothers.
    ii. 60 ICDS projects and 9 District ICDS Cells operating covering more than 3.50 lakh beneficiaries under 3980 Anganwadi Centres.
    iii. Package of services provided are supplementary nutrition, pre-school non-formal education, nutrition & health education, immunization, health check-up and referral services.

District wise ICDS Projects, ICDS Cells and Angawadi Centres:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No</th>
<th>District</th>
<th>No. of ICDS Cell</th>
<th>No. of ICDS Project</th>
<th>No. of AWC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Peren</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>3980</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Anganwadi Workers Training Centre (AWTC):
  - It also has a Mobile Training unit under the ICDS Training
programme attached to the Directorate of Social Welfare.
- Completed 104 Job Training Courses and 72 Refresher Courses for Anganwadi Workers and 17 Orientation Training for Anganwadi Helpers.
- 3640 AWWs were imparted Job Training Course, 2880 AWWs were imparted Refresher Training Course and 850 AWHs imparted Orientation Course.

➢ *Nagaland Bal Bhavan*: Set up at the Tribal Welfare Complex, Kohima in 2008; aims at enhancing creativity among children in the age group between 10 to 16 years.

➢ *Supplementary Nutrition Programme*: Funded jointly by the Central and State Government on 90:10 basis, various supplementary nutrition items such as micronutrient fortified Khichiri, Kheer and weaning food are distributed to around 3.50 lakh beneficiaries of children, pregnant women and lactating mothers in 3980 Anganwadi Centres under 60 ICDS projects located across the state.

➢ *Kishori Shakti Yojana (KSY)*:
- Implemented for the non-school going and school drop-out adolescent girls between the age group of 11 to 18 years is carried out in 8 districts which is not covered by SABLA programme.
- Aims at improving the nutritional and health status of the adolescent girls, promote self-development, awareness on sanitation, health, nutrition, family life and child care.

● *Schemes for Adolescent Girls (SAG)*:
➢ A scheme for Adolescent Girls from 11 years to 18 years of age, is being implemented in the state on experimental basis at 19 ICDS projects.
➢ Implemented as a pilot project under Kohima, Mon and Tuensang districts. As of 2017-2018, there are 19,456 beneficiaries.

● *Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)*:
➢ From 1st January 2017, the Maternity Benefit Programme was
implemented in all the districts of the state in accordance with the provision of the National Food Security Act, 2013. Renamed as PMMVY.

- Its objective is to improve the health and nutrition status of Pregnant Women and Lactating Mothers (PW&LM) and infants, also provide partial compensation for the wage loss in terms of cash incentives so that women can take adequate rest before and after delivery of the first living child.

- Under PMMVY, PW&LM shall receive a cash benefit of Rs.5000/- in 3 installments at the following stages as below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Installment</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Installment</td>
<td>Early Registration of Pregnancy</td>
<td>Rs. 1000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Installment</td>
<td>Received At Least 1 ANC (Can Be Claimed After 6 Months of Pregnancy)</td>
<td>Rs. 2000/-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Third Installment| i. Child Birth Is Registered  
                         ii. Child Has Received First Cycle of BCG, OPV/DPT and Hepatitis – B or its Equivalent/Substitute | Rs. 2000/- |

- **National Creche Scheme for the Children of Working Mothers:** Aims at providing quality day-care services, improve nutrition and health status of children, to promote holistic development of children from 6 months up to 6 years of age for children of working mothers in rural and urban areas. 144 functioning creches in all the districts. The schemes provide the following services:
  i. Daycare facilities including sleeping facilities.
ii. Early stimulation for children below 3 years and pre-school education for 3 to 6 years old children,
iii. Supplementary nutrition (to be locally sourced)
iv. Growth monitoring.
v. Health check-up and immunization.

• Welfare programme for senior citizens:
  ➢ National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP): Funded by the Ministry of Rural Development and Department of Social Welfare implements the following 3 schemes:
    (a) Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAPS):
      - Senior citizens whose age is 60-79 years are given a monthly pension of Rs. 200/- per month.
      - Senior Citizens whose age is 80 years and above are given a monthly pension of Rs. 500/- per month.
      - State Government also provides Rs.100/- per month to each beneficiary as state contribution towards the IGNOAPS.
    (b) Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme (IGNWPS): BPL widows of 40-59 years of age are provided with pension @ Rs.300/- p.m.
    (c) Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme (IGNDPS): BPL persons with severe multiple disabilities from 18-59 years of age are provided with pension @ Rs.300/- p.m.

• District-wise list of beneficiaries under NSAP:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Name of District</th>
<th>IGNOAPS (60-79 years)</th>
<th>IGNOAPS (80+years)</th>
<th>IGNWPS</th>
<th>IGNDPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kohima</td>
<td>6497</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>509</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>6807</td>
<td>639</td>
<td>475</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>5515</td>
<td>625</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>6167</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>465</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>5743</td>
<td>531</td>
<td>435</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>5490</td>
<td>517</td>
<td>412</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>5828</td>
<td>523</td>
<td>436</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>4378</td>
<td>834</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>1485</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(c) **National Family Benefit Scheme:** In the event of death of the primary bread earner of families living below the poverty line, the bereaved families are assisted with a onetime financial assistance of Rs. 20,000. **Eligibility:**

- The main breadwinner has to be a family member whose income constituted a major share of the family’s total earnings.
- The death of such a bread-earner should have occurred whilst she/he is above 18 years of age and below 60 years of age.
- A woman in the family who is a home maker, is also considered as a ‘bread-winner’ under this scheme.

- **State Welfare Programme for Persons with Disabilities:**
  - Disabled students from Class-A to VIII are provided with scholarship of Rs. 300/- per head per month. At present, benefit is extended to 208 students.
  - Financial assistance @ Rs.300/- p.m. is provided to the needy Persons with Disabilities. 2000 PwDs covered under this scheme and 1625 totally blind persons provided with financial assistance @ Rs.300/- p.m.

- **National E-Scholarship:**
  - National E-Scholarship portal for students with disability is implemented through the portal developed by the Department of Electronics & Information Technology
  - Under this scheme, Pre- Matric Scholarship, Post- Matric Scholarship and Merit Scholarship are given to PwD students belonging to SC, ST, OBC& minorities online.
  - 10 students granted Post Matric Scholarship and 2 students granted Pre Matric Scholarship from 2015 till 2017.

- **Tribal Welfare Programme:**
  - **Eklavya Model Residential School (EMRS):**
    - 3 residential schools for tribal students sanctioned by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs at Tuensang, Tizit and Diphupar set
up and functioning since 2007-08.
- The students are imparted education free of cost from Class-VI to XII.
- As on 2017, 530 students are enrolled in these schools.
- 100% maintenance cost of recurring and non-recurring of the schools in sponsored by Ministry of Tribal Affairs under the funds released as per Article 275(1) of the Constitution.
- **State Sponsored Grant-In-Aid Programme:**

  Grand-in-aid is provided to the deserving NGOs for rendering welfare services in various fields such as Care & Protection of Orphans and Destitute Children, Drug Abuse Prevention Programme, Welfare Programme for Senior Citizen and Persons with Disabilities.

- **Nagaland State Social Welfare Board:** Came into existence in 1958 with the mission to implement various programmes and assist the Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB) programmes for sustaining the growth and development of voluntary organizations working for women, children and weaker sections of our society and providing financial assistance for taking up various welfare programs in the State. **Programmes under the State Social Welfare Board:**

  A. **CSWB programmes:**

  - **Family Counseling Centre (FCC):** For the welfare of women and their family who needs counseling for any disorder or difference occurring between spouse and the children. One Stop Centre, Dimapur is converged with the FCC. 2 voluntary organizations were accorded sanctions for running FCC in Dimapur & Mokokchung.

  - **Voluntary Action Bureau (VAB):** To assist the Board in dealing with cases of atrocities and exploitation of women and children.

  B. **Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS):**

Agency of NMDFC was incorporated during 2009 with the aim to promote micro-finance support for women SHGs all over Nagaland. Assistance in terms of loan at lower interest rates is given to Women SHGs to expand their income generation activities.

- **Support to Training & Employment Programme for Women (STEP):** Aims to make a significant impact on women in traditional sectors by upgrading skill and providing skills that give employment to women and to provide competencies and skills that women to become self-employed/entrepreneurs. Intended to benefit women in the age group of 16 years and above.

- **Working Women Hostel with Day Care Centre (WWH):** NGOs receiving support for the scheme are Thito Welfare Society, Phek; Longlin Society, Tuli, Mokokchung; Sharon Welfare Society, Chumukedima; Porba Women Society, Phek; Chophy Society, Atoizu and Aquilito Society, Nuioland.

- **Ujjawalla:** A comprehensive scheme for Prevention of Trafficking and Rescue, Rehabilitation & Re-integration of victims of trafficking for commercial sexual exploitation. Existing Ujjawalla in Nagaland is located in Dimapur, at the School of Social Work.

- **SwadharGreh:** Aims to rehabilitate women in difficult circumstances through provision of shelter, food, clothing, counseling, trainings, clinical and legal. Only 1 SwadharGreh in Nagaland, being implemented throughout the NGO – Prodigal’s Home in Dimapur.

- **Childline 1098:** A national 24 hour toll free emergency outreach phone service for children in need of care and protection linking them to emergency and long term care and rehabilitation service. Extended to 2 districts i.e. Dimapur & Kohima. Prodigal’s Home is the collaboration organization CHILDLINE Dimapur, and Nagaland Voluntary Health Association is the collaborating organization of CHILDLINE.
Kohima.
- **State Resource Centre for Women (SRCW):** Set up in December 2012, it is the implementing agency of the National Mission for Empowerment of Women, an initiative of the Ministry of Women & Child Development, Govt to promote holistic development of women. **SRCW implements the following Centrally Sponsored Schemes:**
  i) **Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao (BBBP):** Launched in October 2015. Longleng district identified as one of the 100 gender critical districts across India under BBBP.
  ii) **Sakhi-One Centre (OSC):** Established in the premises of the District Hospital, Dimapur and the Directorate of Social Welfare, Kohima. The OSCs are integrated with the Women Helpline-181.
  iii) **Women Helpline – 181:** To provide 24X7 toll free, immediate and emergency response to women affected by violence through referral (linking them to the appropriate agency, viz., Police, Hospital/Ambulance, OSC, Legal services, etc.
  iv) **Mahila Shakti Kendra (MSK):** Under the umbrella scheme of Pradhan Mantri Mahila Shashaktikaran Yojana (PMMSY), it provide an interface for rural women to approach the government for availing their entitlements and for empowering them through awareness generation, training and capacity building.

C. **State Plan Programmes:**
- **Vocational Training:** Women/girls of 15 years and above are trained for 1 year in cutting & tailoring, beautician, embroidery, flower making and soft toy making with the collaborating NGO Entrepreneur Development Institute (EDITI), Kohima.
- **Nagaland Adolescent Girls Club (NAGC):** Launched in May 2008. Presently operating in 9 schools in Kohima, 1 school in Wokha and 2 schools in Jalukie.
- **Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS):** Key service
delivery structure under ICPS are:

I. The State Child Protection Society (SCPS) is the implementing agency of ICPS. It monitors and supervises all the programmes under the scheme.

II. The State Adoption Resource Agency (SARA) is the nodal agency in the state to coordinate, monitor and develop the adoption programme.

III. District Child Protection Units (DCPUs) are set up in all the 11 districts.

- Nagaland State Commissions for Persons With Disabilities:
  - Constituted in terms of the provisions of Section 61 & 62 of the Persons with Disabilities Act, 1995, approved by the State Cabinet Dated 01/11/12.
  - Population of PwDs in Nagaland according to 2011 census is 29,631.
  - State disability percentage is 1.5%.
  - National disability percentage is 2.21%.
  - Disability certificates issued as on Jan 2015 was 999 persons (3.37%)

- Nagaland State Commission for Women:
  - Constituted under the Nagaland Women Commission Act 2006 (Act No. 6 of 2006) and was formally inaugurated on 28th March 2007.
  - Activities:
    - Legal awareness programme on human trafficking: Sponsored by the National Commission for Women, New Delhi. 21 camps conducted in all the districts and 2898 registered participants.
    - Divorce and property settlement: 1 case
    - Complaint against forced divorce: 1 case
    - 16 days of activism on elimination of violence against women: The Nagaland State Commission for Women organizes various events in all tribal headquarters during observation of 16 Days of Activism Against Gender-based Violence on a theme set by International Organization (Centre for Women’s Global
Leadership). The theme for 2017 was “Together We Can End Gender Based Violence in Education”

- **Jail Visit:** Visited District Jail Dimapur and Kohima District Jail.
- **Nagaland State Commission for Protection of Child’s Rights:**
  - Constituted under Section 17 of the Commission for Protection of Child Right Act 2005 and established in 2013.
  - Its role is to protect, promote and defend child rights in the state.
  - The Commission is required to submit an annual report to the State Government as well as special report when an issue needs immediate attention.

**SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION**

- **Schemes under State Plan:**
  - **Soil Survey and Land Use Planning:** It involves multi-disciplinary and inter-related section viz. Soil Survey, Meteorology, Soil Testing, Cartography, Remote Sensing and Land Use Planning.
  - **Soil Survey:** Training programme on Soil Sample Collection and Analysis was conducted for JSCO and Field Assistants from 3 districts viz. Kohima, Phek & Mon.
  - **Meteorology:** Meteorological data from the 17 Meteorological Observatories used not only by the land user departments but by the media viz. Doordarshan and local news dailies.
  - **Remote Sensing:** Remote Sensing satellite data is multi-temporal, broad synoptic and compatible for digital manipulation and capable of generating multi-thematic maps for integrated planning and implementation.
  - **Nursery Development:** Nurseries in various districts and geographical location to cater the need of healthy planting materials to be planted in the departmental projects. It has concentrated in raising ornamental trees, horticultural crops and economic trees species, to take up a noble scheme for
road side plantation to improve road stability including preventing landslides. At present, 5 nurseries viz. central nursery at Seithekiema, Dimapur, nursery at directorate compound, district nursery at Wokha, district nursery at Chinmeleng, Tuensang, district nursery at Atoizu, Zunheboto, nursery at training centre, Sechü and 4 newly established nurseries at Kuchera and Chozuba, Phek district, district nursery at Tuli, Mokokchung, district nursery at Chui, Mon and district nursery at Kiphire.

Integrated Watershed Management Project (IWMP): 1 model project from each District and Training Centre Sechü (Zubza) area of 200 Ha identified on the basis of suitability survey and investigation. Development of 36 Ha under land shaping, 48 Ha under orchard development, cash crop and agro forestry, 12 units of vermi-compost and 12 SHGs.

Disaster Management: Procurement of emergency equipments and maintenance of existing equipments.

State Land Use Board (SLUB): Objective is to initiate healthy and scientific management of the state’s land resources (Planning and monitoring). Imparting awareness on land resources and generation of action plan based on ground truth data collected from the field.

Mechanized Land Development: 2 bulldozers and 2 excavators are under operational conditions.

Land Development (Additional): To control soil erosion, recharge ground water which will increase the soil fertility for sustainable crop production and land development.

Education & Research: Soil and Water Conservation Training Centre is located at Sechü (Zubza), offering 2 years training course to pre-service Soil Conservation Assistant (SCA). Till date, 20 batches completed.

Schemes under Earmarked Sector:
Integrated Land Development under Negotiated Loan (ILD):
- Objective is to moderate the land slope through different conservation engineering measures such as terracing, land development in rolling terrain, etc. according to slope percentage. Therefore, large scale land development, Water Harvesting Pond (WHP) and vermi-composting is imperative.
- Water management taken up as a to create infrastructure for increasing crop production and to stabilize the degradation under Rural Infrastructure Development Fund (RIDF), Negotiated Loan from NABARD taken up 716 Ha of land for permanent Bench Terracing Development, 48 Rain Water Harvesting Ponds for water management and 315 units of Vermi Composting for organic manure inputs in 62 projects involving 107 villages.

Anti Erosion works on River Duiwalgwa at Heningkunglwa: 50 Ha gap plantation, construction of 107 units of conservation engineering structures and 76 units of bio engineering measures to control the exploitation of the upper river catchment.

NEC Schemes:
- Development of WHP for Augmentation of Irrigation: Objective is to help the farmers of the region to adapt most effective rainwater harvesting technology by incurring at least 50% of financial assistance of their total investment. The department took up the project on Development of Water Harvesting Pond for Augmentation of Irrigation in Nagaland under NEC scheme on a pilot project basis covering Kohima and Phek districts consisting of 13 and 15 villages, respectively replicating Kikruma Technology of WHP known as Zabo.

Watershed Management for Sustainable Agriculture Production & Improved Livelihood: Prepared DPR on Watershed management for sustainable agriculture
production and improved livelihood with an objective to provide holistic land treatment programme to ensure alternative, multi disciplinary, subsidiary, eco friendly and adoptable innovative technology for sustainable agriculture production and improved livelihood.

 Establishment of State Spoil Testing Laboratory Building and Equipment in Kohima: Soil testing laboratory is required to be constructed, strengthened and upgraded with the state of the art infrastructures. It prepared DPR on Establishment of State Soil Testing Laboratory Buildings & Equipment at Kohima with the project duration of 2 years i.e. 2017-18 & 2018.

- Centrally Sponsored Schemes:

 Integrated Catchment Area Treatment (Flood Management Programme): 12 proposed projects on Mitigation of Flood and River Bank Erosion through Integrated Catchment Area Treatment, on a pilot project basis was sanctioned for 3 prioritized projects, namely Upper Sidzu in Kohima and Phek districts, Nanga-Mela Ghoki in Zunheboto district and Dzuma sub-watersheds in Dimapur district by the Ministry of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation under Flood Management Programme (AIBP).

 Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY) Scheme (CSS): Implementing flagship RKVY programme throughout the state with emphasis on conservation of natural resources for increase food production. Various conservation technologies are being executed such as bench terracing, WHP, vermin-composting, farm drainage, spur/embankment and reclamation of acidic soil to develop 384 Ha under land developments 120 units of WHP, 61 units of vermin-composting and reclaiming 213 Ha of acidic soil for productive cultivation.
Teachers' Training: The 2nd batch of the 2 year Diploma in Elementary Education (D.El.Ed) under SSA funding is underway in the SCERT and the 8 DIETs with 445 trainees. As per the revised guidelines of the 2 year D.El.Ed course, it is now mandatory to include ICT as a subject. Contact programme of the 3rd Batch 2 year D.El.Ed course for 61 trainees of Peren, Longleng and Kiphire districts conducted. The contact programme of the Special Group 2 year D.El.Ed from Dimapur and Kiphire districts comprising of 64 trainees conducted.

Science Exhibition and Literacy Activities for Students: The SCERT has been designated as the State Nodal Department for the INSPIRE Award scheme in the state. The scheme is open for all students of Classes 6-10 belonging to the state government schools, Sainik schools, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Kendriya Vidyalaya, private aided schools and other central schools.

Spelling Bee: The 6th Edition of the All Nagaland Spelling Bee Competition was organized by the Directorate in association with the Fountain Club Kohima. 41 students from 21 schools of Kohima, Dimapur and Phek districts participated in the competition. The competition is open to all students of classes 8-12 from the schools of Nagaland.

Nagaland Heritage Studies: Conceptualized to replace Alternative English in the schools is a joint venture between the SCERT and the Text Book branch of the Directorate of School Education is a subject area with properly structured curriculum adhering to the guidelines of the National Curriculum Framework, 2005 and will ensure that all Naga language textbooks have been developed in this area covering 18 languages. These textbooks are for Class 1 to 5 and will
be used from the academic session 2018 in all government and private schools. Preliminary work for development of NHS textbooks for Classes 6 to 8 has started. Textbooks for NHS launched on 6th February 2018.

- **State Institute of Educational Management and Training (SIEMAT):** An orientation programme on learning outcome for the ToTs of the EBRCs and the DIET faculty 193 ToTs and 16 DIET personnel were oriented.

- **Guidance and Counseling:** The SCERT will be introducing a 6 months diploma course which is a first of its kind in the country beginning April 2018. Under this programme, 2 teachers from every secondary school shall be trained after which they will function as counselors in their respective schools.

- **National Talent Search Examination (NTSE) and National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship (NNMS) Examination NMMS:** Students of Class 10 from both the private and the government schools are eligible for the NTSE examination which is conducted in 3 stages whereas for the NMMS examination, only the government school children of Class 8 are eligible. 25 students as per the state quota can sit for the second stage examination while 180 students can avail the NMMS scholarship provided the qualifying scores are obtained by the candidates. For 2018, 1268 students of both Government and private schools appeared the NTSE examination while 706 students of Government schools appeared for the NMMS.

- **National Achievement Survey (NAS):** (NAS) based on the learning outcome of the students for Classes 3, 5 & 8 conducted by the SCERT in association with the SSA.

- **Board of Elementary School Education (BESE):** Issues certificates to students completing the elementary level and assesses & monitors the performance of all students from Classes 1 to 8 through the process of Continuous
Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE). BESE is also responsible for the publication of the Annual Academic Calendar and notifications for free distribution to all the schools of the state.

- **National Population Education Project (NPEP):** A Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) implemented under the MHRD, GoI and the SCERT has been designated as the nodal agency for the project in the state. Activities carried out:
  - Development of training module on adolescence counseling skills.
  - Training of state and district level KRP.

- **New District Institute of Education & Training (DIE) and Block Institute of Teacher Education (BITE):** The Ministry of Human Resource Department (MHRD), GoI has approved and sanctioned the establishment of 3 new DlETs at Longleng, Kiphire and Peren including 8 new BITE at Sechü (Kohima), Longkhim (Tuensang) Chuchuyimlang (Mokokchung), Meluri (Phek) Bhandari (Wokha), Aboi (Mon), Akuluto (Zunheboto) and Medziphema (Dimapur).

- **State Board of Teacher Education (SBTE):** Aims to oversee the conduct of the Diploma Elementary Education (D.El.Ed) pre-service as well as in-service courses conducted by the SCERT and the DlETs.

- **Early Childhood Care Education (ECCE):** Programme that caters to 0-8 years of age. Some activities:
  - Conducted training in diploma in pre-school education for in service teachers.
  - Development minimum specifications for pre-schools.
  - Developed syllabus for 2 year Diploma in Preschool Education (DPSE).

- **English Language Teaching Institute (ELTI):** Introduced partnership with the English and Foreign Language University, Hyderabad and the Language Division of the Ministry of
Human Resource Development, GoI to provide quality training on the teaching of English especially for the secondary level teachers.

**STATE INSTITUTE OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SIRD)**

- **Training Achievement:** Conducted 45 outreach training programmes, seminars, workshops and 1641 persons trained.

- **Research Projects ongoing:**
  - The Impact of Rural Livelihood on MGNREGS programmes in Kohima, Dimapur and Phek.
  - Effective use of telecentres to bring government services to the rural communities.
  - Impact of communitization on rural women.
  - Technical quality & economic assessments under MGNREGA - with reference to Horticulture.
  - Awareness about work entitlement among workers under MGNREGA in Nagaland.

- **Infrastructure Development:** Through Negotiated Loan from HUDCO for construction of State Resource Centre-cum-Hostel for rural functionaries (Infrastructure for Rural Education Institution) at Naga United Village, Dimapur at total cost of Rs. 400.00 lakh.

- **Social Audit Unit (MGNREGA):** The State Government has designated STRoRD under SIRD to act as Social Audit Unit (SAU) under MGNREGA in the state.

- **State ToT on Enabling Digital Payment in Rural Nagaland under Cashless Transaction Programme:** Conducted w.e.f. 2nd to 3rd March 2017, where RD & SIRD officials were trained who will again train the District Resource Persons (DRPs) followed by DRPs to train Block Resource Persons (BRPs) and BRPs to train Village Panchayats.
• **Extension Training Centres (ETCS):**
  - **ETC, Tuensang:** 12 training programme schedule. However, due to financial constraints, only 8 programs could be implemented and so far, 343 participants benefited through these training.
  - **ETC, Phek:** 8 trainings conducted at ETC Phek and 293 participants took part.

• **Specific Innovative Programmes:** Setting up of rural museum is in progress which will depict the technologies of the Nagas and also benefit the trainees.

• **Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana (SAGY):** A rural development programme that aims to instill certain values in the villages and their people so that they get transformed into models for others.

**TECHNICAL EDUCATION**

• The State has 3 technical institutes offering 3 year engineering diploma programmes in civil, electrical and electronics, mechanical, automobile, computer science, electronics and communications, information technology modern office practice and an Advanced Diploma Programme in Apparel Production. Under the GoI Skill Development Programmes, 8 new Polytechnics already sanctioned. Academic session for newly established 3 Polytechnics viz. Government Polytechnic, Seithękiema, Dimapur, Government Polytechnic, Sedem, Tuensang and Government Polytechnic, Tsunazho, Phek will be starting from July 2018, and the rest of the Polytechnics like Wokha, Aboi, Peren, Longleng and Kiphire are expected to start the session from 2019-2020.

• **State Council for Technical Education (SCTE):** Looks after the Technical Education subject matter in the state. Responsible for monitoring and implementation of all academic related
activities of the Polytechnics. The Diploma Entrance Examination (DEE) is also being conducted for admission to various Polytechnics within the state.

- **Scholarship Schemes:**
  - **State Technical Scholarship (STS):**
    - Awarded by the State Government
    - Implemented through the website nagalandgov.in
    - The application process tentatively starts from June till November
  - **Minority Scholarship:**
    - The ceiling amount of Rs. 30,000/- year, provided if the tuition fee (inclusive of all fees except hostel fee) exceeds Rs. 30,000/- and the student is a hosteller. In case of day scholar, 25,000/- year.
    - Implemented through the website momacholarship.gov.in
    - The application process tentatively starts from April till September (Fresh) and December (Renewal).

- **Institute's activities:**
  - **Industrial Visits:**
    - Final Year students from all disciplines visited relevant industries.
    - Automobile Engineering Department visited Mahindra & Mahindra, Maruti Suzuki, Hyundai Service Stations at Dimapur.
    - Mechanical & Civil Engineering Department visited Doyang Hydro Power Plant at Wokha. Electronics & Electrical Engineering Department visited the Power Sub-station at Aolichen, Mokokchung.
  - **Industrial Training:** Final year students from all disciplines underwent industrial training for a period of 2 weeks. The intent of industrial training is to develop core competencies in the students through hands-on practice in their respective discipline organized in January 2018.
• Institute of Communication & Information Technology, Mokokchung:

▲ 2 day national level workshop on Android application development in collaboration with IIT Guwahati and Techtron Technologies, Mumbai was conducted, 60 students from various schools and colleges participated.

▲ Smart classroom was established and the tutorial room upgraded with i-podium and sound system under NEQIP 3rd phase.

▲ Workshop on “Internet Technology and Computer Hardware” organized for the students of Mayangnokcha Higher Secondary School, Mokokchung.

▲ New Computer Hardware & Repairing Lab established under NEQIP 3rd Phase scheme.

### TOURISM

• Tourist Accommodation: Promoting and encouraging the development of home stay and paying guests accommodations in most areas in Nagaland. Also promoting the concept of community based Rural Tourism through which local communities can derive benefits and facilitate participation.

• Human Resource Development:

▲ Actively conducted hands on skill training of Tourism Trade in 5 Government Higher Secondary Schools under the RMSA programme.

▲ The Nagaland Tourism Association (NTA) is the only nodal organisation in the state which monitors the travel programme of tourists.

▲ Training is being imparted in the state in collaboration with various institutes of Tourism and Travel Management of India, set by the Ministry of Tourism over the country.

▲ Refresher training courses on Tourism and Hospitality
is organized by the department at regular intervals in collaboration with India Tourism Development Corporation (ITDC)

- **Tourist Travel Circuits and Tourist Destinations:** Department has some completed as well as several ongoing infrastructural projects under North East Council, Shillong assisted projects as under.
  - Establishment of Enopen Tourist Resort at Khonoma, Kohima.
  - Development of Tourist Trekking and Base Comp, Mt. Saramati, Kiphire.
  - Eco-Tourism Destination at Sendenyu, Tseminyu.
  - The department, under Swadesh Darshan Scheme is 100% funded by Ministry of Tourism which includes the ongoing tourism infrastructural projects comprises of Swadesh Darshan Scheme under CSS.
  - The first phase for development of Tribal Circuit at Peren-Kohima-Wokha is under progress where 60% of the physical work progress is achieved. Whereas Phase-II i.e. development of Tribal Circuit at Mokokchung-Tuensang-Mon has also achieved 30% work progress.
  - Construction of Institute of Hotel management (IHM) at Dimapur with funding from HUDCO/Negotiated loan is nearing completion for functional.
  - Yatri Niwas, Kohima is dismantled and construction is under progress with funding from State Government.

- **Hornbill Festival:**
  - Collaborative celebration of all Naga tribes and various governmental departments, and concerned NGOs/Organization/Entrepreneurs at one venue and coined as the ‘Festival of Festivals.’
  - The 18th Edition of the Annual Hornbill Festival saw a marked increase in the number of tourists visiting the 10 day long
festival with a footfall of 2,23,214 visitors at the Nagaland Heritage Village which of course includes our local tourists.

- **Fairs and events:**
  - Participated in various promotional events/programmes organized by the Ministry of Tourism, Gol, Sixth International Tourism Mart (ITM), Guwahati, North-east Connectivity Summit at Kohima, World Travel Market, London, from 7th-9th November 2017.
  - Participated in the Capacity Building for Ecotourism Development in North East India organized by the Tata Energy and Research Institute (TERI) North Eastern Regional Centre, Guwahati from 24th – 27th October 2017.

- **Promotion and Publicity:** Updated version of tourism brochures for circulation and use in fairs and festivals for promoting Nagaland Tourism. Soft copy (USB drive and CD) of tourism brochures and promotional video on Nagaland Tourism are produced mainly for use at International fairs and events. The department maintains a user friendly website www.tourismnagaland.com or one can reach the department at the following addresses:

  Email : nagalandtourism2014@gmail.com
  Instagram : Nagaland tourism
  Facebook : nagalandt
  Twitter : @turnagaland

- **Privatisation and communisation of rural tourism assets:** Allotted several rural tourism assets to entrepreneurs and village tourism boards to run on a day to day basis and to maintain it as well. Leased out 46 buildings/assets which is fully functional and earning good revenue.

- **Identification of tourism potential:**
  - Ecotourism: Khonoma, Dzulekie, Dzukou, Mt. Saramati, Green Dikhu Project, Benreu, Sendenyu Bio-diversity Conservation
are some of the popular eco-tourism spots in Nagaland.

**Agrotourism:** Annual Apple Festival in Thanamir, Kiphire, Kiwi Farms in the Phek district, pineapple Plantation in Medziphema are some of the few examples that can be promoted under this genre. Dragon Fruit and other tropical fruit farms in the foothills can also come under this form of tourism.

**Adventure Tourism:** Potential spots for trekking in Nagaland are Dzukou Valley, Dzulekie, Mt. Japfu, Mt. Saramati, etc. Doyang and Tizu are ideal spots for river sports. Paragliding has been recently introduced in Pfutsero and Khezhakeno region of Phek district.

**Tribal and Cultural Tourism:** The department, with the support of the State Government has been organizing the Annual Hornbill festival to showcase Nagas multi-hued rich culture and tradition all in one platform.

**Wellness Tourism:** Located in one of the 25 hotspots regions of the world in terms of bio-diversity with forests covering an area of 13,318 Sq. Km. corresponding, to 80.33 percent of the states’ total geographical area, Nagaland possesses a vast variety of herbal and medicinal plants. This exotic feature creates a great potential for promotion of Wellness Tourism in Nagaland.

**Experiential Tourism:** Also known as “immersion travel” or “immersion experience,” it is a form of tourism in which people focus on experiencing a country, city or particular place by connecting to its history, people and culture by living. The implementation of such kind of tourism is done through Village Tourism Development Board (VTDB).
Registration: From 1st April 2017 to 31st January 2018, 30952 vehicles registered.

Driving License: 12024 Driving Licenses issued during February 2017 to 31st January 2018.

Enforcement: From 1st February 2017 to 31st January 2018, 1443 cases detected and Rs. 31,88,800/- realized as compounding fee.

Road Safety: Nagaland Road Safety Policy, 2017 formulated for pursuing safety on roads has been notified by the government effective from the 18th of January, 2018. The yearlong “Road Safety Awareness Campaign” was successfully conducted with workshops and seminars organized in all the 8 districts. The second phase of the campaign which aims at reducing road accidents and fatalities in the state shall involve the participation of citizens at the grassroots for maximum awareness.

The Inspection and Certification Centre (IC&C) funded by the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) at Chumukedima, Dimapur is under construction. The Centre shall inspect and certify all “in-use” commercial transport vehicles for safety and emission standards.

- **NAGALAND STATE TRANSPORT:**
  - Fleet strength: 196 Buses and 1 Breakdown Recovery Vehicle. 24 new buses procured.
  - Service Operations:
    - Operates 130 Scheduled Services covering 20,156 Km daily which include Inter-State Service connecting Imphal (Manipur) from Dimapur and Kohima.
    - Inter-state service from Itanagar-Dimapur by Arunachal Pradesh State Government is operating on alternate days, network of services connecting all the 11 District Headquarters providing access to the most interior areas/nook and corners
of the state where road connectivity exists.

- **Introduction of new services:** 2 new services introduced viz. Tizit-Nokyan and Zunheboto-Satoi. The Department shall introduce services on new routes during 2018-19.

- **Fare Structure:** Present fare structure:
  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>in paise per Km.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Semi Deluxe</td>
<td>120.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Super Deluxe</td>
<td>140.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minibus</td>
<td>140.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Free Travel Permit (Concession):** In a pursuit of government policy, Free Travel/Concession Permits issued to 56 physically handicapped persons.

- **Safety Measures:** The Department has prescribed a maximum speed limit of the buses at 30 Km for Hill and 60 Km for Plain Sectors respectively. Enforcement officials/personnel check the crews on duty to prevent reckless driving and other undesirable behavior by the crews on duty under the influence of alcohol or intoxication.

- **Enforcement Cell:**
  - Attached to the Directorate as well as to Divisional Office and stations,
  - Conducts routine and surprise checking from time to time to ensure that the passengers travel with valid tickets and wayside revenue earning are properly accounted for.
  - The enforcement personnel are authorized to take on-the-spot action on the passengers travelling without tickets by issuing Passenger Excess Fare Ticket (PEFT) and impose fine as the case may be, under the provision of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

- **CIVIL ENGINEERING WING:** Helipads at Tizit and Satoi were constructed and helipads at Zunheboto, Wokha and Phek shall be constructed during 2018-19.
CIVIL AVIATION & OPERATION OF STATE HELICOPTER SERVICE:

- Airstrip Survey for construction of airstrips for landing of small aircrafts at Mokokchung, Mon and Tuensang completed.
- Land acquisition for construction of Green Airfield at Ruzaphema, Dimapur is in process.
- The State Helicopter Service is operated on lease basis with Global Vectra Helicorp Ltd. For 2 years w.e.f. 02.01.2017 to January 2018, connecting all the major District Headquarters caters to inter-district travel of the common citizens including VVIPs, VIPs, Bank Remittances and Emergency Medical Evacuations.

Weekly Programme/Chart:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Monday</th>
<th>Tuesday</th>
<th>Wednesday</th>
<th>Thursday</th>
<th>Friday</th>
<th>Saturday</th>
<th>Sunday</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>Tuensang</td>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>Helicopter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
<td>Dimapur</td>
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<td>Dimapur</td>
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<td>Dimapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiphire</td>
<td>Zunheboto</td>
<td>Phek</td>
<td>Longleng</td>
<td>Wokha</td>
<td>Mokokchung</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimapur</td>
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<td>Dept: 1310 hrs</td>
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<td>Dept: 1310 hrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pungro</td>
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<td>Dimapur</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
# Fare Structure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl. No.</th>
<th>Sector Flying Time No. of PAX</th>
<th>Fare Per PAX ATG 25% AFTER 75% Subsidy</th>
<th>Fare Per PAX Without Subsidy</th>
<th>Chartering Charges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adult Infant(0-2 years @ 10%)</td>
<td>Adult Subsidy</td>
<td>Adult Without Subsidy</td>
<td>W ith Subsidy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3 4 5 6 7 8 9</td>
<td>14640</td>
<td>58620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dmr-Wka 25 10</td>
<td>610 61 2443</td>
<td>17080</td>
<td>68390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Wka-Dmr 25 10</td>
<td>610 61 2443</td>
<td>17080</td>
<td>68390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dmr-Phek 30 9</td>
<td>813 81 3257</td>
<td>17080</td>
<td>68390</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Phek-Dmr 30 9</td>
<td>813 81 3257</td>
<td>17080</td>
<td>68390</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Dmr-Zbto 35 7</td>
<td>1220 122 4885</td>
<td>19520</td>
<td>78160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Zbto-Dmr 35 7</td>
<td>1220 122 4885</td>
<td>19520</td>
<td>78160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Dmr-Mkg 40 10</td>
<td>976 98 3908</td>
<td>21960</td>
<td>87930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Mkg-Dmr 40 10</td>
<td>976 98 3908</td>
<td>21960</td>
<td>87930</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Dmr-Mon 60 13</td>
<td>1126 112 4509</td>
<td>31720</td>
<td>127010</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mon-Dmr 60 13</td>
<td>1126 112 4509</td>
<td>31720</td>
<td>127010</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Dmr-Tsg 45 10</td>
<td>1098 109 4397</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Tsg-Dmr 45 10</td>
<td>1098 109 4397</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Dmr-Kip 45 13</td>
<td>845 85 3382</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Kip-Dmr 45 13</td>
<td>845 85 3382</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Dmr-Longleng 45 11</td>
<td>998 99 3997</td>
<td>14400</td>
<td>97700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Long-Dmr 45 11</td>
<td>998 99 3997</td>
<td>14400</td>
<td>97700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Dmr-Pungro 45 10</td>
<td>1098 109 4397</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pungro-Dmr 45 10</td>
<td>1098 109 4397</td>
<td>24400</td>
<td>97700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NB:**

i) For chartering, at least 48 hrs requisition in advance be submitted to NST GM’s Office, Dimapur and additional 10 Minutes Flying Time is added for flying from Hangar to Apron & vice versa.

iii) The passenger carrying capacity for every sector will depend upon the load/weight of the passengers and maximum baggage of 5 Kg per passenger.

iv) Operation of the State Helicopter Service is subject to weather & technical conditions.
Staff Training & Drivers’ Training Institute, Virazouma, Dimapur: A Joint-venture with M/s. Tata Motors Ltd. Intake capacity of 400 trainees in a year, impart training to aspiring drivers ranging from 1 month for Light Motor Vehicle (LMV) and 3 months for Heavy Vehicle (HMV) course/duration at nominal fee as prescribed from time to time.

INLAND WATERWAYS TRANSPORT: Ministry of Road Transport, Highways & Shipping, Gol and Inland Waterways Authority of India (IWAI) through M/S Rites Ltd. has identified the under-mentioned rivers as having potentialities for Inland Water Transport in the state:

i) Tizu River from tri-confluence near Longmatra to Avangkhu of 42 Km (Approx) for Indo-Myanmar.

ii) Dhasiri River from Samjuran to Numaligarh via Dimapur of 110 Km (Approx) for Inter-state Waterways of Nagaland-Assam.

iii) Dikhu River from Yangnyu to Naginimora, Nagaland of about 52 Km for connection to Brahmaputra river in Assam via Sibsagar for Inter-state Waterways of Nagaland-Assam.

iv) Doyang River, 61 Km length of the river from bridge near Sisalmari, Assam for Inter-state Waterways of Nagaland-Assam.

RAILWAYS:

- Construction of Dimapur (Dhansiri)-Kohima (Zubza) new BG Line, 90.35 Km for rail link with the State Capital Kohima. Land acquisition and demarcation process in progress. Dhansiri Karbi Anglong 0 to 2.80 Km, Physical works started. Dimapur to Sukhovi-2.80 Km to 18.40 Km.

- Construction of Dimapur-Tizit, 257, 19 Km, Gol is yet to allocate fund for this project.

- Construction of new BG Amguri-NPPC Ltd/Tuli Town, Gol is yet to allocate fund for this project.

SECRETARIAT TRANSPORT SPECIAL POOL: Transport Special
Pool caters to the transport needs of the Chief Minister, Ministers including State Level functionaries having Cabinet status and Senior Officers in the Secretariat apart from all States Guests and visiting dignitaries to the state. Transport Special Pool has a fleet of 230 Light Motor Vehicles.

**URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

- **Atal Mission for Rejuvenation & Urban Transformation (AMRUT):**
  - Towards accessibility of urban services and infrastructure, the department is taking up projects such as Green spaces and parks; Storm water drainage; Water supply; Non-motorized urban transport and Sewerage and septage management.
  - The Mission was launched in June 2015 by erstwhile Ministry of MoUD for a period of 5 years. The Ministry has selected Kohima and Dimapur Cities under this Mission.
  - **Achievement:**
    - Childrens’ Park at New Reserve, Phesama, Kohima inaugurated for public use on 23rd June 2017.
    - Footpath at East Police Station, Dimapur completed and inaugurated for public use on 24th June 2017.
    - Children’s Park at Landmark Colony, Dimapur is completed for formal inauguration.
    - First phase Water Supply Project “Refurbishment of Water Distribution Tank” at Dimapur is under implementation.
    - Construction of Footpath in Dimapur is under implementation.
- **Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihood Mission (DAY-NULM):** Targeted towards poverty alleviation and susceptibility of the urban household by enabling them to access gainful self employment and skilled wage employment opportunities has been extended to all District Headquarters through the respective District Urban Development Agencies.
(DUDA).

- **Employment through Skill Training & Placement (EST & P):** Extensive skill trainings such as Computer courses, Driving, Artificial Flower Making, Carpentry, Tailoring, Beauty Culture, Cake Baking, Candle Making, etc. are being imparted. 6100 candidates are trained in different trades and provided placement to 1749 trained candidates while placement process for 3200 candidates are in the process.

- **Social Mobilization & Institution Development (SM&ID):** Implemented through the Self Help Groups. Activities such as Weaving, Agriculture, Floriculture, Poultry, Piggery, Mushroom cultivation, Pot making etc. promoting themselves communally, socially and economically. 250 SHGs given assistance.

- **Capacity Building & Training (CB&T):** Modules such as trainings, verifications and meetings imparted under the capacity building and training both at the state & district level.

- **Self Employment Programme (SEP):** Facilitated to both unemployed male and female in all the districts of the state “Bank loans” are made available for setting up of income generating projects/activities namely – garment shops, piggery unit, poultry farming, weaving etc. 75 units were allotted for individuals and 250 units

- **10% Lumpsum Provision for the Development of NER including Sikkim:** Formulated especially for development of the North Eastern states which are sanctioned through erstwhile Ministry of Urban Development (MoUD) and Ministry of Housing and Poverty Alleviation (MoHUPA). Projects under this scheme were selected on priority as per Priority List prepared from the proposals for projects in the 19 Statutory Towns of the state recommended by the elected members. Till date, 61 projects sanctioned under MoUD
and projects under MoHUPA which are being implemented through various departments, out of which 39 projects are completed while others are in progress.

- **Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM):** Launched on 2nd October 2014 to eradicate manual scavenging, effect behavioral scientific municipal solid waste management and overall improvement of the urban environment. 19 Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) are covered. Various components for the 5 Years Mission period (2014-2019) as below:
  - **Individual Household Toilets:**
    - Construction of new toilets: 15585 units
    - Conversion of single pit latrine to twin pit latrine: 29220 units
    - Conversion of insanitary toilets to sanitary toilets: 1848 units
    - Community toilets: 635 units
    - Public toilets: 438 units
  - **Solid Waste Management:** For all 19 ULBs.
  - **Implementation Status:**
    - Out of 16015 units IHHT sanctioned, 6892 units are completed. Most of the units are conversion of insanitary latrines to sanitary latrines.
    - Under Community Toilet component, out of 235 sanctioned units, 165 units are reported complete. Procurement of Solid Waste machineries/vehicles and allocation to 7 towns were made for Solid Waste disposals.
    - So far, no town/city could be declared as ODDF. Tuli town under Mokokchung has completed ODF certification at Ward level and shall be declared as ODF very soon. A target of declaring 5 towns as ODF in the near future.
    - Under Information, Education and Communication (IEC): Various activities taken up in the 19 Municipal and Town Councils. Under Swachh Survekshan the 2 AMRUT towns - Kohima and Dimapur participated in which Kohima was
ranked 208 and Dimapur at 277 respectively.

- **Asian Development Bank (ADB) Assisted and North Eastern Region Urban Development Programme (NERUDP) Products:** Implemented through a Special Purpose Vehicle called State Investment Programme Monitoring Implementation Unit (SIPMIU) of which Urban Development Department is the Nodal Department. Projects taken up for Kohima:
  - Tranche-1 and Tranche-2 Refurbishment of Kohima Water Supply
  - Solid Waste Management Facility for Kohima at Lerie.
  - Other projects under ADB Assisted
  - Other sub-projects under implementation include (i) Construction of 5 Community Toilet Blocks in Kohima and (ii) Construction of 7 Ground Level RCC Tanks in Kohima.

- **Gender Responsive Budget:**
  - Implemented various projects such as construction for Market Complex at Chumukedima town
  - Construction of Market at Medziphema town,
  - Construction of shopping complex for the unemployed and poor women at Tobu town
  - Market Complex at Chiephobozou to uplift womenfolk towards self sustenance.

- **Women Street Vendors:**
  - The NULM is a programme to address the following under street vendor components.
  - Survey and issue of Identify Card.
  - Preparation of city street vending plan, infrastructure improvement, training and skill development, financial inclusion, access to credit and linkage with social security schemes.

- **Development Authority Nagaland (DAN) State Plans & NUIS:**
  - DAN was constituted in 1976
Participated in various competitions through bidding in the contractual works Department (CPWD) in ICAR projects
Has been expanding its activities for contractual works in Meghalaya and Assam and has received a number of contract works from Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya (JNV) for building school projects in Nagaland.
The National Council of Science Museum (NCSM) has awarded the work for Construction of Innovation Hub at Science Centre, Dimapur to DAN.

- **National Urban Information System (NUIS):**
  - Aims at creation of database for all the urban centres in the country on a pilot project basis covering 2 townships - Dimapur and Mokokchung town.
  - The second phase of the project will cover the other 9 townships (district headquarters) of the state.
  - The NUIS Team from the department successfully carried out vetting of the 2 Town Maps at 1:10,000 scales and subsequently carried out vetting of the Municipal Area at 1:2000 scale in all the wards in consultations with representatives from all wards as well as the district administration for authentication and validation.

**WOMEN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT**

- **Major activities and programmes:**
  - **Transformative Livelihood Intervention (TLI) Project:**
    - **Survey, Monitoring & Supervision of SHGs:** The outcome of this survey is to aid the department in formulating a more effective strategy of SHGs based on past experience.
    - **Curcumin Extraction Programme:** Jalukie area, Peren district has the most favourable conditions for large-scale turmeric cultivation in the state. The first batch of turmeric plantation will be ready for harvesting by the early part of 2018.
Intercropping with the tree tomato is also being carried out as it provides shade and support to the other crop, particularly for turmeric, as it requires partial shading and support to the other crop, particularly for turmeric.

- **Mushroom Cultivation Programme:** Variety of mushroom productions including oyster and shitake mushrooms have commenced with technical support from the department. The spawn production centre, which was established earlier, is being upgraded.

- **Upgradation of Mini Fruit & Vegetable Processing Centre, Rusoma:** A mini processing centre was established at Rusoma village, Kohima to supplement the existing Myki Processing Centre at Meriema. Women from various societies and SHGs from the village have been trained to process fruits and vegetables and on management of the centre.

- **Initiation of Backyard Piggery Farming for Rural and Urban Poor Women:**
  
  ▶ **Rationale of the programme:** Aims at enhancing meat production, particularly pork, by setting up of 112 rural backyard piggeries which shall help in reducing the demand & supply gap of meat
  
  ▶ **Project design:** 112 women beneficiaries shortlisted from 4 villages and 2 urban poor areas.
  
  ▶ **Up-scaling of Livelihoods Enhancement through Development of Natural Resources (LEDNR) Programme:** Activities taken up are Pisciculture & Heliciculture in 20 tests plots of Poilwa village, Peren and Kholar bean cultivation in 100 test plots at Kiphire. Groundnut Cultivation Programme in Wokha and Natural Fiber Handicraft Programme in Punglwa village under Peren also being taken up during the year.

- **Apparels & Accessories Production Programme:** To continue with the erstwhile Textile & Weaving Promotion Programme,
the following activities are being carried out:

- Development of new Naga themed motifs and designs.
- Printing of cloth material sourced from the market using the new motifs & designs.
- Production of a variety of apparels and other accessories.
- Promotion and marketing of finished products.
- Maintenance of machineries and equipments.

Documentation on "Livelihood Patterns of Women in Nagaland": A study is being carried out to see the feasibility of organizing these women and establishing a proper vegetable marketing centre for them within the premises of Kohima.

Interest-free Loan Programmes for Women Entrepreneurs: Implementing 3 categories of interest-free loan programmes for women entrepreneurs:

- PWIEP targets upcoming innovative women entrepreneurs who want to start a new enterprise or in need of funds to further expand and develop their existing enterprises. An amount ranging from Rs. 2.50 lakh to Rs. 5.00 lakh is provided to each selected entrepreneur. So far, 74 women covered.

- WEDI programme primarily targets women entrepreneurs from the rural areas. An amount of Rs. 1.00 lakh per beneficiary is provided after the selection process has been completed by the District Women Development Programme Monitoring Committee (DWDPMC) repayment of loans by the beneficiaries is close to 100%.

- The MEDS programme targets the destitute women to enable them start a micro-enterprise. An amount ranging from Rs. 10,000/- to Rs. 30,000/- is provided to each beneficiary. Verification, selection and disbursement of the funds are carried out through the DWDPMC.

Financial Assistance to Destitute Women Programme:

- Provides financial assistance to destitute women who are
widowed, unmarried, or abandoned.
- An amount of Rs. 2400/- is provided to each beneficiary (at Rs. 200/- per month).
- The department is providing financial assistance to 3749 destitute women across the state.
- Verification, selection disbursement of funds is carried out through the DWDPMC.

➤ Training-cum-Production Centre, Kohima:
- Provides skill development programmes in the trades of Tailoring & Cutting, Weaving and Knitting training is provided by 27 full-time Instructors for a period of 10 months to school dropout girls.
- Training provided to 40 girls.
- Full seating capacity of 65 girls presently, training is being conducted in the first building of the department’s Multipurpose Training-cum-Marketing Complex at Bayavu, Kohima.

➤ Integrated Development-cum-Resource Centre (IDRC), Dimapur: The department entered into partnership with 3 women headed enterprises namely Preciousmelove, Quirky Crafts and Rolong’s Creations. Provides training in the trades of Soft-Doll Making, Paper Crafts, and Cutting & Tailoring.

➤ Grant-in-Aid to NGOs: Provides financial aid in the form of grants to NGOs working in the field of women empowerment.

YOUTH RESOURCES & SPORTS

➤ General section:
- Catch Them Young Tournament is conducted annually to promote and nurture the talented sports persons in various sports discipline under the age group U-14 years.
- Organized Indigenous Games like Peseum Petpu (Strength Challenge), Naga Go-Carting-Race (Sei Bagel), Touch and
Catch (Pipeei Be), Stilt Bamboo Walk Race game, Bamboo Seive (Zharu Ruthou).

- **Sports Section:**
  - 4 players, namely Vesuto Medo, Kesen Jwensinle, Menenu Tsukru and Puleno Neikha represented the Indian Team and won Gold Medal in the 2nd South Asian Cup 2017 held at Colombo, Sri Lanka.
  - Kilenmeren represented the Indian National Archery Team for International Archery Championship held at Chinese Taipei from 3rd - 6th July 2017.
  - In Sepaktakraw, Menenu Tsukri represented the Indian National Women Team at the 13th Internationaux De France De Sepaktakraw Championship held at Strassbourg, France from 13th - 16th July 2017 and won Silver Medal.
  - Veseyie Koso represented the Indian National Team at the 10th Nation Asian Games Sepaktakraw Championship 2017 from 27th November - 2nd December 2017 held at Palembang, Jakarta, Indonesia and won Silver Medal.
  - Keneisao Terhase won Silver Medal and Men Team won Bronze Medal at the 63rd National School Game 2017 Archery Championship held at Nadia, Gujarat from 1st - 5th December 2017.
  - Vesuto Medeo represented the Indian National Team at the 32nd King’s Cup Sepaktakraw World Championship, Bangkok, Thailand from 11th - 17th December 2017 and won Silver Medal.
  - In the 20th Sub-Junior National Sepaktakraw Championship held at Kurnool, Andhra Pradesh from 16th - 20th January 2018, the Boys Team won the Silver Medal.
  - The 28th Senior National Sepaktakraw Championship was held at Kozhikode, Kerala from 3rd - 7th February 2018 where both the Men and Women Team won Bronze Medal.
• **National Service Scheme (NSS):** Carried out various trainings and campaigns organized cleanliness drives, participated in Republic Day parades, etc. NSS volunteers also donated blood to save lives and carried out many social works.

• **Nagaland State Bharat Scouts & Guides:**
  - Nagaland Bharat Scout & Guides Governor's Award Ceremony 2017 was held at Raj Bhavan, Kohima on 16th September 2017 where 59 Guides and 20 Scouts received the award.
  - Nagaland State Bharat Scouts & Guides held the 40th State Council Meeting at State Headquarters on 26th September 2017 and the 50 year jubilee logo of Nagaland State Bharat Scouts & Guides was released.
  - 14th -16th December 2017: Golden Jubilee of Nagaland State Bharat Scouts & Guides was celebrated at State Training Centre, Nerhema, 21 Long Service Awards, 16 Medals of Merit and Thanks Badges were awarded to the Adult Leaders and District Awardees.
  - 3 Scout Masters attended the Pre-Assistant Leader Trainer Course at National Training Centre held from 13th - 17th December 2017.
  - Vidhya Bhavan Scouts & Guides represented the Nagaland State Bharat Scouts & Guides for National Integration Camp held at Jorhat from 17th - 23rd December 2017 and got 2nd position in Marriage of India and 3rd Position in State Exhibition.
  - 199 participants and staff from Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, N.F. Railway, Nagaland, Sikkim and Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan (Guwahati Region) attended the North East Regional Rashtrapati (President) Award Testing Camp held at State Training Camp, Nerhema, Kohima from 18th - 22nd January 2018.
  - 4 Rangers, 4 Rovers and 1 Adult Leader attended the National
Scouts/Guides /Rovers/Rangers meet at State Headquarters, Meghalaya State Bharat Scouts & Guides from 9th-13th January 2018.

- **National Cadets Corps (NCC):** NCC Group HQ, Kohima and its units in Nagaland under NER Directorate Shillong have 9880 NCC cadets enrolled covering 32 colleges and 107 schools both boys and girls in Senior and Junior Division/Wings.

  ➢ **Achievements:**
  - **Combine Annual Training Camp (CATC):** 8 Annual Training Camps conducted at Mokokchung, Dimapur, Kohima and Medziphema. 3400 NCC Cadet of all the 4 units participated in these camps for a duration of 10 days.
  - **National Integration Camps (NIC):** 150 NCC Cadets from various schools and colleges participated in the National Integration Camps held in various parts of the country.
  - **Special National Integration Camp (SNIC):** The state was given the opportunity of hosting a SNIC by participation of 29 States and Union territories from all parts of the country and approximately 600 cadets took part in this 12 days camp.
  - **Adventure and Mountaineering:** 6 Senior Division Cadets attended the training where the performance was outstanding and won 3 medals.
  - **Army Attachment Training:** 64 NCC Senior Division Boys took part in the Army Attachment Training at Zakhama.
  - **Associate NCC Officers (ANO) Training:** 70% NCC Training in institutions conducted by ANOs for NCC curriculum at Officers Training Academy at Gwalior and Kamptee (Nagpur) sent 12 ANOs for induction training and 7 ANOs for refresher training for a period of 1 to 3 months.

- **Engineering Wing:**

  ➢ **Completed Projects:**
  - Construction of Multi-purpose Indoor Stadium at Pfutsero,
Phek was completed in December 2017
- Construction of Indoor Stadium at Pherazou, T. Khel, Kohima was completed during 2017
- Construction of Indoor Stadium at Tsierakizou, L. Khel, Kohima was completed during 2017.

➢ New Projects:
- Construction of Dr. T. Ao Regional Football Academy at Dimapur is sanctioned under NEC.
- Construction of Outdoor Multi-utility Sports Complex at Impur Junction under Kubolong, Mokokchung sanctioned under NEC.
- Construction of Mini Stadium at Englan, Wokha sanctioned under NEC
- Construction of Academy of wrestling Akara at Dimapur sanctioned under NEC

• Music Task Force (MTF):
➢ Focuses on the core capacity building initiatives as an enabling empowering process for the stakeholders of the music industry in Nagaland.
➢ The Hornbill International Music Festival 2017 curated by the MTF, and outsourced to professional events team was hosted for the first time entirely in Dimapur from 1st - 10th December 2017 with a few featured programmes including the Hornbill Choir Competition 2017 in Kohima for a diverse music celebration.
➢ Only state in the country hosting an Office of the Music Task Force.